THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXX. NO. 25. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

FIRST EDITION

For later telegraphic and local news see Second Edition.

IN SCHOOL BOARD

Nine Census Enumerators Are Elected.

BOARD FAVORS PLAN FOR IDENTICAL EXAMINATIONS.

For Pupils Wishing to Enter College.

The regular meeting of the school committee was held last evening and considerable business was transacted.

The report of the last meeting was read and accepted.

Dr. Martin reported for the committee appointed to investigate the truant commissioners' department that the committee held three sessions and had not yet concluded its work. He asked for further time which was granted.

Dr. Martin also reported that the committee appointed to secure commissions for High school battalion officers had adopted a form of commission and the commissions will be presented at the annual field day.

Mr. Schoolcraft stated that the committee on music had purchased a piano for the training school. He also read a communication from Principal Coburn relative to excusing pupils of the High school from musical instruction, providing they offer suitable excuses. Another communication was received from Dr. Rix, musical instructor, asking that a small room in the High school be assigned to him in which to give the pupils musical instruction and also that a piano be placed in the room.

After much discussion the first communication was referred to the High school committee, and the second communication to the committee on music.

The request of Miss Lizzie F. Lamere, that her salary be paid her while she was out of school, because of an injury received by a fall in the school yard, was referred to the committee on accounts.

Supt. Whitcomb reported that the cost of placing flag-poles on all the schools will be $1232.

Leave of absence was granted to Miss Costello, Miss Talbot, Miss Lennon, Miss Frost, and Miss Howe.

Supt. Whitcomb and the chairman of the committee on school houses and hygiene were instructed to appear before the legislative committe on cities and favor the bill which will allow the city to exceed the debt limit by $200,000, the money to be used in erecting new school houses.

On motion of Mr. Everett, the chairman cast one ballot for the following candidates for census enumerators and they were declared elected: Fred L. Tilton, Thomas F. Maguire, W. O. Blake, W. F. Shaw, Andrew A. Gray, Edward Rigney, Charles Young, F. P. Coggeshall, and John Herrick.

Dr. Martin introduced the following resolution which was adopted:

"Whereas, the school committee of the [illegible]well has learned with pleasure [illegible]city in college admission exami[illegible]nd a wider range of electives in [illegible] requirements are being consid[illegible] the commission of colleges in New England.

Therefore be it resolved that this committee heartily endorses the plan of an association of colleges for the purpose of preparing and giving identical admission examinations and of any action tending to widen the range of electives in college admission requirements.

In accordance with the vote passed during the month the following cases of tardiness on the part of the teachers in the schools were reported: In Dr. Kelley's 9, Mr. Farley's 9, Mr. Thompson's 22, Mr. Schoolcraft's 5, Mr. Everett's 6, Dr. Martin's 7, Mr. Swapp's 21, Dr. Thomas' 16.

The only report which showed a clean record was that relating to the schools in charge of Mr. Mulligan.

The committee on teachers reported that having considered the question of the hour of holding teachers' meetings which was referred to them at the last meeting of the board they recommended that the schools be closed one hour earlier than usual on the afternoons of those days on which are held the meetings of teachers required by the rules of the board.

The report was accepted and the recommendation adopted.

Supt. Whitcomb read a lengthy paper referring to lack of uniformity in the admission requirements of different colleges and to the narrow range of electives in such requirements in all colleges.

Wanted.--A first-class carpet layer. Apply at once. O'Donnell & Gilbride.

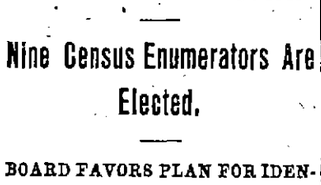
Another Bargain Sale.

Lawler, the stationer, at 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets, will start tomorrow a three days sale of genuine bargains in his stationery department. If you are in the need of anything in the way of writing paper and envelopes, don't miss this sale. You will find that a little money expended while the sale lasts will supply you with stationery for the best part of the year. Don't miss it. It will begin tomorrow morning and last three days.

Grand Display of Millinery.

Yesterday was the day assigned for the great display of Mrs. Gregoire's millinery and the ladies having the knowledge that this year's efforts were to surpass all her previous efforts, and such was the fact. Her beautiful parlors were thronged with ladies all day. Loud were the expressions of delight by the ladies. This firm seems to be able to decorate the store as well as their large show windows in a way that is strikingly original and grand. The laces, ribbons and other ornaments there would make a hat fit for a princess. We will not attempt to enter into a description of the grandeur of this Parisian millinery palace, but everybody is invited to attend today. The American orchestra is discoursing sweet music and will give a concert this evening.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker



Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.
324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
203 Central Street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the
Best Spring Tonic
Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

Our All-Wool Cheviot Suit, Double Seat and Knee, at $5, is the biggest value on earth. Come early as the lots are limited.

DURING EASTER WEEK
We Will Offer the
Greatest Bargains in Boys' Suits
Ever Seen in Lowell at the Prices,
$1.00 TO $5.00 A SUIT.
New Store, **O'HEARN & DOWD,** New Store
OLD POST OFFICE.

TODAY'S HEARING

Large Gathering of Taxpayers at City Hall.

COMMITTEE ON CITIES HEARS BOTH SIDES

On the Attempt to Down Majority Rule.

That the proposed legislation relative to our city charter is exciting interest among the people of our city was evidenced by the large attendance of prominent men at the hearing in city hall this morning.

When the committee arrived at city hall this morning there were present in the public hearing room only about a dozen parties besides the members of the committee.

Supt. Whitcomb was on hand to favor the bill to authorize the city to exceed its debt limit by $200,000, the money to be used in erecting school houses.

Chairman Poore of the republican city committee conversed with Rep. Putnam and handed the latter some clippings from local papers.

Senator Irwin, chairman of the committee called to order at 10 o'clock.

James J. Smith said that George F. Richardson, Esq., who represented the petitioners, is unable to be present, and he would ask that Mr. Richardson be allowed one half an hour next week to close the hearing. Chairman Irwin said the request would be granted.

Mr Smith then read the amendments which have been placed to the bill since the last hearing, and explained each one.

Chairman Poore of the republican city committee, appeared to represent that committee. "As the bill stood in the first place," he said, "we did not feel we could favor it. But we have had several conferences with the parties who introduced the bill and changes have been made which conform to our ideas and do not destroy the virtue of the bill. We do not regard the amendments we propose as of a partisan character. THE SUN yesterday intimated that we oppose any clause in the bill that looks toward real reform in municipal matters, and that we favor the amended bill because it affords some partisan advantage."

I wish to deny this because I do not want to have a wrong impression made on the minds of the committee.

Mr. Poore then branched off into an explanation of the tax rate in the city and incidentally remarked that he was opposed to exceeding the debt limit.

Mr. Poore said that the republican city committee at a meeting held last evening decided in favor of having the bill submitted to the people for their approval or disapproval. The committee does not consider this a partisan bill. He further stated that his committee is opposed to allowing the mayor to make any temporary appointments. The committee believes all nominations should be subject to confirmation of the council.

It has been said that should the mayor have the appointment of a purchasing agent, he could organize a political power that would enable him to continue in office. He does not believe in giving the mayor such great power as the original bill proposed. We do not believe in appointing city clerk, city treasurer, city auditor and like officers for life. We think a three year limit should be placed on these officials. "As I said before," he continued, "We do not think we have injured the virtue of the original bill."

Col. Chadwick asked Mr. Poore wherein the amended bill offers any improvement over the old method of electing officers and wherein deadlocks and such situations can be overcome.

Mr. Poore replied that he did not think under the new rule there is any greater liability to deadlock than of old. He said he could not answer Col. Chadwick's question any better.

J. L. Chalifoux, a member of the financial commission, was the next speaker.

(See Second Edition.)

MADE POOR SHOWING.

The Effect of Company M's Internal Troubles Plainly Shown at Its Inspection.

M company, Ninth Regiment, made a miserable showing at its inspection last evening.

Major Donovan and Regimental Adjt. Kelly were the inspecting officers and a fair sized audience, including many ladies, were disappointed at the exhibition.

Almost a full company was present. Some of the officers were rattled and assisted the company in making mistakes, and the showing was without doubt the poorest this once "crack" company ever made.

Col. Bogan and his fellow officers were silent when asked their opinion of the proceedings.

It is thought that this state of affairs will call for a state inspection by the inspector general, which may result in the dissolution of the company.

After the departure of the visiting officers, Capt. Mitten scored his company for the poor showing and declared that a certain portion of the company ought to get out if they do not improve.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Wonderland.

Two large and well pleased audiences witnessed the performances at the Wonderland Musee and theatre yesterday afternoon. In the Curio hall Betra exhibited her den of monster snakes including the only living anaconda on exhibition. Prof. Frank Aubin performed many and mystifying tricks in magic and palmistry. Arizona Jack and Queen Dona were well received in their feats of markmanship and Prof. Ordway's great illusion "Thauma" puzzled everyone.

Visited High School.

Principal Coburn of the High school had as visitors yesterday three French brothers from New York city where they teach a parochial school. They are visiting St. Joseph's college and appeared greatly pleased at what they saw.

Bicycles.

Henley, $100.
Stockton, $85.
Gales, $75.
Manhattan, $60.
Fine selection of high grade bicycles; all warranted. J. F. McElhorn, 55 Prescott street.

"Titus, or a Comrade of Christ," the great one thousand dollar story can be found at Lawler's book store. Price 5c.

A LABOR PROBLEM

Of the Utmost Importance Now Being Sifted.

BY CARROLL D. WRIGHT FOR LABOR DEPARTMENT.

To Compass The Injury of Intemperance to Labor.

The investigations of Carroll D. Wright on various questions have interested the entire world, but his present undertaking to arrive at definite conclusions on the liquor question as it affects the toilers will perhaps be the most important of his career.

It will be watched with intense interest and his findings will contain the most reliable information on this all-important problem.

The national department of labor, under the provisions of an act of congress, passed in March, 1895, is engaged in an investigation of the liquor problem in its economic aspects.

In accordance with the act, Carroll D. Wright, commissioner, has prepared a schedule of inquiries, fitted to secure such information in regard to excess in the use of intoxicating liquors among employes of large manufacturing, transporting, and other business corporations, as the managers of such establishments may be possessed of though long observation and experience.

These schedules have been sent with the understanding that in the published volume of the results of the investigation, no disclosure of the names will be made of persons, firms, corporations, or establishments furnishing information. Here are some of the questions asked in the schedules:

When employing new men do you usually or habitually take into consideration the question of whether or not they were addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors?

Are any considerable portion of your employes subject to night work?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors than others?

Are any considerable portion of your employes subject to frequent and considerable overwork?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor than others?

Are any considerable number of your employes habitually or frequently subject, during working hours, to exposure to severe weather?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor than others?

Do you have occupations or positions in which you require that the employes pursuing them (though you make no such requirement in others) shall not indulge in the use of intoxicating liquors? State whether the requirement is made when off duty as well as on, and why made at all.

If you have at any time made a reduction in daily hours of labor of your employes, have you noticed the lessening of the use of intoxicating liquor among them as a consequence?

Are your employes more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor immediately after the regular wage payment has been made than at other times? If so troubled, have you tried different modes or times of wage payment with hopes of lessening it?

Does the over-indulgence of intoxicating liquor by your employes on Sunday or holidays interfere with their usefulness as workmen on the days immediately following?

To the wide range of information given by answers to the questions, persons to whom the schedules are sent are asked to give any means employed for the lessening of excess in drinking, and also to suggest what means, in their opinion, better than now employed, can be taken by employers, communities, organizations, municipalities, or states, to lessen the consumption of intoxicating liquor among the people.

The one question which this investigation will be most likely to settle, relates most closely to the "moderate drinker," and the replies to Colonel Wright's queries ought definitely to determine whether a workman may drink in small relative amounts and still retain his efficiency.

To the masses of American toilers as well as to the manufacturers these questions are of great interest and their final answer as Mr. Wright will handle them, will deserve careful study.

SUCH A DISPLAY
LADIES' AND GENTS'
Bicycle Leggins
As will please and surprise you
THIS WEEK AT OUR STORE.
PRICES FROM 50c. $3.
NEWMARKETS
3-4 LEGGINS
AND ANKLETS.
Newmarkets.
The new leggins, buttons in front with strap under the shank of the boot. See them in our windows in Nevilles, Phila. Goat, light drab Corduroy, Black, Melton and Tan Velvet Ooze.
3-4 Leggings.
Jackets:—In Black, Tan and Blue, Slate and Brown. Canvas:—Black, Grey, Blue and Tan. Corduroy:—Black, Gold, Brown. Mottled and Dark Drab:—Grey Tweed, Linen, etc.
O'Sullivan Bros.
OPP. CITY HALL.

2 O'CLOCK

A POOR GENERAL

Weyler in Cuba Does Not Help Spain.

THE PATRIOTS CONFIDENT OF SCORING VICTORY.

Should Recognition of Belligerency be Made.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Elbert Rappleye, the Cuban war correspondent of The Mail and Express, who was recently expelled from Habana, arrived here yesterday on the steamship Yucatan. In an interview Mr. Rappleye said:

"In General Weyler's decree expelling me from the island I am called an enemy of Spain, the charge being based on letters published in The Mail and Express over my signature. Any person familiar with existing conditions in Cuba would know that the only enmity, if any, I've shown toward Spain has been in telling the truth without fear or prejudice.

"As an impartial observer sent to Cuba to study and inform myself and report the progress of events there, I unhesitatingly state that within three months the insurgents' cause would be triumphant if the United States government would grant the belligerency right and give the Cubans anything resembling a fighting opportunity.

"The Spanish are now on the defensive. Every battle fought in Cuba in the past 30 days has been invited by the rebels. They have more ammunition now than they ever had, and if they can maintain a source of supply there is not anything that can prevent them from winning.

Spain's Mistake.

"General Weyler has been Spain's greatest mistake in the war. His name and reputation carried an odium which attracted the attention of the world. The best evidence of his bad generalship is his complete failure to hold the insurgents' armies back after they had left the western provinces of Cuba.

"Maceo started his western campaign, which is now complete, with 15,000 men, one-third of whom had not a single arm to fight with. Those who had guns went into battles with one or two cartridges, and fought, knowing that unless they captured the enemy's ammunition they would have nothing to fight with the next day.

"They are coming back with the whole cargo from the steamer Bermuda, and General Weyler is withdrawing the Spanish defenses from at least one-half of the principal points of the island to bar their progress.

"This leaves Gomez with a larger army than Maceo, practically unrestricted to do as he pleases in three-quarters of Cuba, while the barrier which Weyler is attempting to place before Maceo is acknowledged by one of his own generals, with whom I talked just before my departure, to be but little stronger numerically than Maceo's army."

Valera's Buncombe.

MADRID, March 31.—El Liberal prints an article ascribed to Senor Valera, formerly Spanish minister at Washington, urging, in view of the attitude of the United States, which, he says, apparently aims at imposing on Spain a heavy and shameful yoke, that Spain should enter into an alliance with France, Great Britain and Holland respecting colonial affairs. He argues that these powers would willingly conclude treaties with Spain on the subject.

Under the Weyler Order.

HABANA, March 31.—The patriot leader, Enrique Aleman, a brother of the celebrated leader of the same name, was shot yesterday in the fortress of Cabanas. This is in accord with Weyler's policy of treating the insurgents as bandits.

A Discouraging Report.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 31.—The steamer Labrador arrived last night from the sealing grounds with a full cargo of 17,000 seals. She reports that the Neptune has taken 20,000, the Walrus 9000, the Kite 9000 and the Leopard 10,000 seals. There is little or no catch of fish among the remaining 10 steamers. The Windsor Lake was lost on Thursday, being crushed in an ice floe. The crew were saved and brought home by the Labrador. The Ranger was also nipped, but was kept afloat by constant pumping. The Hope had her main shaft broken and is sailing home. The Labrador's report covers the steamers' fares for the past week, and renders the prospect of a successful fishery almost hopeless.

Wife Shoulders All Blame.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—Frank and Mattie Angeller, husband and wife, were put on trial here yesterday, charged with the murder of Charles Parker, a traveling salesman from Massachusetts. The five little children of the accused were in court. The crime of which they are accused occurred on Jan. 11 in the little cigar store and poolroom kept by the couple. Parker had been in the habit of visiting the place frequently, and Angeller accused his wife of undue intimacy with the salesman. No one save the Angeliers witnessed the shooting of Parker, and the woman said she had done it in defense of her honor, and that her husband had no share in it.

The Raleigh's Good Work.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The official report on the speed trial of the Raleigh last week shows that the vessel made an average speed of 18.64 knots an hour for four hours, under unfavorable weather conditions, in a heavy, rolling sea, which rolled the ship from 10 to 15 degrees. The officers of the department profess entire satisfaction with the results of the trial of this navy-yard built boat.

Clyde Over Its Banks.

LYONS, N. Y., March 31.—The Clyde river is at its highest mark since 1865. Great damage is being done to the surrounding country. Communication, except by boats, is cut off with half a dozen streets.

Baltimore Strike Ended.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—The garment workers of this city, who have been out on strike for the past five weeks, declared the strike off last night and returned to work today.

SEVERAL PLANS SUGGESTED

FOR ENLARGING THE VARNUM GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Hearing Before Lands and Buildings Committee—Residents of Centralville Object to Destroying the Play Ground—One Petitioner Says a New School is Needed—Others Say Land on South Side is Cheaper Than On the North Side.

The lands and buildings committee last evening heard residents of Centralville suggest plans for enlarging the Varnum school. It is the unanimous opinion that an addition to the school is needed but the question is how shall it be made. The school committee suggested a plan and to it, opposition developed, till finally the committee decided the only graceful way out of the trouble was to hear all parties interested.

Prentiss Webster appeared for several petitioners who wished to be heard.

While opposing the annex toward Myrtle street, he was in favor of one on the north side, or toward Sixth street, to contain eight rooms and a hall. He suggested that $600 a year could be saved by locating the Bridge street kindergarten in the latter.

Joseph S. Brown and W. G. Howe also opposed the school committee's plan of enlarging the school, and the latter believed that a new school should be erected near the corner of Tenth and Methuen streets.

Wm. J. Lane favored a four room addition on the north side of the present building.

Henry H. Harris, master of the school, said that there were pupils enough to fill four rooms. The play ground is large enough now, but would not be if the addition was made within the present lines. The Lakeview school is so crowded that six teachers are required for four rooms. There are now 625 pupils accredited to the Varnum school, making it the second largest in the city. He would be satisfied with four rooms and a hall, but could not say that it would be sufficient a year from next September.

F. A. Taylor and A. F. Young both favored making the addition on the south side of the building. They did not want to see the playground destroyed and again they thought land on the south side could be purchased cheaper than on the north side.

TEWKSBURY FIRE PROTECTION

Correspondent Asks That Lowell Department Fight Fires in That Suburb.

A correspondent residing in Wigginville writes THE SUN as follows:

LOWELL, March 30, 1896.

Mr. Editor:—There has been another fire, making a total of six that has occurred within a few hundred feet of each other within the last nine months and in all cases the buildings first were either burned to the ground or almost entirely destroyed. All of them have broken out in the night or early morning.

On Saturday morning about three o'clock, the family of Mr. W. Riggs were awakened from their slumbers by some of their neighbors who discovered their house on fire. They were obliged to flee for their lives. The fire began in the barn and soon spread to the house which was completely gutted. One horse, two sleighs and a large amount of furniture besides the house, barn and sheds were destroyed. We are glad that Mr. Riggs had his place insured. It is strange that with the excellent fire company on Lawrence street, within such a short distance and the Concord river so near, that these fires cannot be extinguished before such damage is done. All of these fires have been in Tewksbury, close to the city line.

Perhaps the city of Lowell is not expected to fight fires outside of the city, but as arrangements have been made to have letters delivered, why not have the fire department come out here in case of fire?

Let the town pay the city a certain sum for the use of its fire department, for Tewksbury is a fast growing suburb and needs protection from fire.

The people of this district are keeping a sharp look-out with loaded guns and it is not safe for strangers to prowl about the town during the night. We think that if the city would fix a hydrant on the extreme city line on Billerica street and also an alarm box say at Wigginville depot, it would be a great benefit to this thriving suburb. They also need an electric light at the new bridge on Lawrence street.

Yours truly,
CORRESPONDENT.

The suggestion made above is a good one, and correspondent may have his wish gratified in the near future. Fire Marshal Stone has been seen and he is heartily in favor of the scheme, saying furthermore, that there should be at least one hydrant located there, as the place is thickly settled. Fire Marshal Stone believes that the town of Tewksbury should make arrangements with the proper authorities whereby a hydrant would be put in, a fire alarm located, and a portion of the department assigned to duty when needed in that suburb.—ED.

All the newest books, including a full line of devotional and religious books, can be found at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets.

Rich Red
Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure
Blood
And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt, Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made
Hood's Sarsaparilla
The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.
Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

WANTED.—A first class pants and vest maker. Apply to John J. Bunker, Broadway, Methuen, Mass.

CAN BE OVERCOME

Antis in Convention May Beat McKinley.

TOM REED HAS NUMEROUS ADMIRERS

Who Dispute Claims of Ohioan's Friends.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Another week opens with an intense interest in the presidential race. The New York Herald's estimate yesterday of the strength of the various candidates on the first ballot is generally regarded here as a fair statement of the case as it appears. Of course, the friends of various candidates are disappointed in turn, but it evidently is not inspired by a wish to boom any particular one.

According to it, McKinley will have 393 on the first ballot, Reed 152, Morton 60, Quay 63, Allison 38 and Cullom 36, with 163 doubtful. Unless some decided revulsion in sentiment takes place, this is about as good a showing as the anti-McKinleyites can hope for. Accordingly, their best plan is to work for the control of the organization, and by is the determination of contested delegations.

If the opponents of McKinley are in a clear and controllable majority, that they will unite on one of their number rather than go to the leader on the first ballot seems probably from the present temper of the friends of the other candidates.

Three hundred and seventy-six delegates to the St. Louis convention—about two-thirds of the full membership—have now been chosen, as shown in the following table:

Alabama	4	New York	62
Arkansas	16	Ohio	25
Florida	8	Pennsylvania	2?
Georgia	18	South Carolina	4
Illinois	14	South Dakota	8
Indiana	29	Texas	26
Iowa	23	West Virginia	8
Kansas	16	Wisconsin	24
Louisiana	16	New Mexico	6
Massachusetts	8	District of Columbia	2
Minnesota	18		
Mississippi	16	Total	376
Missouri	16		

McKinley Figures.

The largest estimate of Mr. McKinley's managers distribute these as follows (omitting eight doubtfuls, two from Pennsylvania and six from New Mexico):

For McKinley	204	For Allison	30
For Morton	60	For Quay	18
For Reed	40	For Cullom	10

The efforts of the managers of the other candidates are now directed solely to keeping the McKinley column down, so as to preclude the possibility of his nomination on the first ballot. With that event averted the situation in the convention will be very similar to that in the convention which nominated Governor Hayes of Ohio 20 years ago, when Blaine was the leading candidate, just as McKinley is today.

In pursuance of this purpose the friends of these various candidates are decrying McKinley, saying that McKinley managers are following the old Blaine tactics of claiming everything in sight, and that all uninstructed delegates are put down in the McKinley column, with or without warrant.

When the above estimate was shown to Representative Aldrich of Chicago, who is a strong friend of Speaker Reed, he said:

Aldrich's Estimate.

"A correct summary of the situation would give of the delegates elected to date 154 for McKinley and 177 against him, with 36 whose right to seats has yet to be passed upon. The claims of the McKinley managers include all of these 36, who could just as legitimately be counted in the Reed column as in that of the Ohio man.

"McKinley's managers claim all of the 26 delegates from Indiana, although it is a notorious fact that among these there are both Reed and Allison men, the bulk of the delegation being held in reserve for the benefit of ex-President Harrison, whose name, without doubt, will be presented at the St. Louis convention.

"The fact is that Reed has already 63 votes, with 72 more from New England yet to be heard from. That will give the speaker at once 124 votes, to say nothing of probable accretions from the southern and western states.

"The McKinley strength is about at the crest of the wave. By careful arrangement of the McKinley managers his conventions have been held ahead of those of the other candidates, and yet he is still behind the combined opposition. Most of New England is yet to be heard from."

In the Old Dominion.

RICHMOND, March 31.—The Republican county conventions in this state, so far as heard from, have been instructed in favor of McKinley's nomination. The indications are that McKinley has swept the state, and will secure nearly all, if not every delegate to the national convention from this state. The opposition to McKinley in Virginia has not amounted to anything more than to arouse bitter antagonisms between Chairman Lamb of the state committee and the McKinley leaders.

Silverites' Claims Were False.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—The Manufacturers' club of this city held a special meeting last night, at which strong resolutions were adopted opposing the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and denouncing as false and misleading the impression that has gone throughout the country that the club is favorable to free silver as a return for increased protection.

Not After Vice Presidency.

MERIDEN, Conn., March 31.—Judge Platt, son of United States Senator Platt, in an interview regarding his father's attitude toward serving a fourth term in the senate, stated emphatically that his father would be a candidate to succeed himself, but that he would not be a candidate for vice president, as had been hinted in certain quarters.

Drug Clerk Seriously Injured.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 31.—Albert Brownell, a clerk in Kelly's drug store at Central Falls, was at work upon a soda generator when the machine burst, throwing him several feet. One of his legs sustained a compound fracture, the other was lacerated, and he received a severe scalp wound and probably internal injuries.

Old Fire Horse Dropped Dead.

NASHUA, N. H., March 31.—While on the way to a fire yesterday, Dick, the oldest horse in the department, dropped dead, after 17 years of service in the department.

Even if you don't buy your clothes here, seeing our stock will settle the question of what is right and fashionable in men's and boys' wearing apparel.

There's every reason though, why those who wear good clothes should come here for them.

Only a slight difference in cost between this good clothing and the other kind, but what a difference in the "wear?"

Covert coats, Spring overcoats, Spring suits, the good kinds, $8.00 to $25.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

A NEW DEPARTURE

Lawrence Mf'g Co. Will Abandon Coarse Goods.

WILL MANUFACTURE NOTHING BUT HOSIERY.

Over One Half Its Business Discontinued.

Hereafter the Lawrence Manufacturing company will manufacture only hosiery. It has been decided no longer to manufacture coarse goods, which means, virtually, the discontinuance of half the company's business.

Speaking of the matter Treasurer Parker is reported to have said:

"We intend to stop cloth manufacturing at Lowell for good. At present half our product is hosiery and the balance is cloth. We intend to keep on manufacturing hosiery. Outside of hosiery, the Lawrence Manufacturing company has always been a manufacturer only of coarse cloths, its largest production being LL sheeting, weighing four yards to the pound. The southern mills have become very large makers of this weight of goods, and we see no hope with their low wages, of our being able to make it at a profit here. Instead of going there, as some corporations have, or spending a great deal of money here to fit up for fine goods, the directors of the company considered it best to return part of the capital to the stockholders, retaining at Lowell the hosiery business only."

MONEY DEPOSITED.

Money deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank at 30 Middlesex street and 11 Post Office avenue before 4 p. m. Friday, April 3rd, will draw interest at the rate of four per cent per annum from April 1st. Interest may be withdrawn or will be added to the principal on the first days of July and January. Bank open from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and on Saturdays from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m. WILLIAM F. HILLS, Cashier.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell Mass.

IF THE DOCTOR
says you should take a little stimulant why not get the best. That you will get if you trade at McPaddin's wine rooms opposite the post office. All the choicest brands of ales, wines and liquors.

ZENDA,
THE NEW IDEA OR IMPROVEMENT IN CORSETS.
The sale of this corset since it was introduced this year, is something marvelous.
Did it ever occur to you how important it was to wear a Perfect Fitting Corset?
It is the secret of perfect dressing; gives you a trim figure and stylish appearance.
The 'ZENDA' Will Do This For You
Made in ten different styles to fit all forms. Corsets fitted free of charge. Money refunded in every case if not satisfactory.
Price from $1 to $5.
BUTTRICK'S Pattern and Corset Parlors,
204-206 MERRIMACK STREET.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds: Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs. Edward Cogger & Co., 125 Church and 23 Concord streets.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
MIDDLESEX ss
Lowell, Mass., March 23, 1896.

Taken on a tax warrant issued by the City of Lowell and will be sold at public auction by Geo. F. Stiles, Deputy Sheriff, on Wednesday, April 1, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the stock and fixtures in hardware store of Callaghan and Sanborn, situated at Merrimack Square, cor. Bridge and Merrimack streets in said Lowell.

JOHN McMANUS,
Constable of Lowell and Deputy Collector of Taxes.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

LET THE PEOPLE DECIDE.

Today the democrats of this city have an opportunity to make known to the committee on cities the outrage inflicted upon them by last year's legislature in the Lowell redistricting bill.

That measure has practically disfranchised more than half the people of Lowell, so far as the school board, the common council and the overseers of the poor are concerned.

To call it a gerrymander of the worst kind, gives no idea of the outrageous injustice of this measure.

The people of Lowell, at least those who have been deprived of their rights by legislative enactment, have lost all confidence in the legislature.

They have had a practical illustration of what Wendell Phillips taught during his life and what John Boyle O'Reilly so beautifully expressed when he said that "The highest crime may be writ in the law of the land."

The redistricting act of last year will deprive the people of this city, outside the republican party, which means the majority, of a voice in the school board, the overseers of the poor, and the common council for the next ten years.

True, the democrats have a small representation in each of these bodies, but it is powerless to affect the action of the majority and so is likely to remain for the next decade.

The measure is a gross violation of the principle of local self-government; but while the people are yet smarting under its injustice, lo and behold the republican city committee again comes forward with a proposition to change the city charter so as to give them a still greater advantage, and a more firm grip on the city government for all future time.

The sketch of the new charter said to meet the approval of the republican city committee, if adopted, will be the culmination of legislative outrage in the permanent suppression of the people's rights. The propositions laid down would enable the republicans to install their officers in every department at city hall for three years; and would thereafter enable them to perpetuate their control of the city government despite the will of the majority.

The question then that confronts the people of Lowell today is whether in this nineteenth century, before the gaze of the whole world, the legislature of Massachusetts will destroy majority rule in the city of Lowell and ingraft upon the city charter an amendment in open violation of the principle of local self government?

Is there a man of decency on the committee on cities; is there a man in the whole legislature with courage enough to stand for justice—if there be, he will set his face boldly against this high handed outrage proposed for the city of Lowell.

If the charter is to be amended let all the propositions be put in proper form and submitted to the people at the next election. Let the people of Lowell decide, by a majority vote, what amendments they want and what amendments they don't want.

No man of justice or integrity will object to the will of the people, unless indeed, he be a man of such autocratic tendencies that he mistrusts the people.

When this state was established, nay, when the republic itself was established, it was on a basis of majority rule and self-government.

Is the city of Lowell to be deprived of these priceless prerogatives guaranteed by the constitution?

Did not the men of Lowell fight for liberty at their country's call; did they not shed their blood on the battlefield that they might enjoy the glorious boon of freedom and of self-government to the end of time?

If their country required their services once more the people of Lowell would today shed their blood, if necessary, on the battlefield in defence of the sacred cause of freedom.

But of late years the legislature which should be the chief defender of the people's rights, is filching those rights, little by little, until the time has arrived when the people must call a halt.

Therefore, we say to the committee on cities that presides at the hearing today: "Gentlemen, unless you are partisan cowards, unless you disgrace the glorious name of Massachusetts, you will not be a party to the rape of the people's rights in the city of Lowell; you will not be the pliant tools of the dark-lantern organization that at present runs the local republican machine to the exclusion of all fair-minded, decent and liberal men.

"But if you do you will prove yourself unworthy the high trust reposed in you and your names will go down in infamy to well earned obscurity, bearing the righteous execration of the citizens of Lowell.

New Bedford has been privileged to reissue its licenses of last year. If the mayor wants to discharge that body he has good reasons for so doing on the grounds of incompetency.

So Turkey has recalled her minister and gives every evidence of being real mad on account of the Armenian resolutions passed by congress. How sorry uncle Sam will feel!

EQUIVOCATION WON'T GO.

Juggling of Words on the Money Question Will Not Suffice.

Mr. McKinley has made a mistake. He is undoubtedly "the favorite" in the race for the Republican presidential nomination, but the race is not yet won, and still less is it decided what the result at the polls next November is to be.

The money question is one of the utmost consequence just now. The people at last understand it. They are divided into two bodies. One has presented as its ultimatum to political parties that they shall declare unequivocally for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without awaiting agreement with any other country. The other with equal insistence demands that they shall declare themselves unfalteringly opposed to this free silver policy.

The time has passed when either side is to be deceived or satisfied with any juggle of words, however ingenious. Yet Mr. McKinley has had his Ohio convention frame and adopt a resolution on this subject which means nothing except that he would like the support of men on both sides without pledging himself to anything on either side.

It is not likely that any such policy will meet acceptance either at St. Louis or in the election. Mr. McKinley is likely to be nominated because he stands for protection, but it will be upon a much more pronounced platform than that which he has framed or else his nomination will invite revolt and bolting.

The issue is simple enough. The people on both sides of this question are asking parties and candidates the categorical question, Are you or are you not in favor of free and unlimited silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 and without waiting for international agreement? No attempt to answer this question with equivocations is likely to satisfy the men on either side of the controversy. We have passed beyond that stage.—New York World.

NOT A STATESMAN.

McKinley Has Little Except His Tariff Views to Recommend Him.

Senator Cullom thinks McKinley is less qualified for the office of president than any other conspicuous candidate.

Possibly Senator Cullom's views may be somewhat colored by the fact that McKinley is making considerable inroads upon the Illinois delegation, but nevertheless there are many people who agree with the man who looks something like Lincoln.

The fact is that ex-Governor McKinley has never given any special evidence of statesmanship. The legislation for which he is chiefly noted—the McKinley bill—was repudiated by the American people with as much emphasis as any legislation of recent years. In fact, many prominent protectionists think the bill was bunglingly and injudiciously drawn up.

As governor of Ohio McKinley did not add to his reputation. In fact, many people of Ohio do not hesitate to say among themselves that in executive qualities their late governor showed himself deficient. He plainly did not make a great governor of Ohio.

No campaign of shouting at Columbus and fat frying later on can make a candidate really great. Major McKinley is an amiable and well intentioned man, but there is much presidential timber of sounder quality in his party than he.—Boston Globe.

The "Kitty" Keeper.

Hon. Mark Hanna, the royal "kitty" keeper of the McKinley boom, has managed to train down to one newspaper interview per day. The other booms might manage to make some headway if they only had a Hanna in stock.—Washington Post.

Debs In Georgia.

When Eugene Debs came into Georgia, he had the disadvantage of general prejudice to contend with. Newspapers had violently assailed him as little less than a heartless and brutal anarchist, actuated alone by a character of brute sympathy for his followers. The character of the Chicago riots was against him. He has delivered four lectures in Georgia, and three of the best newspaper critics in the state have ventured to analyze the man more distinctively than usually falls to the lot of public characters.

His critics have striven against applauding, and yet their estimates of the man and his integrity of purpose are such that might swell the heads of men who are pronounced the greatest of the age. Through the crucible of torture he has reached the magnificent splendor of a philanthropist. That he has made the impression that he has in Georgia, where stolid conservatism is a native element, is a remarkable performance. That he has been listened to without regard to caste and put every class of people to remarking the faultlessness of his views is something more.

Whatever his direct purpose, he has made but one mistake. He should deliver two addresses where he makes one.—Brunswick (Ga.) Times-Advertiser.

Praise For the Walking Delegate.

In a recent address Mr. Ernest Crosby, at the Social Reform club of New York, said: "Of course we always hear of the strikes, because they generally make such a loud noise, but many people falsely blame the 'walking delegate' for stirring up strikes, yet I assure you that it is not his duty to go about making the working people discontented, for he would have everything to lose by strikes. He must have the trust of the people, and his is therefore a most praiseworthy and justifiable profession."

How to Make Popcorn Pudding.

Pop some corn nicely, then roll it as fine as you can—a pint of the corn to a quart of sweet milk. Add a small piece of butter, a teaspoonful of salt. Beat 3 eggs with enough sugar to sweeten the milk; mix all together. Bake 20 minutes.

NOT WHAT WE SAY, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that tells the story of its merit and success. Remember HOOD'S Cures.

DR. KELLEY, SURGEON DENTIST

SUNBEAMS.

Governor of North Carolina—This whisky is so good, sah, that it's simply horrible.

Governor of South Carolina—Why horrible?

Governor of North Carolina—Why, sah, it's so good it makes one's mouth watah!—Truth.

A Society Note.

"Papa, if you don't buy me that diamond necklace you promised me, I'll run off with the coachman," said a New York girl to her father.

"Come to my arms, my dearest daughter! You are the joy of your father!"

"Then you are going to buy me the diamonds?"

"Oh, no! I want you to elope with the coachman. I owe him back wages for the last six months."—Texas Sifter.

A Sacrifice.

"Say," said the admiring magnate of trade, "that poster is all right. Man would know the minute he looks at it what it is meant to advertise." And he handed the artist a check of four figures and went his way.

The artist sighed. "So it is perfectly intelligible, is it?" he said unto himself. "Ah, well, better men than I have at times sacrificed art to their necessities."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Old Story to Him.

"My boy," said the passenger with the fur lined coat and the smooth shaven, square face, "it was the success of the season. There wasn't standing room."

The conductor smiled a sour smile. "Zif I didn't have the same experience every day," said he to the motorman.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No Danger.

Mr. Bacon—I'd be a little careful, dear, about going in crowds. They say there is a good deal of contagious disease about.

Mrs. Bacon—Don't worry, love. I'm only going shopping. You never heard of a woman getting anything shopping, did you?—Yonkers Statesman.

Resentful and Sensible.

Mrs. Finn—I think you do be lookin illigant, Dalia, dear.

Delia (just from a seminary)—You should not say "do be," mother. It is awfully Irish.

Mrs. Finn—And ain't I Irish?—Harlem Life.

The Wrong Name For It.

Fuddy (hesitating to put his umbrella in the rack)—Isn't there danger of somebody taking the wrong umbrella by mistake?

Duddy—Wrong umbrellas are never taken by mistake!—Boston Transcript.

Hobo Logic.

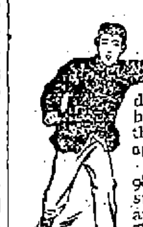
Hungry Higgins—Between you and I, I think these hobo jokes about our profession is almost worked to death.

Weary Watkins—Well, so long as it ain't us that's bein worked to death, what kick have we got?—Indianapolis Journal.

An Observer.

"But he is a law and order league man?"

"That's no recommendation. I have noticed that people who make themselves busy in attending to the morals of other people are apt to be rather careless about their own."—Boston Courier.



An important message often comes by telegraph, but the most important message that ever was delivered to mankind has been given to them through the newspapers. It is given again in this article.

It is the information that 98 per cent of all cases of consumption can be completely and permanently cured. There is no doubt about it. The statement is not made recklessly, but after the experience of thousands has made it an indisputable fact. Consumption is not a disease of the lungs. It is a disease of the blood, which in weak lunged people manifests itself by the formation of tubercles in the lungs and the wasting away of lung tissue. The cure for consumption is simple. It consists in the administration of a medicine that will assist the lungs in throwing off tuberculous matter, and that will cleanse the system so that this refuse matter will be replaced by strong, healthy tissues. That sounds like a very simple operation, and yet consumption baffled the combined medical skill of the whole world for hundreds of years. Consumption was considered incurable until the advent of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This great remedy is the most wonderful blood purifier and strengthener that the world has ever known. It is the result of years of study and experiment, by a scientific physician and has been tested in every way by him for over 30 years. It has an unbroken record of success. It cures a great variety of diseases, because almost all diseases have their origin and support in impurity and weakness of the blood. As long as a man's blood is rich and pure, he is in no danger from diseases. The blood is the medium through which food is carried from the digestive system to all of the tissues of the body. If it carries impure things, or an insufficient quantity of good things, trouble will ensue. There is nothing about that so very hard to understand. It is perfectly plain and natural and rational. The "Golden Medical Discovery" puts the digestive system in perfect order, purifies and enriches the blood and so puts the whole body into perfect tune.

This talk is continued in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This 1008 page book sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N. Y.

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent.)
Merchant Tailor
Fine Tailoring a Specialty.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER
THE GREAT
Family Medicine of the Age.
Taken Internally, It Cures
Diarrhoea, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.
Used Externally, It Cures
Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*
An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cinn. Nonpareil.*
We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*
A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*
Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*
It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*
It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*
Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

INDAPO THE GREAT HINDOO REMEDY PRODUCES THE ABOVE RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St., Cor. Middlesex St., & Goodale's Drug Store 79 Central St., LOWELL, MASS.

It doesn't look much like planting
SEEDS
Just now, but we want to call your attention to the fact that we have a FULL STOCK OF FINE SEEDS FOR YOUR GARDEN
Also, you can have a NEW CATALOGUE by calling on
BARTLETT & DOW
216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY,
Room 11, Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH,
Room 12, Shedd's Block.
Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE
OLD 64 CIGAR.
H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY,
137 Central St., Opp. American House.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY,
Mansur Block.
Counsellors-at-Law.
William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW,
49 John Street.
Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL,
HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER,
BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

Policeman: "Hello! You can't go to sleep here."

Convivial Party: "Can't I? Jush you watch me." (Falls into a profound slumber.)

BICYCLES.
Have You a Bicycle?
If not, do not delay but purchase one at once. For health, there is nothing like a bicycle. There is nothing like a spin on a wheel to make a man or woman feel like a new being. Do not wait until the summer is half past before thinking it over, but come now and examine our Temple wheels. There are no better ones made. Bicycling discounts horses, and nothing can be healthier than the exertion of propelling it. Everybody will wheel this summer, so come and be in the swim.

S. A. Byam
62 CENTRAL STREET.

French Academy.
Director, M. MICHEL,
Of Paris.
Private Lessons and Classes in
French Language, Elocution,
Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc.
FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL.
For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 81 Merrimack street.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass.,
Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
OFFICE:
22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.
Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS
With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet
First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year, piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.
No charge made for the use of meters.
No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.
Orders when left at office promptly attended to

BICYCLE FREE
To learn on when you buy one of me. And I have no fake which the Fenton, America, Sterling, Adlake, the wheel of "High Degree," and cheaper ones at your price. Renting and repairing, sundries of all kinds.
GEORGE H. BACHELDER,
23 Post Office Avenue.

C. B. Coburn & Co.
Paint, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Artists' Materials, Mill Supplies.
Selling Agents for Billings, King & Co.'s Pure Prepared Paints and Varnishes.
C. B. COBURN & CO.
61-67 Market Street.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—Trustworthy person to travel. Salary $780 and expenses. Reference. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Manager, Box P, Chicago.

WANTED—Good experienced women weavers. Good pay, steady work. Apply at Salt's Textile Mfg. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Athan Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

PATENTS—A. L. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent is obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms, Baldwin street; Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room, 780 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Near school and Branch street two story two-tenement house, always rented. This is a bargain. Terms to suit you. Price $1450. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars. "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two story two-tenement house in good location. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, nearly new cottage, 5000 feet of land on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Lew's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, a nice house, all modern improvements good barn and carriage. This is your chance to buy you a home. Price $3600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Misses Keefe and Stevens.
Formerly of Boston, fashionable dressmakers. Room 7, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets, Lowell, Mass. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—On Central street, a good boarding and lodging house, 21 rooms, lots of boarders. Price $500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Real Estate House
Of Wm. H. Emery.
Room 29 A, Hildreth Bldg., Old P.O.
House lots on the Emery Estate, 6000 feet from City Hall, near the head of the new Moody Street Bridge, $320 and up, on very easy terms. Call for Plans, etc.
BELVIDERE.—A Modern residence of 9 rooms, bath, laundry, furnace heat, 4000 sq. ft. of land; nicely graded and fenced, concrete walks, &c., will sell for about two-thirds its value.
A. J. RYAN, Agent.
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

Are You Satisfied
With your Carriage Repairs? We do
REPAIRING.
We please some people.
We might please you.
Why not give us a trial?
THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.
Worthen Street.
Work Called For and Delivered.

The Irritation
And Smarting of the skin caused by March winds can be instantly relieved by
El-A-Tol Soap.
Guaranteed absolutely pure and perfectly safe to use on the youngest child. There is no soap on the market for eczema, scrofula, sores, boils, or any eruption that compares with it. Price 15 cents a cake. Sold by all druggists.
ELLINGWOOD & CO.
APOTHECARIES,
Merrimack, Cor. Central St.
And 155 Central, cor. Middlesex St.

Date Cake.
1 Cup of Sugar.
1 Cup of Sour Milk.
1-4 Cup of Butter.
2 Cups of Flour.
1-2 Teaspoonful of Cloves.
1 Teaspoonful of Soda.
A little Nutmeg.
1-2 lb. of Dates, cut up fine.
New Dates only 5 cents per lb.
New Figs only 10c per lb.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Merchant.
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

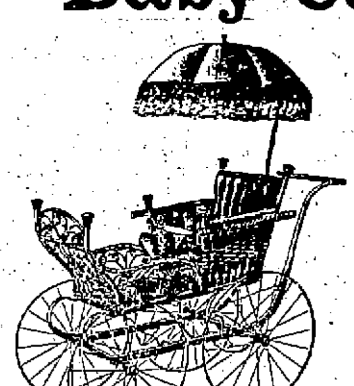
LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM,
182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

Waverley BICYCLES
Highest of High Grades.
Are the Most Popular in the World.
Evidenced by the fact that there were more of them sold in '95 than any other make. Be sure to see sample before purchasing your '96 wheel.
Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
JEANNOTTE & CO., Agents.

Bargains This Week
$12 112-piece Dinner Sets, slightly inperfect, $5.49.
$3 10-piece Toilet Sets, English and American ware, $1.89
$3.50 56-piece Tea Sets, English and American ware, $2.89
10c. 6-inch Decorated Stone China Plates, 5c. each.
15c. French China Decorated Plates, 9c. each.
10c. French China Decorated Creamers, 5c. each.
15c. French China Cups and Saucers, 9c each.
5c. Gold Band China Egg Cups, 3c. each.
4c. plain China Egg Cups, large size, 2c. each.
5c. Tumblers in five different patterns, 2 1-2c. each.
6c. Coblets, nice clean goods, 3c. each.
15c. Class Butter Dishes, large size, 7c. each.
Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co.
82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

DRUM MADE OIL CLOTH
IT IS THE BEST OIL CLOTH IN THE WORLD.
THE TEST.
Roll this Oil Cloth out on the floor, by the side of any other make and while Our Drum Made Oil Cloth Lies Perfectly Smooth and Flat, the other will contain more or less ful edges, waves and wrinkles, consequently a piece of the lowest priced Drum Made will out wear a higher grade goods of the other market. Weight, finish and design count for nothing if the oil cloth does not hug the floor.

PETER DAVEY,
Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,
134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer
TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2; STORE 314-2.

Baby Carriages

In reed, rattan and oak with either wire or wood wheels and upholstered in plush, silk, damask, corduroy, tapestry, cane and cretonne. This is finest line of carriages we ever had in stock and the prices are lower then ever before. New goods in every department. The latest spring patterns in
CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, AND MATTINGS
LINOLEUMS AND ART SQUARES
AND RUGS.
The new "Family Glenwood" range like its predecessors in the Glenwood line is a model of perfection in appearance and simplicity of its cooking arrangements.
When you need anything in the housefurnishing line, remember we have the goods you desire, and our prices are right every time.
COOKIN BRO'S, 66 Prescott Street.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?
If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.
MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop

MONEY SAVERS
1 LOT LADIES' KID BUTTON, regular $3 goods, slightly shop-worn, we will close them out at HALF PRICE— $1.50.
1 LOT MEN'S LACE SHOES, others ask $2 for this line of goods. BARGAIN PRICE $1.50.
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN. - - Prop.

FRANCIS W. QUA,
No. 3 Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00. J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors
To be Found in this city is at
E. FAULKNER'S,
Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a speciality of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

UNION TAILORS
The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS, at Rock Bottom prices.
F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges
Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at
Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street.

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.
Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.
43 CHURCH STREET.

THE X RAY SPECTACLES

EDISON INVENTS A PORTABLE MACHINE FOR SURGEONS.

By Putting the Fluoroscope Over His Eyes the Doctor Will Be Able to See the Fracture or Bullet Which He May Desire to Reach.

A few weeks ago Thomas A. Edison abandoned fluorescent photography, and since then he has devoted his time in his laboratory at West Orange, N. J., to searching for means of making X rays assist the naked eye in seeing through solid flesh. He experimented with 1,800 chemicals and minerals until he discovered that tungstate of calcium was the material for his purpose. He found that by covering paper with crystals of the chemical he was enabled to see through the arm and eight inches of solid wood and that it was also possible to see through three feet of cork all with the naked eye applied to a roughly constructed apparatus called by him a fluoroscope.

After discovering that tungstate of calcium served as a potential for the X rays the inventor continued to experiment with that chemical, and the other afternoon he stated that he had contrived a portable X ray apparatus. The new apparatus can be constructed for little money. Mr. Edison intends to show it at an electrical exhibition to be given in New York soon.

The new machine will permit hospital surgeons and physicians to examine an injured limb and to see the interior of the arm or leg while using their instruments in operation, so that no unnecessary cutting or probing will be done.

The new machine consists of a double tube vacuum pump attached to a wooden upright, the exhaust mercury pipe running into a small wooden box alongside the pump, in which the tube is placed. The electric current is furnished from an ordinary battery and induction coil under the box or in any other convenient place, and the wires leading up through the bottom of the box make it impossible that the surgeon or patient receive a shock. The surgeon would turn on the current and place the part of the body to be operated on across the top of the box with the tube belonging to the apparatus. The fluoroscope would then be fastened over the surgeon's eyes. When placed over the eyes, the fluoroscope looks like a large pair of spectacles without lenses. The outer end of the apparatus is covered with paper coated with the tungstate of calcium crystals. The thin board cover of the box offers no effective resistance to the passage of the rays, and it would be possible for the attending surgeon to make an examination of the injured part at leisure, to ascertain the exact spot of the injury, and to use his instruments with precision in removing a foreign substance or in setting a broken bone.

The tungstate of calcium is made for Mr. Edison by an Orange firm of chemists, and when he secures a new supply of the chemical he will continue work on the large screen or fluoroscope, with which he hopes to be able to see easily through all parts of the head or body. Thus far Mr. Edison has perfected his tubes and fluoroscope to such an extent that it is possible for him to see through the tissue of the arm, leg or shoulder and locate every bone clearly.

Whether Mr. Edison will make any money out of his fluoroscope or not is a question. Since he began experimenting with the Roentgen rays he has worked on an average 20 hours a day and has spent thousands of dollars.—New York Sun.

TELEPHONES TO LIGHTSHIPS.

Europe Will Profit by an Invention the United States Fails to Adopt.

The success of experiments conducted by the lighthouse board for establishing telephonic communication between lightships and the shore has attracted the attention of European governments which failed to solve the problem after years of trial, but which now propose to take prompt advantage of the achievements of American ingenuity. The treasury department upon application has already furnished copies of the report to several foreign ministers in Washington, and the system perfected at Sandy Hook will soon be in operation abroad, while, through lack of funds and the failure of congress to make appropriation for the purpose, the United States service is prevented from enjoying the benefits of its own enterprise.

The principal advantage of communication with lightships anchored at sea being that of reporting incoming steamers and other maritime news which is not within the province of the lighthouse board, that organization has naturally deferred to those whose interests are more directly involved to urge legislative action, and they have so far neglected the opportunity. The board has suggested the advisability of establishing a floating telephone station at sea off Fire Island, upon which it would embrace the opportunity to display a light as an aid to navigation, but the news gathering part of such an enterprise would necessarily be under other auspices than those of the board, which has hitherto hesitated to take the initiative in the matter, though warmly indorsing the project.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

'Cause the Comet Didn't Strike.

The earth is still a-rollin,
Still a-rollin on through space,
The stars are still a-winkin,
And the moon still hides its face;
Old Sol is still a shinin
So bright and cheerful like,
And we all are, oh, so happy,
'Cause the comet didn't strike.

The merchant still is tradin,
Still a-cheatin as of yore,
For he knows the time is comin
When he, too, must close the door,
And the preacher still is preachin
Sort of goody, goody like,
And we all are mighty thankful
That the comet didn't strike.

The teacher still is teachin,
And the scholars still are taught
The way to read an write an spell
An cultivate the thought,
And the workman still is workin
(If he isn't on the strike),
And the prophets all are busted
'Cause the comet didn't strike.

And Jonah still is livin
(If he isn't in the whale),
And Uncle Sam is still at home,
Still pulls the lion's tail.
The eagle screams and flutters,
The band plays "Irish Mike,"
And better times are comin
Since the comet didn't strike.

The clerk's still at the counter,
The farmer's on the farm,
And astronomers are thinkin
About the sin of false alarm.
And women still are talkin
With their bloomers an their bike,
And everything is merry
Since the comet didn't strike.
—Jud Parsons.

Defining His Contempt.

"Your honor," pleaded the attorney, who was charged with contempt of court, "it all depends upon whether I am charged with official contempt for this court or personal contempt for the judge. I must protest that I am not guilty of the first offense, but I would rather take a fine than plead to the other charge."

And then he felt that several old scores had been wiped out.—Chicago Post.

WANTED—RICH WIVES.

Two Anonymous "Noblemen" Make Known Their Wishes.

"Nobleman, prince, 30, oldest European aristocracy, very wealthy, seeks acquaintance (first through confidential correspondence) with equally wealthy, matrimonially inclined, congenial lady. Anonymous."

"Nobleman (baron, high connection), 29, desires acquaintance of lady of means; object matrimony. Baron."

The above advertisements appeared recently in the personal columns of a New York paper. Already 'is 'ighness the prince, whose address is given at a place on Broadway, has received some odd hundreds of special delivery letters. There was a constant stream of gray coated messenger boys tearing madly in and out of the number given all day the next day and far into the night. The prince, whoever he may be, has enough tender epistles to keep him in reading matter for a month.

Information as to the identity of 'is princelets was asked and was promptly refused. The baron, that other scion of nobility who fain would married be, was unkind enough to give no address; therefore a chance to even ask for his identity was denied the curious. There are several well known descendants of the peerage in New York now, however, who are out of a job. So it is possible that these advertisements were inserted by them.

As a matter of fact, there has been no prince of the blood to arrive in this country recently on a wife hunting expedition, though a conversation heard in a down town restaurant may throw some light on the identity of the mysterious "prince" and "baron."

"Sol, wot d' yer t'ink er dem French blokes wot shoves de beans down ter Tony's?" inquired one waiter of another. "Dem parley voo mugs, I means."

"Ah, dey make me teet' aik," was the response.

"Wot dey been doin?"

"Dey put some print in de pape terday, advertizin demselves as noble guys lookin fer wives, jest as dey said dey'd do. Holly chee, wot d' yer t'ink er dat?"

"Noble, me eye! Dey better keeper shovin beef if they wanter keep offen de island, dat's wot I tink."

It may be possible that this does not explain the advertisements, but it is given for what it is worth.

THE OLYMPIC GAMES.

Different Stories as to Their Origin Among the Greek Tribes.

Each tribe wished for itself the credit of having established the festival which drew to Olympia the strength, beauty and intelligence of all Greece. Some claimed that Zeus established the festival to commemorate his success in the contest with Cronus for the sovereignty of heaven, a myth which seems to point to a Pelasgic origin of the games.

The Achæans coveted the honor for their hero Atreus, and Strabo for the Etolians. More widely credited was the belief that the games were established by the Cretan Hercules, who in play challenged his brothers to run a race, and to crown the victor with a branch of wild olive. To the interest of the Dorians was the myth of Apollo outrunning Hermes and Ares.

But such myths do not necessarily imply a remote antiquity for the events to which they give a poetic coloring. It is more to the point that Homer describes several of the contests represented afterward in the great national games, and that some of them may even be found in Egyptian wall paintings of the second and third millennium before Christ.—"The Old Olympic Games," by Professor Allan Marquand, in Century.

FOOLED ON HORSE MEAT.

Kansas Farmer Gives His Neighbors a Practical Argument.

The people of Stockton, Kan., had a practical test of the use of horse meat as food. For many years John Wells, a prominent stockman of that section, has believed that horse meat is as good as beef.

Two months ago a young horse on his place was crippled for life. He fattened it and last week secretly called a butcher to slaughter and dress it for him. On Saturday he published that he would give away beef for Sunday dinner. Many called and were supplied with roasts and steaks until the carcass was all gone.

The generosity of the man was unexampled in that section and was the subject of comment from the pulpit on Sunday, and after his friends had eaten of his bounty many of them called at his house and thanked him for the excellent beef he had given them.

Then he told them that it was horse, not steer, they had eaten and in proof of his statement exhibited the head, the hide and the tail and hoofs of the animal he had slaughtered. He deceived even his own family and shared with them the horse roast which had adorned the Sunday dinner.

Fatal Faith In a Medicine Man.

A report comes from western Oklahoma that the various bands of the Pawnee Indian tribe are encamped on Black Bear creek and engaged in the wild dances and revels of the annual medicine making.

Crazy Horse, one of the medicine men, made a medicine which he declared to be a protection from bullets when applied to the body. His brother volunteered to pose as a target after rubbing the mixture upon his body. He fell dead at the first shot with a bullet through his heart. Crazy Horse barely escaped lynching, and, a council of chiefs being held, it was decided to dispossess him of all his property, including herds of horses and cattle.—St. Louis Republic.

St. Paul's Musical Sidewalk.

Any frosty day—morning, noon or night—when passing the southwest corner of Summit and Floral avenues, gently rub the sole of your shoe against the pavement leading from the curb to the sidewalk proper, and you will produce a vibration, musical and clear as the notes produced by rubbing the wetted finger over a wineglass rim.

I've tried it again and again and got the music every time, literally making music with my feet.—St. Paul Dispatch.

His Soft Snap.

The Prince of Monaco has granted an additional concession to the gambling establishment in his little sovereignty for 50 years, on condition that his annuity is increased to $400,000. As the profits of the business are about $2,000,000 a year the annuity looks cheap enough.—Boston Herald.

On Dangerous Ground.

Mr. Edison has succeeded in looking into the human heart perfectly with the naked eye, it is said. Mr. Edison may get himself disliked if he is not careful.—Chicago Tribune.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

DR. WALKER DENTIST Wyman's Exchange

FROM OUR 5 O'CLOCK EDITION Of Yesterday.

ARE ALL UNITED

Every New England District Favors Reed.

TWO CONVENTIONS INSTRUCT DELEGATES FOR THOMAS B.

Sixth Congressional Met Today.

SALEM, March 30.—The republican convention of the sixth congressional district took place in this city today. G. R. Jewett of Salem and Willard J. Hale of Newburyport were elected delegate to the St. Louis convention and Charles O. Berkley of Newbury and Charles D. Brown of Gloucester were the alternates chosen. The alternates were instructed to vote for Thomas B. Reed.

Reed In New Hampshire.

CONCORD, N. H., March 30.—The city is becoming full of delegates to tomorrow's republican convention to elect delegates to the St. Louis convention. Everything points to a harmonious convention with Reed's guests.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

In the Supreme court at Boston today the arguments in the case of J. L. Moore of the Globe Investment Co., were heard and the case taken under advisement.

Bank Examiner Timberlake of Portland, Me., has applied for a receiver in the state of Maine for the Granite State Provident association. The hearing will take place April 10.

The family of Mrs. Hiram Smith of Portland, Ore., have had numerous narrow escapes from the machinations of some person who is trying to poison them.

THE PARIS AGROUND.

Big American Liner Runs Ashore Near Where the New York Went Aground.

NEW YORK, March 30.—The pilot boat Jackson towed the steamship Massila into port today with the news that the American liner Paris had gone ashore near Quickstep buoy, at almost the same place where the New York was grounded recently. Tugs and lighters have gone to her assistance.

As she was reported aground before it is thought that this is the second time she has gone aground on her trip.

Garcia's Ship Arrived.

PUERTO CORTEZ, Honduras, March 30.—The steamer Bermuda from New York, which is supposed to have carried arms and filibusterers to Cuba, has arrived here.

Schooner Went Ashore.

VINEYARD HAVEN, March 30.—The schooner Belle Hardy went ashore on Long Shoals at 6.30 this morning. The crew were taken off in safety.

Crew Were Saved.

OCEAN CITY, N. J., March 30.—The schooner Edward Waite from Kirk's Island to Boston went ashore today. Crew saved.

Rain at Saratoga.

SARATOGA, March 30.—A big rain storm is in progress, threatening a flood.

Fire Bug In Nashua.

NASHUA, N. H., March 30.—The trial of Alonzo Wells the self confessed fire bug, has been continued pending the examination as to his sanity.

REV. FR. JOYCE, O. M. I.

Presents Valuable Books to the Y. M. C. I.

The members of the Y. M. C. I., received communion in a body at the Immaculate Conception church yesterday. Afterwards they all breakfasted together in the school hall. After breakfast a delightful entertainment program was furnished by several of the members and Rev. Fr. Joyce, O. M. I., presented the institute with four volumes touching on the lives of noted Americans.

Beecham's pills for constipation 10¢ and 25¢. Get the book at your druggist's and go by it.

Annual sales more than 6,000,000 boxes.

YOU HAVE SEEN POZZONI'S POWDER advertised for many years, but have you ever tried it?—If not,—your do not know what an IDEAL COMPLEXION POWDER IS.

POZZONI'S besides being an acknowledged beautifier, has many refreshing uses. It prevents chafing, sun-burn, wind-tan, lessens perspiration, etc.; in fact it is a most delicate and desirable protection to the face during hot weather.

It is sold everywhere.

FITS CURED (From U. S. Journal of Medicine.) Prof. W. H. Peeke, who makes a specialty of Epilepsy, has without doubt treated and cured more cases than any living Physician; his success is astonishing. We have heard of cases of 20 years' standing cured by him. He publishes a valuable work on this disease which he sends with a large bottle of his absolute cure, free to any sufferer who may send their P. O. and Express address. We advise anyone wishing a cure to address, Prof. W. H. PEEKE, F. D., 4 Cedar St., New York.

JAMES H. CARMICHAEL, No. 97 Central Street. Counsellor at Law and Notary Public

VARIETY STORES use old papers for wrapping purposes. We sell them at this office for 5 cents a hundred.

BROKE WORLD'S RECORD.

Bicyclist Rides a Mile in the Phenomenal Time of 1.11 3-5.

DENVER, Col., March 30.—Melvin O. Dennis in a flying start rode one mile in 1.11 3-5 last Friday. For personal reasons the matter was kept quiet until today. The previous best record was 1.25.

INJURED HIS FOOT.

Robert Riley, a Carpenter, Receives Painful Injuries.

Robert Riley, a carpenter, employed in the Tremont & Suffolk mills, cut his foot badly this afternoon while at his work. He was removed in the ambulance to the corporation hospital.

OVERSEER SCALDED

In a Tank of Boiling Soap at Talbot's Mill.

James O'Brien, overseer in the fulling department of Talbot's mill was scalded today in a tank of boiling soap. Dr. Smith attended him. He will be laid up for some weeks.

DEATHS.

CUMMISKEY — William Cummiskey, child of Hugh and Bridget Cummiskey, died Saturday at their home, 6 Dempsey's place, off Salem street. The funeral took place this afternoon and was well attended. Burial was in the Catholic cemetery.

CUSACK—John Cusack, aged 76 years, a well known resident of this city and formerly proprietor of the Globe house, died yesterday at Brookline, Mass. The remains will arrive in this city tomorrow morning for interment and funeral services will be held in St. Peter's church.

The Lawrence Delegates.

Much interest centers in the democratic caucuses in Lawrence, which will be held tonight, to select delegates to the congressional convention, at which delegates to the national convention will be chosen. The city committee will act as delegates to the convention and the contest in the caucuses will be to decide whether the delegates shall support Guy W. Currier, or Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan for national delegate. The polls open at 7 p. m. and close at 9, and the contest promises to be an animated one. Currier has the support of many of the old democratic leaders, while O'Sullivan expects to receive the votes of the laboring class.

Manufacturing Stocks.

The auction sales disclosed only a small demand for stock. Manufacturing shares changed as follows: Middlesex Co. off 1-4 to 114 3-4; Lawrence up 1-4 to 73 1-4; Boston belting off 1-2 to 179; Franklin up 1-2 to 111 3-4; Manchester up 1-4 to 106 3-4. Pacific mills sold at 1857 1-2, off 2 1-2. The following were the sales: 2 Lyman mills, 80; 25 Middlesex Co., 115 to 114 3-4; 3 Appleton Co. 500; 25 Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., 73 1-4; 1 Naumkeag Steam Cotton Co., 74; 20 Boston Belting Co., 179 a 179 1-4; 20 Franklin Co., Lewiston, 111 3-4; 14 Manchester mills, 106 7-8 a 106 3-4; 4 Pacific mills, 1860 a 1857 1-2; 2 Chicopee Manufacturing Co., 82 1-2; 5 Great Falls Manufacturing C., 150 1-2; 4 Salmon Falls Manufacturing Co., 220.

Wigginville News.

The Electric Car company have got a large quantity of ties placed on the side of the street and are at once going to put their extension through Wigginville.

The Wigginsville schools are open today after a two weeks' vacation. There will be opened an additional room to accommodate children of this district.

TO THE YOUNG FACE Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

NOT AS WE SAY GENTLEMEN

But as you decide and as others have concluded:—"That more care is exercised in fitting clothing at the Merrimack Clothing Co's, than at any store in Lowell."

Its a duty we owe Our Customers

That no garment leave our store that is not accurately fitted—OUR REPUTATION depends on the degree of satisfaction with which we serve you.

The Highest point of Perfection

At the least possible price is what we are aiming at—We intend that our clothing and the manner it is fitted shall stand out prominently.

Think of the price of Custom Suits

Then look at the works of art in our show windows—And the price. Its the same too with boys and childrens clothing.

Why! We can cloth your whole family for the price of a custom suit of so called imported goods then it is not as good as the Shuman made Hockanum suits we sell at $20. Patch Pocket and strap seam top coats $8 to $20.

Merrimack The Big Store, Op. City Hall. Cloth'g Co.

ENGLISH CAPITAL FOR AMERICAN INVESTMENTS.

Important to Americans seeking English capital for new enterprises. A list containing the names and addresses of 350 successful promoters who have placed over £100,000,000 sterling in foreign investments within the last six years, and over £18,000,000 for the seven months of 1895. Price £5 or $25, payable by Postal Order to The London and Universal Bureau of Investors, 20, Cheapside, London, E. C. Subscribers will be entitled, by arrangement with the directors to receive either personal or letters of introduction to any of these successful promoters.

The list is first class in every respect, and every man or firm whose name appears therein may be depended upon. For placing the following it will be found invaluable—Bonds or shares of Industrial Commercial, and Financial concerns, Mortgage Loans, Sale of Lands, Patents or Mines.

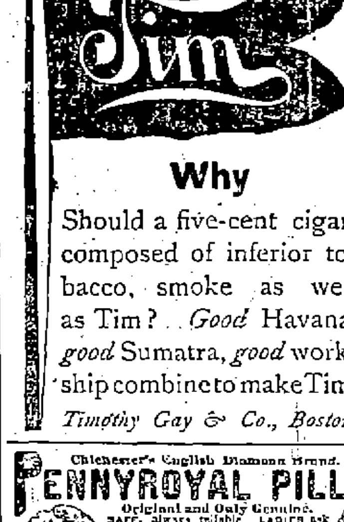
Directors—SIR EDWARD C. ROSS,
HON. WALTER C. PEPYS,
CAPT. ARTHUR STIFFE.

Copyright.

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.



Why Should a five-cent cigar, composed of inferior tobacco, smoke as well as Tim? *Good* Havana, *good* Sumatra, *good* workship combine to make Tim.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

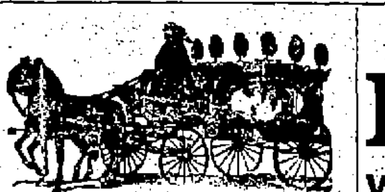
Chichester's English Diamond Brand. PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory

P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building



C. H. MOLLOY, Undertaker and Funeral Director

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to.

No. 343 MARKET STREET

T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer.

Telephone 508-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

Manchester and Concord, N. H. GENERAL Express Forwarded

Successors to Post Gardner Express Co., J. E. ROBERTSON, Supt., Concord, N. H.

For Boston, New York and all connecting points South and West. Low rates and prompt service.

OFFICE...... 15 CENTRAL ST.

D. A. HILL, AGENT

Telephone 66-5.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

Davis and Nickerson TAILORS, No. 9 CENTRAL STREET.

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer, and Middle Streets.

Basement Dept.

WRAPPERS

NEW PRINT WRAPPERS AT A BARGAIN

Just opened 60 dozen of new print wrappers in light colors, made to retail at 75c, but we want to run this lot off quickly so we have decided to sell them at

ONLY 49c. EACH.

We have all sizes well made of good print small figures and stripes, high sleeves and plait in the black and at such a low price it is needless for any woman to buy print and make a wrapper as it would cost her more than this, all ready made.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.

HEYWOOD AND WAKEFIELD CARRIAGE

$3.98 TO $15.

Ask to see our $10 special.

ROBERTSON & CO. CENTRAL STREET.

TALK ABOUT Bargains

WHAT DO YOU THINK OF THIS?

3c. FOR A BOX OF TOILET SOAP

3 CAKES IN A BOX

This is no sell, but a genuine bargain.

GOODALE'S Drug Store

217 Central Street. FISKE'S BLOCK.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.50, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05 12.48, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 8.30, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 2.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.15 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Saco and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays): SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Castine, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via steamer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ¶6.59, *7.45, *8.50, ¶9.00, *9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.48, 6.34, ¶6.53, §7.01, §7.18, §*7.27, *7.48, *8.57, 9.03, *9.50, 11.03, 11.45 a. m.; 12.10, 1.43, ¶3.03, *4.03, 4.33, 5.29, ¶5.36, 6.24, 7.52 p. m. SUNDAYS, §*7.18, §*7.27, 8.45, *9.16 a. m.; §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, §7.01, 7.45, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, 4.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., §4.25, §5.58 p. m.

*Express. §Northern Depot Only. ¶Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m.; 4.15, 5.50 p. m.

For Salem, and Way Stations, §7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞ Time given below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 5.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, 1.00, 1.42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p. m. SUNDAYS 10.09 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3 a. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.12, 8.43 p. m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (1.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, †8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a. m; 1.42, †8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, †8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; †8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, p. m., daily except Sunday.

☞ † Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

We are still doing business at the same old stand,

279 DUTTON STREET,

And anybody wishing to have piping, plumbing or steam work done in the best possible manner, just call on us and we will attend to it at short notice. We also keep

The Finest Line of Gas Fixtures

To be seen in this city. Prices always low at

D. H. WILSON'S 279 DUTTON STREET.

ROCHESTER

Also the R. B. Co's Food Beer.

BOCK

Also the R. B. Co's Food Beer.

AT John M. Peveys,

NOS. 55—57 MIDDLE STREET.

IF YOU WANT A CASE Of the Leading Brands of LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE.

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 474-4.

NEW MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

THREE NIGHTS and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday April 1.

"THE QUADROON SENSATION CO."

Sweet Singers-30-Nimble Dancers

Replete With Distinct Features.

The Gorgeous Quadroon Burlesque.
The Big Cake Walk.
Illustrated Songs of Sunny South.
Life on the Old Plantation.
10—Big Specialty Acts—10.

A Bevy of Quadroon Beauties.

SAVOY THEATRE

N. A. MORKILL, Manager.

TODAY AT 2.30. TONIGHT AT 8.00

Presented for the first time in Lowell the Kings of Musical Comedy.

Cunningham & Staley, in 20 minutes of music, comedy and screams. Murphy & McCoy, The Irish Ambassadors, in their funny creation, "Barnum in a Cyclone." Thomas J. Heffron, the World's greatest one-legged dancer. McLean & Hall, Novelty artists. Emery & Nodine, Late of the Emery Sisters, and the "Dazzler." Mayne & Neilson, Character Sketch Duo. William Roberts, America's Greatest Equilibrist. Minnie Cline, The Dashing Serio-Comic. Miss Cline is the niece of the celebrated Maggie Cline.

NOTE CHANGE IN PRICES.

Evening: 10, 15, 25, 35c. Box seats 50c. Matinees: 10, 20, 25. Every seat reserved. Tickets may be secured 3 days in advance at theatre or at Leed's Ticket Agency, Runels Building. Entertainments daily at 2.30 and 8 p. m. Doors open at 1.45 and 7.15 p. m. Souvenirs for ladies at every Friday evening performance. Children admitted to all parts of the house at matinee for 10c. and presents will be given them every Saturday afternoon.

Wonderland Musee AND PARLOR THEATRE.

Located on the Site of the Bijou Theatre, opposite City Hall.

The Ladies' and Children's Perfect Family Resort. The Birth of Supreme and Rare Features, Unequalled Elsewhere on Earth.

WEEK OF MARCH 30

In Our CURIO HALL: The World's Queen of Intrepidity, BETRA, and her Den of Monster Snakes.

The Most Wonderful Exhibition of Feminine Daring Ever Witnessed.

Prof. Frank Hubin, the Modern Master-Mind of Magic.

Arizona Jack, the King of the Rifle.

Queen Dona, the Peerless Sharp-shooter.

Thauma the Living Half-Lady; Washburn's Puppet Show; Diana, the Fortunate Teller; the Shooting Gallery, Etc.

On the Stage in the Theatre.

Specially engaged for a series of endurance feats unlike any ever attempted by any human being living; using for the purpose a great glass aquarium containing 1000 gallons of water.

ENOCH, the Wonder of the World.

John B. Leonard, late of Leonard and Flynn.

Susie M. Fulton, of Comic Opera Fame.

Al. Tanner, Descriptive Character Vocalist.

Mamie Reunat, Instrumentalist.

Markham & Berry, eccentric Musical Comedians. Billie Moulton, Whistling Soloist; Phyllis Raffell-Ordway, the "Vaudeville Pactl." Julia Redmund, and Stock Company in a Laughable Farce Comedy.

The Best and Cleanest Vaudeville Establishment in the City.

Doors open at 1 and 6.30 p. m. Stage Performances commence at 2.30, 4, 8 and 9.30 p. m. Exhibition in Curio-Hall one hour previous.

Admission 10 Cents.

EASTER SUGGESTIONS

NECKWEAR. New designs in dainty new fabrics, in all the various forms.

GLOVES. All the newest shades from the most popular makers.

HATS. Correct forms from all the greatest manufacturers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY, 69 Merrimack Street.

WET FEET lead to Colds. Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of ROCK RYE and HONEY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

All first-class Druggists have it on sale.

3 Sizes. 3 Prices ONE STANDARD GRADE.

ROCK, RYE AND HONEY CURES.

GO TO CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT FOR Fine Custom Tailoring

42 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. FROST, 78 Central Street. Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, etc. Fine Watch repairing.

J. M. KINGSBURY, No. 373 Bridge Street Meats and Provisions. (Successor to Strout & Kingsbury.)

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC FOR TUESDAY, MARCH 31.

SUN RISES	5 27	MOON RISES	9 52 PM
SUN SETS	6 10	HIGH WATER	12 30 AM
LENGTH OF DAY	12 43	FULL SEA	1 00 PM

Forecast for New England—Generally fair, with diminishing cloudiness; warmer; southwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

M. J. Dumont left Sunday evening on a trip to Canada.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

Easter cards and Easter booklets at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets.

Remember that tomorrow will be April 1, and nearly everybody will be trying to play an April fool joke.

A pretty line of glass mounted pictures greatly reduced in prices can be found at Lawler's book store. Get one for Easter.

The dedication of the new Grace Universalist church will take place this evening. The exercises will commence at 7.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Joe V. Meigs of Myrtle street will give a five o'clock tea this afternoon in honor of Miss Edith Ames and Miss Hildreth Nesmith.

Peter Brunelle of this city has received a diploma from McGill college, Montreal, which permits him to practice medicine. Dr. Brunnelle's friends in this city will be pleased to learn of his success.

A select line of Episcopal and Catholic prayer books at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets. Several new bindings will be found there especially adapted to the Easter season.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central street, come to the front today with a special drive sale of nearly 75 doz. little children's, misses' and school girl's dresses. You will hardly be able to miss the adv. today. Easter kid gloves can be had at 61c., 79c., 98c., etc., upwards. Don't miss attending this sale.

Aurove Bauchemin Missing From Home.

Aurove Bauchemin is missing from the home of her parents, 23 Exeter street. She left home March 19 and nothing has been heard of her since. She is 13 years old and her parents are very much worried over her disappearance.

The "Old Sixth" Will Celebrate.

The thirty-fifth anniversary of the passing of the "Old Sixth" Massachusetts regiment through Baltimore (April 19, 1861) will be held in Groton, Mass., Monday, April 20.

The surviving members of the "Old Sixth" who reside in this city will attend the celebration.

'Tis Not the Alderman's Nephew.

Alderman Tryder is looking for the nephew who is reported to have been appointed janitor of a school. No doubt the alderman would not object to having a nephew and he would undoubtedly be pleased to see him janitor of a school. As yet, however, the alderman has not "scored" with Supt. Varnum and so it looks as though somebody is trying to joke at his expense.

Save a dollar from your wages and deposit in the Five Cent Savings Bank. Deposits begin to draw interest next Saturday.

IN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

On Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Saturday.

Tomorrow the church will commemorate the betrayal of Christ; the day is known as Spy Wednesday. The office of the tenebrae will commence in all the churches tomorrow evening.

Holy Thursday commemorates the institution of the Eucharistic sacrament and sacrifice, the night on which Christ partook of the "last supper" and was delivered over to the Jews. On this day all the churches are decorated with flowers, and the Blessed Sacrament is exposed, and the holy oils are blessed.

On Good Friday the church commemorates the Crucifixion, and this is a day of general mourning.

This is the only day in the year on which the sacrifice of the mass is not offered up.

An office of sorrow is read. The bells are not tolled or the organ used in the church from the Gloria on Thursday until the Gloria in the mass on Saturday morning.

On Easter Saturday the paschal candle and the holy water will be blessed.

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings sermons will be preached in all the churches.

BASE BALL.

"Billy" Gallagher the popular young ball player of this city, left this afternoon to join the Wilmington, Del., team of the Atlantic league.

The candidates for the High school base ball team will be ordered out for practice this week by Manager Murphy.

As good professional ball players are said to be scarce in the New England and other eastern leagues, it is probable that all the players in this city who are not yet under contract will find good positions when the season begins.

Offers are coming to Mike Mahoney thick and fast. Magnates want him to manage teams and managers want him as an umpire. Mr. Mahoney has received many fine offers, but as yet has considered none.

One of the quietest and most unassuming and yet one of the best ball players in this city is Dan Sweeney, formerly of the Nashville, Tenn., team, who leaves today for Rochester, N. Y. One never hears a word from Dan, while he always makes a big hit wherever he plays.

Fowler, the Bristol, N. H., pitcher, whom Mike Mahoney signed for Denny Long, broke his leg while practising a few days ago.

The many friends of Jack Donovan, the old Lowell catcher, who with "Roger" Connors, were once the crack battery of the town, will be pleased to hear that he is in town for a few days renewing old acquaintances. Some four or five years ago Jack went out to Elkhart, Ind., to play ball. He got "stuck" on the town and has lived there since. He is in great form and will be with a strong team this season in all probability.

Manager Watson of the Michigan state league has written to Mike Mahoney for players.

Teas.

Buy our high grade teas and coffees, they are the best. Dickson Bros., 88 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

GRANITE STATE

Will Probably Declare Itself For Reed.

McKINLEY HAS MANY FRIENDS THERE.

A Great Republican Convention Held at Concord.

CONCORD, N. H., March 31.—There is a large number of delegates and prominent Republicans here in attendance at the state and Second congressional district conventions, Senators Chandler and Gallinger, Governor Busiel, G. A. Ramsdell of Nashua, who aspires to the nomination for governor, and many other notables being present.

In discussing the presidential candidates, the predominant sentiment favored Reed. The McKinley men are heard from frequently, however, and the strength disclosed for the Ohioan was a genuine surprise to many of the party leaders. Manchester delegates are especially enthusiastic for him. The name of Allison is also received with much favor.

A conference of delegates and members of the state committee was held at Phœnix hall. Senator Gallinger was loudly called for, and was given an enthusiastic reception. He spoke at length, his allusions to Reed, McKinley and Allison evoking hearty applause.

Hon. William E. Chandler of Concord presided over the convention today. S. S. Jewett of Lancaster, Frank S. Streeter of Concord, Charles T. Means of Manchester and J. A. Wood of Acworth will probably be elected delegates-at-large. The delegates are to go uninstructed. It is understood that the state vote is a unit for Reed on the first ballot. After that some delegates will, it is said, go for McKinley and others for Allison.

Following is

Chairman Chandler's Address:

Republicans of the Convention—It is with no ordinary emotions that I am affected on this occasion. My whole active lifetime and the life of the Republican party have been coincident, and both, in this year 1896, have attained to a growth of 40 years. Up to the summer of 1853 there had been no Republican party organization in New Hampshire. The Democracy of the state had been broken down in 1855 by the American party, aided by the Whigs and Freesoilers. In the spring of 1856 the wave which had lifted to prominence the American party had somewhat receded, but by diminished majorities the state was carried in March by the same combination. The national convention at Philadelphia, on June 18, 1856, nominated John C. Fremont, and on June 19 the first organization of the Republican party in New Hampshire began at Depot hall in Concord, when Fremont club No. 1 was organized. Of the officers then chosen all are dead except those Freesoil veterans, Hon. Moses Humphrey and his honor Sylvester Dana, and myself.

The club voted to hold a grand ratification meeting on July 4. It was also voted "that all friends of liberty in this state be invited to form Fremont clubs in the several towns and to correspond with this club, and that all are invited to attend the meeting here on July 4." An adjourned meeting of the club was held on June 21, and the articles of association were adopted. A copy of these articles and the proceedings of the meeting are published in the New Hampshire Statesman of July 5, 1856, certified by me as secretary. Circulars were sent out from Fremont club No. 1 of Concord embodying copies of the constitution, and the work of forming Fremont clubs throughout the state went forward with great rapidity.

From these beginnings the Republican party organization of the state quickly took shape. All other party names were soon dropped and the party began its career of glory and honor. Fortunately are we that we have been permitted to take part in the great and glorious work which the Republican party has accomplished. Fortunate, also, are the young Republicans of today to whom we now commit the continuation of that work, because they may be inspired by the contemplation of the record of a political party, the grandeur of whose mission in behalf of human liberty and of the maintenance through war of the union of the United States of America has never been equalled by that of any other party organization ever known among men.

Consider for a moment this record of the Republican party. It was formed to prevent the extension by violence and fraud of the institution of human slavery into the free land of Kansas and the other territories of the Union. Its mission was successful, Kansas was saved to freedom, Democracy was overthrown and Abraham Lincoln made president. Then came the southern rebellion, and the Republican party became the party of the Union. Six thousand millions of dollars and 300,000 lives were expended.

When the contest was over, the Union was saved, slavery was abolished, the whole race of slaves was given the freeman's weapon of the ballot, and the victorious flag of the Union armies floated over a country everywhere and forever free. A long period of national power was before the Republican party. It had made Lincoln its leader and the emancipator of the slaves, and it made Grant and Garfield its soldiers and its presidents. Twenty-five years rolled around, and from the very lapse of time came reaction and reverses.

Under Democratic Rule.

In 1885 Cleveland was elected. He began an attack upon the protective tariff system under which the country had grown rich and prosperous. At once there came reaction the other way, and under the banner of protection Harrison was elected president. A new tariff bill was enacted which restored prosperity, yet, strangely enough, when the wealth of the country was greater and the wages of the wageearners were higher than had ever been the case before in this country or in any nation on the globe, a second reaction against the Republican party came to pass. Cleveland was again chosen president. What followed his election and inauguration? Let his own words, uttered on June 30, 1893, tell the story:

"The distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervade all business circles have already caused great loss and damage to our people, and threaten to cripple our merchants, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and privation to our farmers, and withhold from our workingmen the wage of labor."

Nevertheless his administration madly pressed forward to make the conditions worse. The Wilson tariff bill of 1894 was passed. What is now the situation? Agriculture is prostrated; it is not profitable for the farmer to raise wool, yet the woolen mills are stopped because the markets are glutted by the outpourings from English woolen factories. President Harrison in four years reduced the national debt $236,527,896; President Cleveland in three years has increased the interest bearing bonded debt $100,622,245.

Therefore, the second reaction has set in against the men and the party that have done these things. In 1894 there was a Republican uprising which gave greater majorities against the Democracy than ever had been known since the organization of the Republican party, and today there is a settled determination in the minds of the American people to restore, in November of this year, the Republican party to more complete power in state and nation than it ever yet possessed; all this we hope and trust to be accomplished under the banner of our energetic, strong, positive and magnificent New England leader—Thomas B. Reed.

Looking now no longer to the past, but only before us to the future, to see what that has in store for us, we ask, what is our victory, when we accomplish it, to signify? First and foremost, I place proper recognition of the Union soldiers. It shall be made, so far as the Republican party can make it, the loftiest crown of renown for any man to wear—any sign of his service in the Union army against the slaveholders' rebellion.

Next, our victory will mean the re-establishment of protective duties. America is to be made by the Republican party again in power, a country of high wages, comfortable and happy homes, peaceful, intelligent and contented men, women and children—the bone and sinew of our beloved country. There is to be discrimination against foreign products and no discrimination among home products.

Our victory will also mean the settlement of the currency question. Precisely in what way it will be settled, I have no right positively to assert. This convention may utter its views; the national convention will lay down its platform; the president and congress to be elected will carry out the national principles.

For my own part I may be permitted to say that I am against the gold monometallism of President Cleveland, secretary Carlisle and their faction of the Democratic party. I am also opposed to the other extreme, namely, the unlimited coinage at this time by the United States alone, of silver bullion, which would send gold to a premium and destroy that parity between the two metals to which the Republican party and the congress are solemnly pledged. I am in favor of bimetallism to which both parties have been heretofore pledged, and to which the Republican party is especially pledged, and which means that silver shall be restored, at the proper ratio, to be the equal of gold for all purposes, to be will gold, upon the well-known system of bimetallism, the measure of the world's values.

Besides restoring prosperity at home, the coming Republican victory will give to the government a new foreign policy, based upon sound principles and upon considerations tending to the interest and honor of the nation. Under President Cleveland there has been vacillation from one extreme to another extreme very remote. Led by Bland of Georgia, the president determined and endeavored to restore the dusky queen of Hawaii to her throne in order that she might seize her subjects—Americans who had gone to her island to make her people intelligent and prosperous—and put them to death by beheading them. On the other hand, under the lead of Olney of Massachusetts, the president nobly championed the cause of little Venezuela, defending her indisputable right to control the mouth of the great Orinoco river. Back again from this spasm of true Americanism he stands today as the obstacle to Cuban independence.

That kind of a foreign policy will come to an end March 4, 1897. Our next president and his congress will show themselves, in all fitting ways and on all proper occasions, to aiding to maintain the safety and the happiness of the independent nations of the Western hemisphere outside our own borders.

Duties Before Republicans.

Two present duties are before us in this relation. Venezuela is in a contest with England in which we are bound to befriend the republic. This is a question whether or not, with no decent color of right, the mouth of the great Orinoco river—the key to all the commerce of Venezuela—shall be seized and controlled by the all-grasping, English-speaking nation of the Eastern hemisphere. Here is an opportunity which may not come again in half a century.

By a regard for the Monroe doctrine, which is a traditional principle of the American government, by a consideration, not so very remote, of what is due to our own safety and peace, and above all, by our just and reasonable duty to Venezuela herself, we are bound to espouse the proper cause of the little republic against the overgrown nation which threatens her, and to bind that republic, and all the other South American republics, to ourselves by ties of indissoluble obligation and gratitude.

Again, as to Cuba, what is our duty? We have waited 50 years for our opportunity properly and safely to aid in establishing Cuban independence. There lies the great island almost within sight of our coasts, in the hands of a European power, a perpetual menace to the United States. It has been for three-quarters of a century almost a universal American sentiment that whenever the right time came, we should see Cuba released from the cruel dominion of Spain. In 1878 Cuban independence would have been recognized had it not been for the pendency of our Alabama claims against England, which made General Grant and Secretary Fish act with conservatism.

Eighteen years more of misrule and oppression have brought on another insurrection. The whole island is in revolt, almost as one man; and Spain is resorting to atrocities forbidden by civilized warfare. We are not asked to do what I would gladly see done—to recognize and maintain the independence of Cuba; we are only asked to recognize Cuban belligerency, which, after a year of flagrant war, we are more entitled to do than Spain was to recognize the southern Confederacy early in 1861.

Upon that recognition by the United States all the other independent republics of Central and South America will also recognize belligerency, and the freedom of Cuba will be assured beyond the possibility of suppression. Now is the time and now the hour for action. The opportunity long waited for may not soon come again.

But it will be said to me and to others who feel like myself on this subject, that we are not acting coolly and with the restraint required by enlightened self-interest; that we are governed by sentiment merely, and a sentiment to which we ought not to give way. Yet I admit that in the case of Cuba we are not acting from a regard for self-interest only, but in accordance with the impulses of strong sentiment. Thank God, we are a nation of sentiment!

What is all we see about us of riches and grandeur, in this country, worth to us or to our children if we are to live as a nation wholly according to the principles of selfishness, and are to turn a deaf ear to the Macedonian cry, "come over and help us," from the little republic of Venezuela, and pay no heed to the moans and groans of dying Cuban patriots?

What are the memories worth of the New Hampshire men of the Revolution and of the brave spirits that went out from us and gave their lives on the battlefield in the great pro-slavery rebellion if they do not teach us, now that we are the wealthiest and one of the most powerful nations on the globe, to be guided in our conduct at home and in our policies abroad, not merely by self interest, but as well by the highest and the holiest sentiments of which the human heart is capable, sympathy for the weak and the down-trodden and affection for the slaves and victims of oppression and wrong everywhere on the face of the globe, but especially when they cry to us from the near islands of our own seas and from the feeble republics of this western world.

Score of Murderers Interested.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 31.—The supreme court yesterday refused to recognize Greer county, just added to Oklahoma by the United States supreme court, as a county, and attached it to Oklahoma county, 200 miles away, for judicial purposes. This leaves the new county as an organized territory, with 20 murderers applying for writs of habeas corpus. Great confusion must naturally result.

Sixty Walked Out.

WALTHAM, Mass., March 31. — Sixty weavers left their looms at the Boston Manufacturing company here yesterday because of the low price offered on a new line of mixed goods. The strikers appointed a committee to confer with the superintendent.

It Is Oliver Pinke's Body.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Conclusive proof has been adduced that the body of the man found in the box recently, sold for unclaimed freight, is that of Oliver Pinke of Stellacoom, Wash., and the murder mystery is in a fair way to being solved.

Arrested For Murder.

AKRON, O., March 31.—Anson B. Strong was arrested yesterday at Ravenna, charged with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin N. Stone at Tallmadge on Saturday night. The evidence on which the charge is based is largely circumstantial.

Cashier Allen Disappears.

BATH, N. Y., March 31.—W. W. Allen, who, until a couple of weeks ago, was cashier of the First National bank here, failed to appear on a court order relating to the book estate of $55,000, of which he was executor, and of which but $5000 can be found by the heirs. Allen has not been seen here in several days, and circumstances indicate that he has left the country.

HE MAY RESIGN

Embassador Bayard Contemplates Leaving.

REPORT TO THAT EFFECT FROM WASHINGTON.

His Friends Will Give No Particulars.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 31.—There is a strong supposition here that Ambassador Bayard is contemplating resigning from his post. While his friends refuse to give any definite particulars, they hint that Mr. Bayard is dissatisfied with the action of congress, and also that the drain on his private purse necessary to keep up the dignity of his diplomatic position has reached such a point that he can no longer maintain it.

When Mr. Bayard took his family to England two years ago he rented his house on Clayton and Sycamore streets to Howard Pyle, the artist, and it was then generally understood that the lease was to extend to the time of Mr. Bayard's return to his residence here. In obedience to a notification received last week, Mr. Pyle is preparing to leave the premises, and certain local contractors have been ordered to at once begin the work of renovation and repair.

Schaefer Starts Out Well.

NEW YORK, March 31.—All the billiard players hereabouts were gladdened last night at the Madison Square Concert hall to witness the opening of the tournament in which Frank Ives, Jake Schaefer and Albert Garnier are to contest for a purse of $5000, offered by Maurice Daly. The championship game for the past five years has been at 14 inches, but as Ives became so strong at this style Daly decided to equalize matters this year by making the game an 18-inch balk line. This being a new style to the players, the experts contesting are all on the same level. Schaefer won last night, rolling up 600 points to Garnier's 197.

Everhardt Whipped Leeds.

MASPETH, L. I., March 31.—Jack Everhardt and Horace Leeds, the lightweights who were to have been a feature of Dan Stuart's fistic carnival down south, met last night at the Empire Athletic club here. They were scheduled for a 25-round contest. Devotees of the ring came from all points of the country to see the sport. They crowded the arena till more than 3000 spectators were watching the contests. Everhardt was somewhat the favorite in the betting, although Leeds had lots of friends. Everhardt won the bout in the 15th round.

Bondholders Ready to Open Batteries.

MERIDEN, Conn., March 31.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Meriden, Waterbury and Connecticut River Railroad company here, a demand was made by the bondholders for the interest on the $450,000 first mortgage bonds. No money was ready to pay the interest, and the bondholders will at once begin proceedings to foreclose. The bonds were issued in 1883, and are to run until 1925. They are now held by the New England road.

"General" Fitzgerald Locked Up.

LYNN, Mass., March 31.—"General" M. D. Fitzgerald of Coxey army fame is again in trouble. Last evening he was arrested in West Lynn, charged with being drunk and disorderly. The "general" persisted in expounding socialism doctrines on the highway, to the evident discomfort of passers-by, after having been warned to desist by the officer, and, on his refusing, he was sent to the police station.

Gained Little by Striking.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The 500 lithographers in this city who struck for concessions seven weeks ago were yesterday told that they could return to work pending the decision of the committee on arbitration. It was said that little or no concessions had been gained by the strikers, many of whom are glad to return to work on the conditions complained of.

Grand Army Raised Objections.

CHELSEA, Mass., March 31.—The board of aldermen last night voted to request the school committee to remove from the public schools of this city Montgomery's History of the United States. Though the history has been extensively opposed by the Grand Army, it is thought the Chelsea government is the first to take a decisive action.

Three Boys Found a Body.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 31.—Three boys made a ghastly discovery near the pine grove cemetery yesterday. They stopped at an old barn just north of the cemetery, on the Calif road, and found lying on the floor, rigid in death, the partly decomposed body of an old man. The body was but partially dressed, and the presumption is that death resulted from freezing. The body was that of Ludwick Grimm, a mysterious character, who lived in the woods. He had evidently been dead over a month. On the body was found considerable money and a ticket for Germany.

All Caused by a Bad Indian.

PERRY, O. T., March 31.—At Horse Shoe Bend schoolhouse a drunken Osage Indian rode his horse into the building during a dance. Several young ladies fainted, and were badly hurt in the stampede which followed. An all-round fight occurred when a half dozen young men attempted to eject the Indian, who sat on his horse in the center of the room. Four men and two women were hurt in the fray. The Indian was kicked and beaten into insensibility. One young lady was fatally hurt by the horse running over her.

No More Concessions.

CAPE TOWN, March 31.—Cecil Rhodes, in the course of a speech delivered at Umtali, said that he appreciated the difficulties that settlers had to face, but he knew that things would come right in 25 years. The company, in time past, he said, being pressed for money, had granted concessions, but no more would be granted.

Wholesome, pure and full of fruit. NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT is a luxury, but within the means of all. Accept no substitutes. Send name and address for booklet, "Mrs. Popkins' Thanksgiving." Merrell-Soule Co., Syracuse, N.Y.

AYER'S PILLS THE PILL THAT WILL CURE HEADACHE DYSPEPSIA CONSTIPATION

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The Southmayd block at Middletown, Conn., was badly damaged by fire. Loss about $10,000.

A receiver for the property in New York of the Granite State Provident association has been appointed.

Fire in the brick block 120-122 Fulton street, Boston, occupied as a rag storehouse, did $15,000 damage.

The Mexican government is said to regard any alliance with Spain against the United States as preposterous.

The Knights of Pythias of Massachusetts have decided to hold a state encampment during the summer, the date and place to be decided upon later.

Bids for building the new public library at Fall River, Mass., were opened yesterday. William L. Rutan of Boston was lowest, with a bid of $133,900.

Two large stock barns owned by the Eraham estate in North Bridgeport, Conn., were destroyed by fire. Sixteen valuable cattle were burned. Loss, $10,000.

The nine Brown university juniors, who were recently suspended for "cribbing," have been restored to their classes, their sentences having been revoked.

The Smith, Wilson & Sears Paper company of Holyoke, Mass., will probably pay 50 cents on the dollar. The creditors have decided to take charge of the business.

The South Atlantic and Ohio railroad depot at Gate City, Va., was destroyed by lightning, and two women were drowned. The flood has done great damage to property.

The Maryland legislature, which has been in session at Annapolis for the past 90 days, and one branch of which was Republican for the first time in 30 years, has adjourned sine die.

At the boxing exhibition given by the Capitol Wheel club at Hartford, Stephen Mahoney of Boston, so-called 126-pound champion of New England, knocked out Young Kemp of New Jersey in the second round.

Miss F. Jennie Duty, formerly general secretary of the National Non-Partisan W. C. T. U., died at Cleveland. Miss Duty had been ailing for a year, as a result of a paralytic stroke. She was 45 years of age.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Spindle City Wheelmen defeated the Ippos last evening on the Olympic alleys. The score:

S. C. W.—Peabody 415, Harris 408, Stevens 456, Caldwell 479, Dorr 489; total 2247.

Ippos—Shepard 460, Hindle 392, Meikiejohn 385, Hodgman 434, Crosby 453; total 2124.

The Lowell Reform club scored a victory over the Burkes on Les Miserables alleys, last evening, by the following scores:

Reform club—Williams 449, Cronin 416, Davis 442, McGrail 499, Fullerton 525; total 2331.

B. T. I.—Wing 499, O'Hare 408, Winn 388, Fee 479, Flynn 397; total 2171.

The water board team was beaten by the Jamaicas last night on the Highland alleys, 2424 to 2287.

The Y.M.C.L.S., won a game from the Prescotts last evening, the totals being 2047 to 1965.

Lowell Cemetery Annual.

The adjourned meeting of the proprietors of the Lowell cemetery was held in the rooms of the Middlesex Trust company last evening. Pres. H. H. Wilder in the chair. Treasurer Knapp made a statement of the finances of the corporation for the information of lot owners. Four trustees elected for three year terms were Francis Jewett, August Fels, Ethan A. Smith, Charles A. Stott. The bylaws were so amended as to make five instead of seven of the trustees a quorum. Other matters were referred to the trustees with authority.

The board of trustees also met for organization and H. H. Wilder was unanimously re-elected president; Charles L. Knapp, treasurer; and R. H. Mulno, superintendent.

Cloth From Georgia.

The first cut of cloth made by the Massachusetts mills in Georgia has been sent to Lowell, to be preserved as a curiosity, perhaps. It is export sheeting, and as good as anybody can make. It was woven last week by Mrs. Stackpole, wife of the well known Massachusetts overseer.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Young Men

Ask Your Dealer for the

"D. R. SPECIAL,"

The New Spring Derby.

All up to date. Retailers keep it. See that "D. R. Special is stamped on sweats.

$1.50, $2.00, $3.00

BUNKER HILL WRITING PAPER,

25c A POUND,

Envelopes to match. Crepe Tissue paper, all colors, 25c per roll.

Pictures framed to order at lowest prices.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall square.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION FOR CITY LABORERS.

House Rejected Bill to Prevent Women Doing Night Work in Printing Offices—Appropriations Cut Down.

BOSTON, March 31.—The senate ordered to a third reading the bill to apply civil service rules to the employment of city laborers in the state. The house rejected the bill to prevent women from doing night work in printing establishments. The bill to compel contractors on state work to employ their help but nine hours was defeated. The senate cut down the appropriation for the publication of the province laws on the understanding that some other arrangement is to be made for carrying on the work.

Commodore Liable to Forfeiture.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The treasury department has evidence tending to show that the steamship Commodore, which recently cleared from the port of Charleston with arms and ammunition, did not lose her cargo in a storm at sea, as reported by her captain, but landed it on the coast of Cuba. In case it is proven to be true, the vessel, it is said at the department, is liable to forfeiture to the government for violation of the navigation laws relating to clearance papers.

Concerning Hawaiian Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Hawaiian Consul Wilder states that, under the treaty between Hawaii and the United States, the Hawaiian government can grant no concession, cede any territory or grant permission to any foreigner to land a cable without the permission of the United States. Any cable company securing permission from the United States would also have to secure permission from the Hawaiian government.

A Wife's Vengeance.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—As John Martin, driver of a patrol wagon, was sitting in his wagon in front of police headquarters yesterday, his wife came up behind him and shot him three times with a pistol. One bullet passed through Martin's body, and he will probably die. Mrs. Martin said that Martin had not been home for several nights, and had been drinking hard. She added she was tired of his neglect.

Thirteen Thousand May Go Out.

CHICAGO, March 31.—What may develop into a strike which will paralyze the building industry of this city for a long period was begun yesterday. So far only about 300 carpenters are out, but the trouble is expected to spread until every one of the 13,000 carpenters here will have ceased work. The trouble is about an eight-hour day agreement between bosses and carpenters.

Harvard TONIC PILLS

A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

EASTER OFFERINGS.

The approach of Easter compels you to think of new attire for spring. We've done a deal of thinking for you in advance and have ready for your inspection a matchless collection of new spring ideas in every department, up-to-date styles and up-to-date prices await your coming.

ELEGANT EASTER CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN.

We are the mighty in the clothing world because right makes might, and we are right in everything that pertains to clothing merchandise. Right in buying from the foremost makers. Right because the clothing we show is the best production of skilled artists, and last, but not least, our prices are right. If they are not lower than elsew here, your money back for the asking.

Business suits $5 to $18, right a style and right in price.

Dress Suits, $10 to $25, right in style and right in price.

Spring Overcoats, $5 to $20, right in style and right in price.

EASTER NOVELTIES for BOYS.
EASTER NECKWEAR.
EASTER HATS.

J. L. Chalifoux

Central and Middle Streets.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation

LIGHT and POWER AT LOW RATES.

GEO. W. FIFIELD, President.
WM. A. INGHAM, Vice-President.
WM. H. BENT, Treasurer.
LUCIUS A. DERBY, Elec. Engineer.

Mr. Derby has recently become connected with the company, and is authorized to make contracts and adjustments connected with light or power.

Office, 42 Church Street. Telephone Call, 329.

Our Annual Opening OF Spring and Summer MILLINERY

Will take place Friday afternoon and evening, and Saturday, day and evening. Everybody invited.

ABBIE M. SMITH

175 MERRIMACK STREET.

Mrs. M. F. Dudley, Assistant.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

TEST VOTE PROBABLE.

Senate Will Soon Tackle the Bond Issue Investigation.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The senate is to have a revival of financial and bond discussion as a result of an animated debate shortly before the session closed yesterday. Mr. Peffer's resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five senators to investigate recent bond issues had been relegated to the calendar, owing to the opposition of Mr. Hill, but it was reached in the regular order yesterday.

Mr. Hill sought to have the resolution go over, but he was met by energetic protests, not only from Mr. Peffer, but also from Mr. Wolcott and Mr. Teller. The latter gave notice that further delay would be resisted, and Mr. Peffer followed with notice that he would move to proceed with his bond inquiry resolution as soon as Mr. George concludes a speech on the Dupont case today. This promises to bring a test vote, unless dilatory tactics postpone the measure.

The house took up the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill, and disposed of 15 of the 100 pages before adjourning.

Who does your printing? The SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

BILLY SMITH WINS.

The "Mysterious" Defeats Billy Husbands Easily in London.

LONDON, March 31.—Pugilists Tracey and Williams fought here last night. Tracey, with both hands, landed on either side of his opponent's chin. Williams dropped flat on his back, and failed to rise. Tracey was proclaimed the winner in 35 seconds. Billy Smith of Boston defeated Billy Husbands of this city for £100.

Hammond Under $100,000 Bail.

PRETORIA, March 31.—J. H. Hammond, the American under trial here, has gone to Cape Town on account of his health, but his bail has been increased to $100,000. The other reform prisoners are under guard here.

Whisky Trust's Charter Lost.

CHICAGO, March 31.—The supreme court of Illinois has affirmed the decision of Judge Gibbons, declaring the American Distilling and Cattle Feeding company to be a trust and annulling its charter.

Allard Held For Perjury.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 31.—Rev. Mr. Allard and his female companion were each sentenced to three months in the house of correction, and each was held in bonds of $2000 on charges of perjury, made by Judge McDonough from the bench.

If You Have Taste You Can Find Color and Design IN OUR WALL HANGINGS TO EXPRESS IT. A. L. Kittredge & Co., 208 Central St.

Wages Increased.

Every person working for a living is always anxious for an increase of their Wages. The way to get it is to visit the Union Market where you will save enough on your weekly purchases to add ONE DOLLAR to your income. Don't forget this and give us a trial, you will be more satisfied.

THE ONLY **Union Market,** Middlesex St. Foot of South

DON'T DELAY!

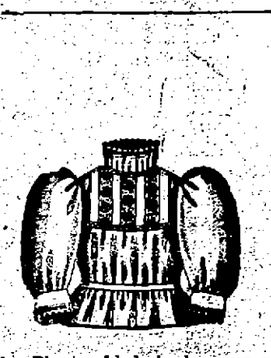
Easter Goods Are Now on Sale

And Friday and Saturday may be as stormy as last Sunday was. Easter Kid Gloves, extra good quality, with 4 large buttons at 61c. Some ask 89c for one no better. For 77c a pair, we sell a fine quality, 5 Foster Hook. Also with large pearl buttons and 5 and 7 Foster Hooks, we offer you Kid Gloves, the best that the money will buy, 98c, $1.19, $1.39, etc. We are building up a large kid glove trade, simply because we keep no trash, but sell good gloves at from 10 to 25c a pair below all competitors.

New Beaded Dress Trimmings in black jet, spangle, and all fancy braids, pearl and all fancy colors. Also, Mourning goods, fancy braids, pearl and all other fancy buttons. Our prices are fully 25 per cent. below others, and every article shown is entirely new, as this is the first season that we have kept a full and complete stock. New dotted veilings, with butter colored lace edging, 5 different styles, at 19c a yard, worth 38c. Full line dotted mulene, double width, only 25c a yard. Dainty handkerchiefs from 12 1-2c to 50c each.

All the novelties in Lace Collars can be seen in this stock, at from 50c. to $5 each. Special drive sale of Wash Dresses and Guimps. Today we show nearly 75 dozen New Things in Little Children's, Misses and School Girls' Ready-to-Wear Percale, Lawn and Gingham Dresses, ages 2 years to 14 years.

The highest in style, best in make and fit, and the lowest in price. The whole state does not equal us in this vast stock. Every lady that buys a child's dress of us today—above 50c.—will get a present of a nice doll FREE.



Extra good dresses from 25c to $2 each. Plenty of help to show you.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

THE LOWELL DAILY SUN.

VOL. XXX. NO. 25. THE SUN leads in local news. LOWELL, MASS., TUESDAY, MARCH 31, 1896. THAT'S WHY it leads in circulation. PRICE ONE CENT.

SECOND EDITION

IN SCHOOL BOARD

Nine Census Enumerators Are Elected.

BOARD FAVORS PLAN FOR IDENTICAL EXAMINATIONS.

For Pupils Wishing to Enter College.

The regular meeting of the school committee was held last evening and considerable business was transacted.

The report of the last meeting was read and accepted.

Dr. Martin reported for the committee appointed to investigate the truant commissioners' department that the committee held three sessions and had not yet concluded its work. He asked for further time which was granted.

Dr. Martin also reported that the committee appointed to secure commissions for High school battalion officers had adopted a form of commission and the commissions will be presented at the annual field day.

Mr. Schoolcraft stated that the committee on music had purchased a piano for the training school. He also read a communication from Principal Coburn relative to excusing pupils of the High school from musical instruction, providing they offer suitable excuses. Another communication was received from Dr. Rix, musical instructor, asking that a small room in the High school be assigned to him in which to give the pupils musical instruction and also that a piano be placed in the room.

After much discussion the first communication was referred to the High school committee, and the second communication to the committee on music.

The request of Miss Lizzie F. Lamere, that her salary be paid her while she was out of school, because of an injury received by a fall in the school yard, was referred to the committee on accounts.

Supt. Whitcomb reported that the cost of placing flag-poles on all the schools will be $1232.

Leave of absence was granted to Miss Costello, Miss Talbot, Miss Lennon, Miss Frost, and Miss Howe.

Supt. Whitcomb and the chairman of the committee on school houses and hygiene were instructed to appear before the legislative committe on cities and favor the bill which will allow the city to exceed the debt limit by $200,000, the money to be used in erecting new school houses.

On motion of Mr. Everett, the chairman cast one ballot for the following candidates for census enumerators and they were declared elected: Fred L. Tilton, Thomas F. Maguire, W. O. Blake, W. F. Shaw, Andrew A. Gray, Edward Rigney, Charles Young, F. P. Coggeshall, and John Herrick.

Dr. Martin introduced the following resolution which was adopted:

"Whereas, the school committee of the city of Lowell has learned with pleasure that identity in college admission examinations and a wider range of electives in admission requirements are being considered by the commission of colleges in New England.

Therefore be it resolved that this committee heartily endorses the plan of an association of colleges for the purpose of preparing and giving identical admission examinations and of any action tending to widen the range of electives in college admission requirements.

In accordance with the vote passed during the month the following cases of tardiness on the part of the teachers in the schools were reported: In Dr. Kelley's 9, Mr. Farley's 9, Mr. Thompson's 22, Mr. Schoolcraft's 5, Mr. Everett's 6, Dr. Martin's 7, Mr. Swapp's 21, Dr. Thomas' 16.

The only report which showed a clean record was that relating to the schools in charge of Mr. Mulligan.

The committee on teachers reported that having considered the question of the hour of holding teachers' meetings which was referred to them at the last meeting of the board they recommended that the schools be closed one hour earlier than usual on the afternoons of those days on which are held the meetings of teachers required by the rules of the board.

The report was accepted and the recommendation adopted.

Supt. Whitcomb read a lengthy paper referring to lack of uniformity in the admission requirements of different colleges and to the narrow range of electives in such requirements in all colleges.

Wanted.—A first-class carpet layer. Apply at once. O'Donnell & Gilbride.

Another Bargain Sale.

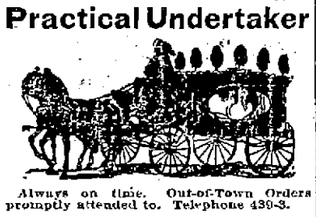
Lawler, the stationer, at 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets, will start tomorrow a three days sale of genuine bargains in his stationery department. If you are in the need of anything in the way of writing paper and envelopes, don't miss this sale. You will find that a little money expended while the sale lasts will supply you with stationery for the best part of the year. Don't miss it. It will begin tomorrow morning and last three days.

Grand Display of Millinery.

Yesterday was the day assigned for the great display of Mrs. Gregoire's millinery and the ladies having the knowledge that this year's efforts were to surpass all her previous efforts, and such was the fact. Her beautiful parlors were thronged with ladies all day. Loud were the expressions of delight by the ladies. This firm seems to be able to decorate the store as well as their large show windows in a way that is strikingly original and grand. The laces, ribbons and other ornaments there would make a hat fit for a princess. We will not attempt to enter into a description of the grandeur of this Parisian millinery palace, but everybody is invited to attend today. The American orchestra is discoursing sweet music and will give a concert this evening.

The members of Div. 8, A. O. H., held a meeting last evening and voted to turn out in the state parade of the order in Boston, Patriots, day.

J. F. O'DONNELL,
Practical Undertaker



Always on time. Out-of-Town Orders promptly attended to. Telephone 439-3.
324 Market Street, cor. Worthen

FOR FLOWERS
GO TO
PATTEN & CO., FLORISTS
203 Central Street.

The Consumers' Brewing Co.'s
EXPORT BEER
Bottled and Steamed at the Brewery, is the
Best Spring Tonic
Just Out. For Sale by All Local Dealers.

Our All-Wool Cheviot Suit, Double Seat and Knee, at $1. is the biggest value on earth. Come early as the lots are limited.

DURING EASTER WEEK
We Will Offer the
Greatest Bargains in Boys' Suits
Ever Seen in Lowell at the Prices.
$1.00 TO $5.00 A SUIT.
New Store. **O'HEARN & DOWD,** New Store
OLD POST OFFICE.

LATEST

LIVELY HEARING

Upon Proposed Revision of the Charter.

Discussion of Bill of Financial Commission,

Humble Jim Bennett Jumps on the Republican City Committee.

ALDERMAN JERE. CROWLEY DENOUNCES THE A. P. A. IN FORCIBLE LANGUAGE.

Mayor Courtney, Postmaster Pearson and Other Prominent Men Speak on the Measure.

That the proposed legislation relative to our city charter is exciting interest among the people of our city was evidenced by the large attendance of prominent men at the hearing in city hall this morning.

When the committee arrived at city hall this morning there were present in the public hearing room only about a dozen parties besides the members of the committee.

Supt. Whitcomb was on hand to favor the bill to authorize the city to exceed its debt limit by $200,000, the money to be used in erecting school houses.

Chairman Poore of the republican city committee conversed with Rep. Putnam and handed the latter some clippings from local papers.

Senator Irwin, chairman of the committee called to order at 10 o'clock.

James J. Smith said that George F. Richardson, Esq., who represented the petitioners, is unable to be present, and he would ask that Mr. Richardson be allowed one half an hour next week to close the hearing. Chairman Irwin said, the request would be granted.

Mr Smith then read the amendments which have been placed to the bill since the last hearing, and explained each one.

Chairman Poore of the republican city committee, appeared to represent that committee. "As the bill stood in the first place," he said, "we did not feel we could favor it. But we have had several conferences with the parties who introduced the bill and changes have been made which conform to our ideas and do not destroy the virtue of the bill. We do not regard the amendiments we propose as of a partisan character. THE SUN yesterday intimated that we oppose any clause in the bill that looks toward real reform in municipal matters, and that we favor the amended bill because it affords some partisan advantage."

I wish to deny this because I do not want to have a wrong impression made on the minds of the committee.

Mr. Poore then branched off into an explanation of the tax rate in the city and incidentally remarked that he was opposed to exceeding the debt limit.

Mr. Poore said that the republican city committee at a meeting held last evening decided in favor of having the bill submitted to the people for their approval or disapproval. The committee does not consider this a partisan bill. He further stated that his committee is opposed to allowing the mayor to make any temporary appointments. The committee believes all nominations should be subject to confirmation of the council.

It has been said that should the mayor have the appointment of a purchasing agent, he could organize a political power that would enable him to continue in office. He does not believe in giving the mayor such great power as the original bill proposed. We do not believe in appointing city clerk, city treasurer, city auditor and like officers for life. We think a three year limit should be placed on these officials. "As I said before," he continued, "We do not think we have injured the virtue of the original bill."

Col. Chadwick asked Mr. Poore wherein the amended bill offers any improvement over the old method of electing officers and wherein deadlocks and such situations can be overcome.

Mr. Poore replied that he did not think under the new rule there is any greater liability to deadlock than of old. He said he could not answer Col. Chadwick's question any better.

J. L. Chalifoux, a member of the financial commission, was the next speaker.

He said that the sentiment among business men is that the question of the future prosperity of Lowell is somewhat in the balance.

He recited the method in vogue of councilmen obtaining employment in the street department for their constituents. He wanted a superintendent of streets appointed as long as he is able to conduct the duties of the office properly.

He did not believe in three year terms. He favored the original bill before the committee. He wanted a purchasing agent appointed by the mayor. He wanted a change in method, such as is experienced in every line of business. I feel that if you refer the original bill to the people it will be accepted. But the amendment is proposed by a political party, if submitted to the people will become more of a political measure.

Col. Chadwick said he believed in the general principles underlying the original bill. He thought the original bill would commend itself to the people. He did not oppose, however, the idea of three year terms for the city clerk, city treasurer and city auditor.

Col. J. W. Bennett favored the original bill and said: "I am a republican; Mayor Courtney is a democrat; I am not afraid of him, and I am not afraid of any man who is favored with the suffrages of the people." This sentiment was loudly applauded.

Continuing, he said: "They say the republican city committee has proposed amendments to the bill. If I were you, I would not take any stock in the republican city committee; neither would I take any stock in the city council. We want you to give us relief; do something to benefit the 85,000 people in Lowell."

Solon W. Stevens, Esq., represented a number of voters who oppose the original bill and favor the amended bill. "We oppose the original bill because it gives too much power to the mayor, and is not consistent with the American idea of things. I entertain the greatest respect for Mayor Courtney and would trust him with these powers, if I believed in the idea.

At this point Lawrence J. Cummings caused a ripple of excitement by presenting four questions which he asked Mr. Stevens to answer. The questions are as follows:

"If notice of suspension of the head of a department is sent to the city council, and one branch fails to suspend the official by a two-third's vote, is it the intention to have the official continue in office?

"If the city council should remove an official appointed by the mayor and the official nominated as his successor should not be confirmed, who is to have charge of the department till his successor is chosen?

"Is it the intention in section 8 to transfer the power of making contracts from the city council to the heads of department?

"What executive power is left to the mayor if the city council controls his appointments and removals?"

Mr. Stevens gave no answer to the questions.

Gardner W. Pearson opposed the original resolution and the amendment. He would favor the original bill if the clauses relating to the appointment of officials by the mayor took effect on the passage of the bill, as in the case of the other clauses.

He said the republican city committee wishes the city council to have the power of confirmation so that they can continue officials in power. By the redistricting bill they obtained a two thirds representation in the common council and they know it will take some time to dislodge this force.

James W. Gregg, a member of the republican city committee, opposed the original bill because he feared it might establish a "Tammany hall ring" here.

Alderman Crowley favored the original bill and opposed the amendment. "I pity any man who comes here and says he is the mouth-piece of any political party. Men have stood up here today," said Mr. Crowley, as he pointed his finger directly at Mayor Courtney, "and told how much they loved our mayor. How can they do this, when they know that, figuratively speaking, they would cut his throat because he does not worship at their altar? This love for the mayor has been boasted here today even by men who boast of their silvery locks. Why the superintendent of streets has been obliged to dislodge men who have been in his department for 40 years simply to comply with the wishes of four subcellarites, dark lanternites, who form the majority of the committee on streets. Gentlemen, I love Lowell. Everything that is dear to me, is here. The ashes of my folks are in the cemetery here, and it is here I expect to be laid away. I am a true American and I say this because the question of Americanism has been raised by a previous speaker. My father was born on the other side of the Atlantic and this man who has spoken would proscribe me because of that. My kith and kin and myself offered our lives for our country; we fought on the battlefields to save our nation but this man would cut our throats figuratively speaking, because we do not worship at his altar." Mr. Crowley then said he favored the original bill. During the whole time he spoke with much feeling.

Prentiss Webster also spoke, in favor of the original bill, and against the amendment.

Lawrence J. Cummings presented a very able argument. He said he had studied the question and had drafted some ideas which he would suggest for the consideration of the committee. His principal suggestions were to allow the mayor the appointment of all officials excepting the city clerk, supt. of police, supt. of schools and city librarian.

Charles Cowley appeared in opposition to both the original bill and the amendment.

Edward McVey, favored placing the power of electing all heads of departments in the hands of the mayor.

Mayor Courtney opposed the bill as amended. He said there is great need of reform in our government. The conditions and practices demand it. He said the city is close to the debt limit, and said when he came into office he saw at once that it was necessary to do something. So he considered a plan which resulted in the appointment of the financial commission. He believed with Col. Chadwick in the principles underlying the original bill.

The hearing was then closed and several parties were heard in favor and against the bill to allow the city to exceed its debt limit by $200,000.

MADE POOR SHOWING.

The Effect of Company M's Internal Troubles Plainly Shown at Its Inspection.

M company, Ninth Regiment, made a miserable showing at its inspection last evening.

Major Donovan and Regimental Adjt. Kelly were the inspecting officers and a fair sized audience, including many ladies, were disappointed at the exhibition.

Almost a full company was present. Some of the officers were rattled and assisted the company in making mistakes, and the showing was without doubt the poorest this once "crack" company ever made.

Col. Bogan and his fellow officers were silent when asked their opinion of the proceedings.

It is thought that this state of affairs will call for a state inspection by the inspector general, which may result in the dissolution of the company.

After the departure of the visiting officers, Capt. Mitten scored his company for the poor showing and declared that a certain portion of the company ought to get out if they do not improve.

Visited High School.

Principal Coburn of the High school had as visitors yesterday three French brothers from New York city where they teach a parochial school. They are visiting St. Joseph's college and appeared greatly pleased at what they saw.

Bicycles.

Henley, $100.
Stockton, $85.
Gales, $75.
Manhattan, $60.
Fine selection of high grade bicycles, all warranted. J. F. McElhom, 55 Prescott street.

SEVERAL PLANS SUGGESTED

FOR ENLARGING THE VARNUM GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

Hearing Before Lands and Buildings Committee—Residents of Centralville Object to Destroying the Play Ground—One Petitioner Says a New School is Needed—Others Say Land on South Side is Cheaper Than On the North Side.

The lands and buildings committee last evening heard residents of Centralville suggest plans for enlarging the Varnum school. It is the unanimous opinion that an addition to the school is needed but the question is how shall it be made. The school committee suggested a plan and to it, opposition developed, till finally the committee decided the only graceful way out of the trouble was to hear all parties interested.

Prentiss Webster appeared for several petitioners who wished to be heard.

While opposing the annex toward Myrtle street, he was in favor of one on the north side, or toward Sixth street, to contain eight rooms and a hall. He suggested that $600 a year could be saved by locating the Bridge street kindergarten in the latter.

Joseph S. Brown and W. G. Howe also opposed the school committee's plan of enlarging the school, and the latter believed that a new school should be erected near the corner of Tenth and Methuen streets.

Wm. J. Lane favored a four room addition on the north side of the present building.

Henry H. Harris, master of the school, said that there were pupils enough to fill four rooms. The play ground is large enough now, but would not be if the addition was made within the present lines. The Lakeview school is so crowded that six teachers are required for four rooms. There are now 625 pupils accredited to the Varnum school, making it the second largest in the city. He would be satisfied with four rooms and a hall, but could not say that it would be sufficient a year from next September.

F. A. Taylor and A. F. Young both favored making the addition on the south side of the building. They did not want to see the playground destroyed and again they thought land on the south side could be purchased cheaper than on the north side.

SLIVER CARRIES LAWRENCE

THE REDOUBTABLE JERRY HAS EVERY WARD

And His High G Voice Will Likely be Heard at the Democratic National Convention.

Democratic caucuses were held throughout the city of Lawrence last night. The chief interest centered in the contest for national delegate between Guy W. Currier and Jeremiah T. O'Sullivan.

The latter carried every ward. Out of 1000 he received 730.

In an interview the "Sliver" said he appealed to the plain, every day democrats, and the result is a notice to bosses and politicians that the common people will hereafter run the caucuses.

THEATRICAL NEWS.

Wonderland.

Two large and well pleased audiences witnessed the performances at the Wonderland Musee and theatre yesterday afternoon. In the Curio hall Betra exhibited her den of monster snakes including the only living anaconda on exhibition. Prof. Frank Aubin performed many and mystifying tricks in magic and palmistry. Arizona Jack and Queen Dona were well received in their feats of marksmanship and Prof. Ordway's great illusion "Thauma" puzzled everyone.

Up in the theatre the first number on the bill was the performance given by Enoch the amphibious wonder who in his tank of water baffled the laws of nature. This afternoon in presence of Prof. Wood of Harvard medical school and the local fraternity, he will endeavor to break his record of 11 minutes, 30 seconds out of 12 minutes.

Leonard and Fulton did a neat sketch which included singing and dancing of a pleasing kind. Billy Houlton, one of the original "Drury Lane" boys appeared before his admiring friends and whistled. Markham and Berry did a very clever musical sketch and Al. Tanner and Mamie Rennat were cordially received. The feature of the musical numbers was the singing of Phyllis Ruffell Ordway. She possesses a grand soprano voice which has earned for her the title of the "Vaudeville Patti" and she rendered several difficult yet tuneful selections admirably. The after piece is a funny sketch in which the leading figure is winsome Julia Redmond.

Music Hall.

Miss C. Blanche Rice, who made such an impression as Lucy in "Hand across the sea," is playing the principle role in "Hobbies," Nat Goodwin's funny musical comedy at Music hall the first three nights of next week and Wednesday matinee, April 6, 7 and 8. The company also includes the well known comedian Ed. W. Emerson, the English baritone H. Gitters Lonsdale, also the well known Lowell favorite Mr. Frank Edwards, and many others. New songs and dances.

Savoy Theatre.

A large audience witnessed an excellent performance at the Savoy Theatre yesterday afternoon and evening.

McLean and Hall pleased the audience with plantation songs and dancing, while Emery and Nodine have a funny sketch which introduces excellent musical novelties. Murphy and McCoy captivated the house by the humorous sayings and their clever acrobatic work. Thomas J. Heffron, the one-legged dancer, and William Roberts, the equilibrist, both come in for a good share of the applause. Mayne and Neilson appear in a sketch dno which is warmly applauded. Minnie Cline won the favor of the audience by her catchy songs. Altogether the bill is one of the best ever presented to a Lowell audience.

Police Court—Hadley J.

Seven drunks. Three released.

Victoria Hennessey was sent to jail for 7 months while John O'Donnell was sent to the same place for 5 months.

Edward J. Finnegan charged with larceny of an overcoat was found guilty and sentenced to five months in jail.

Rose Gauthier was found guilty of larceny and was sent to the workhouse for 3 months.

Sarah R. Shields, also Arthur and Mary Jones illegally keeping liquor were held until April 6.

The case of Mary Connell for keeping adulterated milk was placed on file.

"Titus, or a Comrade of Christ," the great one thousand dollar story can be found at Lawler's book store. Price 5c.

A LABOR PROBLEM

Of the Utmost Importance Now Being Sifted

BY CARROLL D. WRIGHT FOR LABOR DEPARTMENT.

To Compass The Injury of Intemperance to Labor.

The investigations of Carroll D. Wright on various questions have interested the entire world, but his present undertaking to arrive at definite conclusions on the liquor question as it affects the toilers will perhaps be the most important of his career.

It will be watched with intense interest and his findings will contain the most reliable information on this all-important problem.

The national department of labor, under the provisions of an act of congress, passed in March, 1895, is engaged in an investigation of the liquor problem in its economic aspects.

In accordance with the act, Carroll D. Wright, commissioner, has prepared a schedule of inquiries, fitted to secure such information in regard to excess in the use of intoxicating liquors among employes of large manufacturing, transporting, and other business corporations, as the managers of such establishments may be possessed of through long observation and experience.

These schedules have been sent with the understanding that in the published volume of the results of the investigation, no disclosure of the names will be made of persons, firms, corporations, or establishments furnishing information. Here are some of the questions asked in the schedules:

When employing new men do you usually or habitually take into consideration the question of whether or not they were addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors?

Are any considerable portion of your employes subject to night work?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors than others?

Are any considerable portion of your employes subject to frequent and considerable overwork?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor than others?

Are any considerable number of your employes habitually or frequently subject, during working hours, to exposure to severe weather?

Are these more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor than others?

Do you have occupations or positions in which you require that the employes pursuing them (though you make no such requirement in others) shall not indulge in the use of intoxicating liquors? State whether the requirement is made when off duty as well as on, and why made at all.

If you have at any time made a reduction in daily hours of labor of your employes, have you noticed the lessening of the use of intoxicating liquor among them as a consequence?

Are your employes more addicted to the use of intoxicating liquor immediately after the regular wage payment has been made than at other times? If so troubled, have you tried different modes or times of wage payment with hopes of lessening it?

Does the over-indulgence of intoxicating liquor by your employes on Sunday or holidays interfere with their usefulness as workmen on the days immediately following?

To the wide range of information given by answers to the questions, persons to whom the schedules are sent are asked to give any means employed for the lessening of excess in drinking, and also to suggest what means, in their opinion, better than now employed, can be taken by employers, communities, organizations, municipalities, or states, to lessen the consumption of intoxicating liquor among the people.

The one question which this investigation will be most likely to settle relates most closely to the "moderate drinker," and the replies to Colonel Wright's queries ought definitely to determine whether a workman may drink in small relative amounts and still retain his efficiency.

To the masses of American toilers as well as to the manufacturers these questions are of great interest and their final answer as Mr. Wright will handle them, will deserve careful study.

EASTER SHOES.

The kind that have the style snap and merit, and the most agreeable feature of the Spring footgear.

FOR LADIES, MISSES AND CHILEREN.

Is that never were styles so smart and shoes so reasonable whether your taste runs to needlenoses, or comfort shoes, you will find ample variety to please your taste in our stock.

"HAPPY FOOT" SHOES

For ladies in spring weight are now ready, we recommend them to the attention of those who suffer with tender feet.

FOR MEN AND BOYS

The "J. & M" Jersey shoes set the pace for what is correct in toes shade of color, when Tan shoes are used and general cut and trim. What Patent leather and calf skin is wanted you owe it to yourself to see the goods at least and wonder how we sell them so cheap

FIRST APPEARANCE

of the "Eclipse" line Men's shoes in calf skin, patent leather and Russia up-to-date in style at $3.00.

O'Sullivan Bros.
OPP. CITY HALL.

THE SUN EXTRA

5 O'CLOCK

REED OR McKINLEY

New Hampshire Convention Favors Either.

NAMES OF BOTH APPEAR IN PLATFORM.

Reed, However, is the Move Popular.

CONCORD, N. H., March 31.—The republican convention was called to order shortly after 11 o'clock and the delegates at large were elected as was expected. The platform adopted, calls for the rescue of the country from democratic misrule, repeal of the obnoxious democratic tariff, substitution of a tariff similar to the McKinley act, reciprocal trade with foreign countries, procurement of abundant revenues, currency laws with gold, silver and paper exchangeable at face value, moral and material support of Cuba, a sound American policy including the Monroe doctrine and either Reed or McKinley for president, each in its opinion being a platform in himself.

HOT FROM THE WIRE.

A despatch from Constantinople states that the government will allow the distribution of relief in Anatolia if an Ottoman official be permitted to assist.

The breaking of a dyke on the Thames at London, Ont., caused a flood which damaged 1000 homes.

It is reported from Chicago that the iron and steel industry of the country is in the control of a few men with a capital of $300,000,000, bound together by a common interest.

J. F. Clarkson of Iowa believes that Allison will be the choice of the St. Louis convention.

All the newest books, including a full line of devotional and religious books, can be found at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets.

FUNERALS.

HAUGHTON—The funeral of Fannie Haughton took place Sunday afternoon from her home in Wigginville. Rev. L. C. Manchester read the service and Mr. Coburn sang. The bearers were Messrs. Thomas Burns, Peter Burnet, James Ashbin and Charles Coburn. Interment was in the Edson cemetery.

PULOCK — The funeral of Augusta Pulock occurred Sunday from her home on Third street. Rev. Mr. Haskell officiated. Interment was in Edson cemetery.

DEATHS.

LYONS—Rose Lyons, aged 62 years, died yesterday at her home, 62 Manufacture street.

Mischievous Conductors Fined.

The three street car conductors who were arrested last week, charged with breaking and entering the Walker house on the Lowell road, were arraigned before Judge Rogers in Methuen yesterday morning. Col. William R. Lowell of Lawrence appeared for them. The charge was abandoned and all three pleaded guilty to a charge of malicious mischief. Cole and Young were fined $10 each, and McGuire $20.

A Billerica Election.

Mr. J. Parker, for 10 years superintendent of Billerica town farm, known to tramps as the "Parker House" has been re-elected by the overseers of the poor for the ensuing year.

Red Books Distributed.

The printing committee met last evening and distributed the new "red books." Councilman George took one book to each newspaper office.

At the Grace church dedication tonight doors will be open to the public after 7.15.

Rich Red

Blood is absolutely essential to health. It is secured easily and naturally by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, but is impossible to get it from so-called "nerve tonics," and opiate compounds, absurdly advertised as "blood purifiers." They have temporary, sleeping effect, but do not CURE. To have pure

Blood

And good health, take Hood's Sarsaparilla, which has first, last, and all the time, been advertised as just what it is—the best medicine for the blood ever produced. Its success in curing Scrofula, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Catarrh, Dyspepsia, Nervous Prostration and That Tired Feeling, have made

Hood's Sarsaparilla

The One True Blood Purifier. All druggists. $1.

Hood's Pills are purely vegetable, reliable and beneficial. 25c.

WANTED.—A first class pants and vest maker. Apply to John J. Bunker, Broadway, Methuen, Mass.

Even if you don't buy your clothes here, seeing our stock will settle the question of what is right and fashionable in men's and boys' wearing apparel.

There's every reason though, why those who wear good clothes should come here for them.

Only a slight difference in cost between this good clothing and the other kind, but what a difference in the "wear?"

Covert coats, Spring overcoats, Spring suits, the good kinds, $8.00 to $25.

PUTNAM & SON,
166 Central Street.

A NEW DEPARTURE

Lawrence Mf'g Co. Will Abandon Coarse Goods.

WILL MANUFACTURE NOTHING BUT HOSIERY.

Over One Half Its Business Discontinued.

Hereafter the Lawrence Manufacturing company will manufacture only hosiery. It has been decided no longer to manufacture coarse goods, which means, virtually, the discontinuance of half the company's business.

Speaking of the matter Treasurer Parker is reported to have said:

"We intend to stop cloth manufacturing at Lowell for good. At present half our product is hosiery and the balance is cloth. We intend to keep on manufacturing hosiery. Outside of hosiery, the Lawrence Manufacturing company has always been a manufacturer only of coarse cloths, its largest production being LL sheeting, weighing four yards to the pound. The southern mills have become very large makers of this weight of goods, and we see no hope with their low wages, of our being able to make it at a profit here. Instead of going there, as some corporations have, or spending a great deal of money here to fit up for fine goods, the directors of the company considered it best to return part of the capital to the stockholders, retaining at Lowell the hosiery business only."

MONEY DEPOSITED.

Money deposited in the Savings Department of the Traders' National Bank at 30 Middlesex street and 11 Post Office avenue before 4 p. m. Friday, April 3rd, will draw interest at the rate of four per cent per annum from April 1st. Interest may be withdrawn or will be added to the principal on the first days of July and January. Bank open from 8 a. m. to 4 p. m. and on Saturdays from 8 a. m. to 1 p. m. and from 7 to 9 p. m. WILLIAM F. HILLS, Cashier.

$125 UPRIGHT PIANO, in good condition, made by Hallet & Davis, Boston; seven and one-third octaves. A bargain for some one. GEORGE A. GARDNER, 20 Prescott Street, Lowell, Mass.

IF THE DOCTOR
says you should take a little stimulant why not get the best. That you will get if you trade at McPaddin's wine rooms opposite the post office. All the choicest brands of ales, wines and liquors.

ZENDA,

THE NEW IDEA OR IMPROVEMENT IN CORSETS.

The sale of this corset since it was introduced this year, is something marvelous. Did it ever occur to you how important it was to wear a Perfect Fitting Corset? It is the secret of perfect dressing; gives you a trim figure and stylish appearance.

The 'ZENDA' Will Do This For You

Made in ten different styles to fit all forms. Corsets fitted free of charge. Money refunded in every case if not satisfactory.

Price from $1 to $5.

BUTTRICK'S Pattern and Corset Parlors,
204-206 MERRIMACK STREET.

WOOD TO BURN. Get in your stock of Wood for the Winter. We have all kinds. Hard wood, soft wood, mill kindling and slabs. Edward Cogger & Co., 125 Church and 23 Concord streets.

Commonwealth of Massachusetts.
MIDDLESEX ss

Lowell, Mass., March 23, 1896.

Taken from a tax warrant issued by the City of Lowell and will be sold at public auction by Geo. F. Sutter, Deputy Sheriff, on Wednesday, April 1, 1896, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, all the stock and fixtures in hardware store of Callaghan and Sanborn, situated at Merrimack Square, cor. Bridge and Merrimack streets in said Lowell.

JOHN McMANUS,
Constable of Lowell and Deputy Collector of Taxes.

LOWELL DAILY SUN.

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Publisher.

SUN BUILDING, LOWELL, MASS.

Issued Daily; Sundays Excepted.

Per Year, $3.00 Per Month, 25c.

City Delivery and Postage Free.

ENTERED AS SECOND-CLASS MAIL MATTER.

Member of the Associated Press

LET THE PEOPLE DECIDE.

Today the democrats of this city have an opportunity to make known to the committee on cities the outrage inflicted upon them by last year's legislature in the Lowell redistricting bill.

That measure has practically disfranchised more than half the people of Lowell, so far as the school board, the common council and the overseers of the poor are concerned.

To call it a gerrymander of the worst kind, gives no idea of the outrageous injustice of this measure.

The people of Lowell, at least those who have been deprived of their rights by legislative enactment, have lost all confidence in the legislature.

They have had a practical illustration of what Wendell Phillips taught during his life and what John Boyle O'Reilly so beautifully expressed when he said that "The highest crime may be writ in the law of the land."

The redistricting act of last year will deprive the people of this city, outside the republican party, which means the majority, of a voice in the school board, the overseers of the poor, and the common council for the next ten years.

True, the democrats have a small representation in each of these bodies, but it is powerless to affect the action of the majority and so is likely to remain for the next decade.

The measure is a gross violation of the principle of local self-government; but while the people are yet smarting under its injustice, lo and behold the republican city committee again comes forward with a proposition to change the city charter so as to give them a still greater advantage, and a more firm grip on the city government for all future time.

The sketch of the new charter said to meet the approval of the republican city committee, if adopted, will be the culmination of legislative outrage in the permanent suppression of the people's rights. The propositions laid down would enable the republicans to install their officers in every department at city hall for three years; and would thereafter enable them to perpetuate their control of the city government despite the will of the majority.

The question then that confronts the people of Lowell today is whether in this nineteenth century, before the gaze of the whole world, the legislature of Massachusetts will destroy majority rule in the city of Lowell and ingraft upon the city charter an amendment in open violation of the principle of local self government?

Is there a man of decency on the committee on cities; is there a man in the whole legislature with courage enough to stand for justice——if there be, he will set his face boldly against this high handed outrage proposed for the city of Lowell.

If the charter is to be amended let all the propositions be put in proper form and submitted to the people at the next election. Let the people of Lowell decide, by a majority vote, what amendments they want and what amendments they don't want.

No man of justice or integrity will object to the will of the people, unless indeed, he be a man of such autocratic tendencies that he mistrusts the people.

When this state was established, nay, when the republic itself was established, it was on a basis of majority rule and self-government.

Is the city of Lowell to be deprived of these priceless prerogatives guaranteed by the constitution?

Did not the men of Lowell fight for liberty at their country's call; did they not shed their blood on the battlefield that they might enjoy the glorious boon of freedom and of self-government to the end of time?

If their country required their services once more the people of Lowell would today shed their blood, if necessary, on the battlefield in defence of the sacred cause of freedom.

But of late years the legislature which should be the chief defender of the people's rights, is filching those rights, little by little, until the time has arrived when the people must call a halt.

Therefore, we say to the committee on cities that presides at the hearing today: "Gentlemen, unless you are partisan cowards, unless you disgrace the glorious name of Massachusetts, you will not be a party to the rape of the people's rights in the city of Lowell; you will not be the pliant tools of the dark-lantern organization that at present runs the local republican machine to the exclusion of all fair-minded, decent and liberal men.

"But if you do you will prove yourself unworthy the high trust reposed in you and your names will go down in infamy to well earned obscurity, bearing the righteous execration of the citizens of Lowell.

New Bedford has been privileged to reissue its licenses of last year. If the mayor wants to discharge that body he has good reasons for so doing on the grounds of incompetency.

So Turkey has recalled her minister and gives every evidence of being real mad on account of the Armenian resolutions passed by congress. How sorry uncle Sam will feel!

EQUIVOCATION WON'T GO.

Juggling of Words on the Money Question Will Not Suffice.

Mr. McKinley has made a mistake. He is undoubtedly "the favorite" in the race for the Republican presidential nomination, but the race is not yet won, and still less is it decided what the result at the polls next November is to be.

The money question is one of the utmost consequence just now. The people at last understand it. They are divided into two bodies. One has presented as its ultimatum to political parties that they shall declare unequivocally for the free and unlimited coinage of silver at the ratio of 16 to 1 without awaiting agreement with any other country. The other with equal insistence demands that they shall declare themselves unfalteringly opposed to this free silver policy.

The time has passed when either side is to be deceived or satisfied with any juggle of words, however ingenious. Yet Mr. McKinley has had his Ohio convention frame and adopt a resolution on this subject which means nothing except that he would like the support of men on both sides without pledging himself to anything on either side.

It is not likely that any such policy will meet acceptance either at St. Louis or in the election. Mr. McKinley is likely to be nominated because he stands for protection, but it will be upon a much more pronounced platform than that which he has framed or else his nomination will invite revolt and bolting.

The issue is simple enough. The people on both sides of this question are asking parties and candidates the categorical question, Are you or are you not in favor of free and unlimited silver coinage at the ratio of 16 to 1 and without waiting for international agreement? No attempt to answer this question with equivocations is likely to satisfy the men on either side of the controversy. We have passed beyond that stage.—New York World.

NOT A STATESMAN.

McKinley Has Little Except His Tariff Views to Recommend Him.

Senator Cullom thinks McKinley is less qualified for the office of president than any other conspicuous candidate.

Possibly Senator Cullom's views may be somewhat colored by the fact that McKinley is making considerable inroads upon the Illinois delegation, but nevertheless there are many people who agree with the man who looks something like Lincoln.

The fact is that ex-Governor McKinley has never given any special evidence of statesmanship. The legislation for which he is chiefly noted—the McKinley bill—was repudiated by the American people with as much emphasis as any legislation of recent years. In fact, many prominent protectionists think the bill was bunglingly and injudiciously drawn up.

As governor of Ohio McKinley did not add to his reputation. In fact, many people of Ohio do not hesitate to say among themselves that in executive qualities their late governor showed himself deficient. He plainly did not make a great governor of Ohio.

No campaign of shouting at Columbus and fat frying later on can make a candidate really great. Major McKinley is an amiable and well intentioned man, but there is much presidential timber of sounder quality in his party than he.—Boston Globe.

The "Kitty" Keeper.

Hon. Mark Hanna, the royal "kitty" keeper of the McKinley boom, has managed to train down to one newspaper interview per day. The other booms might manage to make some headway if they only had a Hanna in stock.—Washington Post.

Debs In Georgia.

When Eugene Debs came into Georgia, he had the disadvantage of general prejudice to contend with. Newspapers had violently assailed him as little less than a heartless and brutal anarchist, actuated alone by a character of brute sympathy for his followers. The character of the Chicago riots was against him. He has delivered four lectures in Georgia, and three of the best newspaper critics in the state have ventured to analyze the man more distinctively than usually falls to the lot of public characters.

His critics have striven against applauding, and yet their estimates of the man and his integrity of purpose are such that might swell the heads of men who are pronounced the greatest of the age. Through the crucible of torture he has reached the magnificent splendor of a philanthropist. That he has made the impression that he has in Georgia, where stolid conservatism is a native element, is a remarkable performance. That he has been listened to without regard to caste and put every class of people to remarking the faultlessness of his views is something more.

Whatever his direct purpose, he has made but one mistake. He should deliver two addresses where he makes one. —Brunswick (Ga.) Times-Advertiser.

Praise For the Walking Delegate.

In a recent address Mr. Ernest Crosby, at the Social Reform club of New York, said: "Of course we always hear of the strikes, because they generally make such a loud noise, but many people falsely blame the 'walking delegate' for stirring up strikes, yet I assure you that it is not his duty to go about making the working people discontented, for he would have everything to lose by strikes. He must have the trust of the people, and his is therefore a most praiseworthy and justifiable profession."

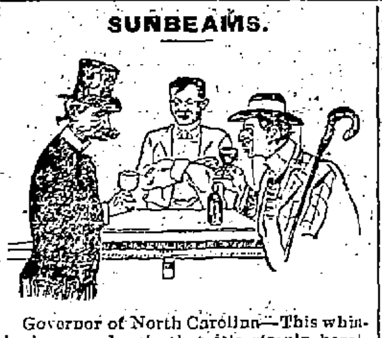
How to Make Popcorn Pudding.

Pop some corn nicely, then roll it as fine as you can—a pint of the corn to a quart of sweet milk. Add a small piece of butter, a teaspoonful of salt. Beat 3 eggs with enough sugar to sweeten the milk; mix all together. Bake 20 minutes.

NOT WHAT WE SAY, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla Does, that tells the story of its merit and success. Remember HOOD'S Cures.

DR. KELLEY SURGEON DENTIST

SUNBEAMS.



Governor of North Carolina—This whisky is so good, sah, that it's simply horrible.

Governor of South Carolina—Why horrible?

Governor of North Carolina—Why, sah, it's so good it makes one's mouth watah! —Truth.

A Society Note.

"Papa, if you don't buy me that diamond necklace you promised me, I'll run off with the coachman," said a New York girl to her father.

"Come to my arms, my dearest daughter! You are the joy of your father!"

"Then you are going to buy me the diamonds?"

"Oh, no! I want you to elope with the coachman. I owe him back wages for the last six months."—Texas Sifter.

A Sacrifice.

"Say," said the admiring magnate of trade, "that poster is all right. Man would know the minute he looks at it what it is meant to advertise." And he handed the artist a check of four figures and went his way.

The artist sighed. "So it is perfectly intelligible, is it?" he said unto himself. "Ah, well, better men than I have at times sacrificed art to their necessities."—Cincinnati Enquirer.

Old Story to Him.

"My boy," said the passenger with the fur lined coat and the smooth shaven, square face, "it was the success of the season. There wasn't standing room."

The conductor smiled a sour smile. "Zif I didn't have the same experience every day," said he to the motorman.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

No Danger.

Mr. Bacon—I'd be a little careful, dear, about going in crowds. They say there is a good deal of contagious disease about.

Mrs. Bacon—Don't worry, love. I'm only going shopping. You never heard of a woman getting anything shopping, did you?—Yonkers Statesman.

Resentful and Sensible.

Mrs. Finn—I think you do be lookin illigant, Delia, dear.

Delia (just from a seminary)—You should not say "do be," mother. It is awfully Irish.

Mrs. Finn—And ain't I Irish?—Harlem Life.

The Wrong Name For It.

Fuddy (hesitating to put his umbrella in the rack)—Isn't there danger of somebody taking the wrong umbrella by mistake?

Duddy—Wrong umbrellas are never taken by mistake!—Boston Transcript.

Hobo Logic.

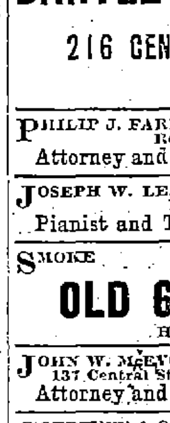
Hungry Higgins—Between you and I, I think these here jokes about our profession is almost worked to death.

Weary Watkins—Well, so long as it ain't us that's bein worked to death, what kick have we got?—Indianapolis Journal.

An Observer.

"But he is a law and order league man?"

"That's no recommendation. I have noticed that people who make themselves busy in attending to the morals of other people are apt to be rather careless about their own."—Boston Courier.



An important message often comes by telegraph, but the most important message that ever was delivered to mankind has been given to them through the newspapers. It is given again in this article.

It is the information that 98 per cent. of all cases of consumption can be completely and permanently cured. There is no doubt about it. The statement is not made recklessly, but after the experience of thousands has made it an indisputable fact. Consumption is not a disease of the lungs. It is a disease of the blood, which in weak lunged people manifests itself by the formation of tubercles in the lungs and the wasting away of lung tissue. The cure for consumption is simple. It consists in the administration of a medicine that will assist the lungs in throwing off tuberculous matter, and that will cleanse the system so that this refuse matter will be replaced by strong, healthy tissues. That sounds like a very simple operation, and yet consumption baffled the combined medical skill of the whole world for hundreds of years. Consumption was considered incurable until the advent of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. This great remedy is the most wonderful blood purifier and strengthener that the world has ever known. It is the result of years of study and experiment, by a scientific physician and has been tested in every way by him for over 30 years. It has an unbroken record of success. It cures a great variety of diseases, because almost all diseases have their origin and support in impurity and weakness of the blood. As long as a man's blood is rich and pure, he is in no danger from diseases. The blood is the medium through which food is carried from the digestive system to all of the tissues of the body. If it carries impure things, or an insufficient quantity of good things, trouble will ensue. There is nothing about that so very hard to understand. It is perfectly plain and natural and rational. The "Golden Medical Discovery" puts the digestive system in perfect order, purifies and enriches the blood and so puts the whole body into perfect tune.

This talk is continued in Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This 1008 page book sent free on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to cover cost of mailing *only*. WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, Buffalo, N.Y.

OLYMPIC ALLEYS

The Olympic Bowling Alleys are the finest in the city. No one need go hungry up there, as the Butchers and Grocers have entered the tournament, which begins next week. Get into the game, and remember these alleys are under the supervision of Tommy Golden. They are open day and night at No. 110 MIDDLESEX STREET.

ARTHUR M. BERTRAND,
(Successor to F. W. Sargent.)
Merchant Tailor
Fine Tailoring a Specialty.
24 Middle Street, Lowell, Mass.
Dress Suits to Let.

SCOTT & O'DAY,
Plumbers and Sanitary Engineers
Steam, Gas and Water Piping.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO
54 APPLETON STREET.
Opposite New Post Office. Telephone 54-4.

ONE THING IS CERTAIN PAIN-KILLER KILLS PAIN

PAIN-KILLER
THE GREAT
Family Medicine of the Age.

Taken Internally, It Cures Diarrhœa, Cramp, and Pain in the Stomach, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c., &c.

Used Externally, It Cures Cuts, Bruises, Burns, Scalds, Sprains, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Frosted Feet.

No article ever attained to such unbounded popularity.—*Salem Observer.*
An article of great merit and virtue.—*Cinn. Nonpareil.*
We can bear testimony to the efficacy of the Pain-Killer. We have seen its magic effects in soothing the severest pain, and know it to be a good article.—*Cincinnati Dispatch.*
A speedy cure for pain—no family should be without it.—*Montreal Transcript.*
Nothing has yet surpassed the Pain-Killer, which is the most valuable family medicine now in use.—*Tenn. Organ.*
It has real merit; as a means of removing pain, no medicine has acquired a reputation equal to Perry Davis' Pain-Killer.—*Newport (Ky.) Daily News.*
It is really a valuable medicine—it is used by many Physicians.—*Boston Traveller.*
Beware of imitations, buy only the genuine made by "PERRY DAVIS." Sold everywhere, large bottles, 25 and 50c.

INDAPO
THE GREAT
HINDOO REMEDY
PRODUCES THE ABOVE
RESULTS in 30 DAYS. Cures all Nervous Diseases. Failing Memory, Paresis, Sleeplessness, Nightly Emissions, etc., caused by past abuses, gives vigor and size to shrunken organs, and quickly but surely restores Lost Manhood in old or young. Easily carried in vest pocket. Price $1.00 a package. Six for $5.00 with a written guarantee to cure or money refunded. Don't buy an imitation, but insist on having INDAPO. If your druggist has not got it, we will send it prepaid. Oriental Medical Co., Props., Chicago, Ill., or our agents. SOLD by Ellingwood & Co., Barristers' Hall, Merrimack, Cor. Central St., & 255 Central St., Cor. Middlesex St. & Goodale's Drug Store, 77 Central St., LOWELL, MASS.

It doesn't look much like planting

SEEDS

Just now, but we want to call your attention to the fact that we have a FULL STOCK OF FINE SEEDS

FOR YOUR GARDEN

Also, you can have a NEW CATALOGUE by calling on

BARTLETT & DOW

216 CENTRAL STREET.

PHILIP J. FARLEY, Room 11, Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

JOSEPH W. LEACH, Room 12, Shedd's Block.
Pianist and Teacher of Singing.

SMOKE
OLD 64 CIGAR.
H. BOOT, Manufacturer.

JOHN W. McEVOY, 137 Central St., Opp. American House,
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COURTNEY & COURTNEY, Mansur Block.
Counsellors-at-Law.
William F. Courtney. Henry S. Courtney.

W. A. LEW, 49 John Street.
Clothing Cleansed, Dyed and Pressed
Orders received for cleaning, dying and pressing promptly and neatly executed.

Wm. E. Livingston
DEALER IN
COAL, WOOD, LIME
CEMENT, SAND, GRAVEL,
HAIR, KAOLIN, PLASTER,
BRICKS, FERTILIZERS
Straw, Hay, Grain, Flour, Etc.
No. 15 Thorndike Street.
Branch Office, 49 Merrimack Street, Calderwood's Cigar Store.

Policeman: "Hello! You can't go to sleep here."

Convivial Party: "Can't I? Jush you watch me." (Falls into a profound slumber.)

BICYCLES.
Have You a Bicycle?

If not, do not delay but purchase one at once. For health, there is nothing like a bicycle. There is nothing like a spin on a wheel to make a man or woman feel like a new being. Do not wait until the summer is half past before thinking it over, but come now and examine our Temple wheels. There are no better ones made. Bicycling discounts horses, and nothing can be healthier than the exertion of propelling it. Everybody will wheel this summer, so come and be in the swim.

S. A. Byam
62 CENTRAL STREET.

French Academy.
Director, M. MICHEL, Of Paris.
Private Lessons and Classes in
French Language, Elocution,
Vocal Culture, Piano, Organ, etc.
FRENCH LANGUAGE and SINGING taught by Prof. M. MICHEL.
For Terms and Particulars apply from 10 to 12 a. m., and 2 to 5 p. m., every Monday, Wednesday, Thursday and Saturday, at 81 Merrimack street.

WM. B. SOLOMON, M. D.
(Eldest son of the late Dr. James M. Solomon, the Celebrated Specialist in Chronic Diseases) of Attleboro, Mass.,
Has Opened an Office in
Swan Building, Central, St., Lowell
Office Hours: 10 to 12 a.m., 2 to 5 & 7 to 9 p. m.

THE LOWELL
Gas Light Company
OFFICE:
22 Shattuck Street, Corner Middle
SEWALL G. MACK, President; JACOB ROGERS, Treasurer; D. B. BARTLETT, Clerk.
Directors: Sewall G. Mack, Levi Sprague, Jacob Rogers, A. G. Cumnock, George S. Motley, Edward M. Tucke, James Francis.

PRICE OF GAS
With the Discount Off for Prompt Payment, is
$1.00 One Thousand Feet

First Class Cooking Stoves set up and rented at a low rate per year. piping included. COKE, broken, screened and delivered, at $4.50 per chaldron; $2.25 per half chaldron, cash.
No charge made for the use of meters.
No charge made for running supply pipes from street mains to consumer's cellar.
Orders when left at office promptly attended to.

BICYCLE FREE
To learn on when you buy one of me. And I have no fake which the Fenton, America, Sterling, Adlake, the wheel of "High Degree," and cheaper ones at your price. Renting and repairing, sundries of all kinds.
GEORGE H. BACHELDER,
23 Post Office Avenue.

C. B. Coburn & Co.
Paint, Oils, Glass, Varnishes, Artists' Materials, Mill Supplies.
Selling Agents for Billings, King & Co.'s Pure Prepared Paints and Varnishes.
C.B.COBURN & CO.
61-67 Market Street.

WANT COLUMN.

WANTED—Trustworthy person to travel. Salary $780 and expenses. Reference. Enclose self addressed stamped envelope. Manager, Box P, Chicago.

WANTED—Good experienced women weavers. Good pay, steady work. Apply at Salt's Textile Mfg. Co., Bridgeport, Conn.

WANTED—Your child to have Rosy Cheeks, Pure Blood, to rest well. Get a box of the Alban Worm and Scrofula Tablets at all druggists. Price 25c., prepaid, by the Lowell Chemistry Co.

PATENTS—A. H. Hough, No. 925 F. street, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent is obtained. Write for Inventor's Guide.

TO RENT—A tenement of five rooms. Baldwin street, Middlesex Village. G. D. Kimball, room 14 Runels block, Merrimack square.

FOR SALE—Household furniture, consisting of one mantle bed, square piano, reason for selling, want of room. 780 Gorham street.

FOR SALE—Near school and Branch street two story two-tenement house, always rented. This is a bargain. Terms to suit you. Price $1450. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

LADIES—Chichester's English Pennyroyal Pills (Diamond Brand) are the best. Safe, reliable. Take no other. Send 4c., stamps, for particulars, "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return mail. At Druggists. Chichester Chemical Co., Philadelphia, Pa.

FOR SALE—In Pawtucketville, two story two-tenement house in good location. Price $2500. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

ALL LADIES having a few hours leisure each day should write me at once, regarding pleasant home work which easily pays $18 weekly. This is no deception and will certainly pay you to investigate. Reply with stamped envelop. Mrs. S. A. Stebbins, Lawrence, Mich.

FOR SALE—In Centralville, nearly new cottage, 5000 feet of land on easy terms. Price $1100. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

WANTED—500 young and old men to bring their old clothes to Fred P. Law's Dye house and Clothes Cleaning establishment at 477 Merrimack street, where he can make your old suit as good as new for a small sum.

FOR SALE—Near Westford street, a nice house, all modern improvements good barn and carriage. This is your chance to buy you a home. Price $3600. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Misses Keefe and Stevens.
Formerly of Boston, fashionable dressmakers. Room 7, Associate building, cor. Merrimack and Worthen streets, Lowell, Mass. Satisfaction guaranteed. Prices reasonable.

TENEMENTS TO LET.

TO LET—Good, pleasant, convenient tenements of 2, 3, 4, 5 rooms, at 79 Chestnut street.

FOR SALE—On Central street; a good boarding and lodging house, 21 rooms, lots of boarders. Price $5300. G. L. Hubbard, 44 Central street.

Real Estate House
Of Wm. H. Emery.
Room 29 A, Hildreth Bldg., Old P.O.
House lots on the Emery Estate, 6000 feet from City Hall, near the head of the new Moody Street Bridge, $320 and up, on very easy terms. Call for Plans, etc.
BELVIDERE.—A Modern residence of 9 rooms, bath, laundry, furnace heat, 4000 sq. ft. of land, nicely graded and fenced, concrete walks, &c., will sell for about two-thirds its value.
A. J. RYAN, Agent.
Room 29A Hildreth Building (Old Post Office)

Are You Satisfied
With your Carriage Repairs? We do
REPAIRING.
We please some people. We might please you. Why not give us a trial?
THE SAWYER CARRIAGE CO.
Worthen Street.
Work Called For and Delivered.

The Irritation
And Smarting of the skin caused by March winds can be instantly relieved by
El-A-Tol Soap.
Guaranteed absolutely pure and perfectly safe to use on the youngest child. There is no soap on the market for eczema, scrofula, sores, boils, or any eruption that compares with it. Price 15 cents a cake. Sold by all druggists.
ELLINGWOOD & CO.
APOTHECARIES,
Merrimack, Cor. Central St.
And 155 Central, cor. Middlesex St.

Date Cake.
1 Cup of Sugar.
1 Cup of Sour Milk.
1-4 Cup of Butter.
2 Cups of Flour.
1-2 Teaspoonful of Cloves.
1 Teaspoonful of Soda.
A little Nutmeg.
1-2 lb. of Dates, cut up fine.
New Dates only 5 cents per lb.
New Figs only 10c per lb.
F. M. BARNEY & CO.
Wholesale and Retail Merchant,
415 MIDDLESEX ST., LOWELL, MASS.

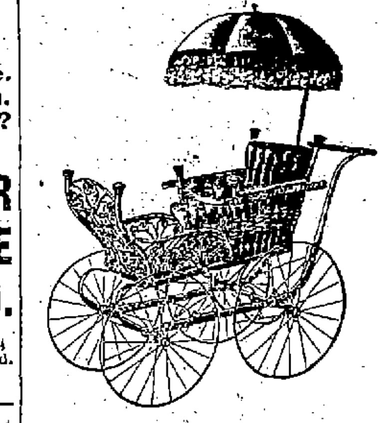
LOTHROP & CUNNINGHAM, 182 Merrimack Street,
Photographers.
Crayons, Pastels and Water Colors a specialty. All work guaranteed.

WAVERLEY BICYCLES
Highest of High Grades.
Are the Most Popular in the World.
Evidenced by the fact that there were more of them sold in '95 than any other make. Be sure to see sample before purchasing your '96 wheel.
Made By Indiana Bicycle Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
JEANNOTTE & CO., Agents.

Bargains This Week
$12 112-piece Dinner Sets, slightly inperfect, $5.49.
$3 10-piece Toilet Sets, English and American ware, $1.89
$3.50 56-piece Tea Sets, English and American ware, $2.89
10c. 6-inch Decorated Stone China Plates, 5c. each.
15c. French China Decorated Plates, 9c. each.
10c. French China Decorated Creamers, 5c. each.
15c. French China Cups and Saucers, 9c each.
5c. Cold Band China Egg Cups, 3c. each.
4c. plain China Egg Cups, large size, 2c. each.
5c. Tumblers in five different patterns, 2 1-2c. each.
6c. Goblets, nice clean goods, 3c. each.
15c. Glass Butter Dishes, large size, 7c. each.
Kinsella's, The U. S. Tea Co.
82 PRESCOTT ST. Elevator Accommodation. FIVE FLOORS.

DRUM MADE OIL-CLOTH
IT IS THE BEST OIL CLOTH IN THE WORLD.
THE TEST.
Roll this Oil Cloth out on the floor, by the side of any other make and while Our Drum Made Oil Cloth Lies Perfectly Smooth and Flat, the other will contain more or less ful edges, waves and wrinkles, consequently a piece of the lowest priced Drum Made will out wear a higher grade goods of the other market. Weight, finish and design count for nothing if the oil cloth does not hug the floor.

PETER DAVEY,
Undertaker and Furniture Dealer,
134 Market Street - - - Opposite Palmer
TELEPHONE: RESIDENCE, 458-2; STORE 314-2.

Baby Carriages

In reed, rattan and oak with either wire or wood wheels and upholstered in plush, silk, damask, corduroy, tapestry, cane and cretonne. This is finest line of carriages we ever had in stock and the prices are lower then ever before. New goods in every department. The latest spring patterns in
CARPETS, OILCLOTHS, AND MATTINGS
LINOLEUMS AND ART SQUARES
AND RUGS.
The new "Family Glenwood" range like its predecessors in the Glenwood line is a model of perfection in appearance and simplicity of its cooking arrangements.
When you need anything in the housefurnishing line, remember we have the goods you desire, and our prices are right every time.
COOKIN BRO'S, 66 Prescott Street.

HAVE YOU DROPPED YOUR WATCH?
If you have, bring it to us and we will repair it promptly and well. 15 years' experience at the repairing bench, and careful attention paid to every job, is the reason for our large and increasing repairing business. Try us once. CLEANING $1.00. MAINSPRINGS $1.00.
MOWER & SPARKS, 285 CENTRAL ST.

PETER J. BRADY, GROCER
448 Gorham Street.
Choice Teas, Coffees and Spices
Try our "BIG TWELVE" brand of flour the best in the city.

The hum of the spindle gives life to Lowell as does the
SPINDLE CIGAR
give pleasure to the smoker. Ask for Spindle Cigar and take no other. HENRY FLOOD, Prop.

MONEY SAVERS
1 LOT LADIES' KID BUTTON, regular $3 goods, slightly shop-worn, we will close them out at HALF PRICE— $1.50.
1 LOT MEN'S LACE SHOES, others ask $2 for this line of goods. BARGAIN PRICE $1.50.
EAGLE SHOE STORE
215 DUTTON STREET.
J. J. LONERGAN, - - Prop.

FRANCIS W. QUA, No. 8 Barristers' Hall.
Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

COAL, COKE, HARD WOOD, Slab Wood, and Mill Kindlings a Specialty. Wonderful load of Wood for $1.00 J. CARR & CO., Props., No. 201 Charles Street.

The Finest Family Wines and Liquors
To be Found in this city is at
E. FAULKNER'S,
Jefferson Street. Jones' Ale and all the Best Stock Ales, with the Choicest Brands of Liquors and Wines can be found there. He also makes a specialty of family trade. Call and try our LAGER and you will have no other, at No. 72 Jefferson Street.

UNION TAILORS
The only shop in town using the Union Label.
Call and see our line of SUITINGS and OVERCOATINGS at Rock Bottom prices.
F. S. Sharrow, 200 Central St.

The Gov. Winthrop Ranges
Excel all others for Baking and their Heating Stoves are the greatest economizers on fuel. The celebrated Stoves may be seen at M. O'Flahaven's at 79-81 Market street. He also does all kinds of Piping and Plumbing, and all kinds of Tinsmithing. Give us a call at
Nos. 79 to 81 Market Street

BACHELLER, DUMAS & CO.
Paper Ruling, Book and Pamphlet Binding. Blank Books a Specialty.
43 CHURCH STREET.

5 O'CLOCK EXTRA

A POOR GENERAL

Weyler in Cuba Does Not Help Spain.

THE PATRIOTS CONFIDENT OF SCORING VICTORY.

Should Recognition of Belligerency be Made.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Elbert Rappleye, the Cuban war correspondent of The Mail and Express, who was recently expelled from Habana, arrived here yesterday on the steamship Yucatan. In an interview Mr. Rappleye said:

"In General Weyler's decree expelling me from the island I am called an enemy of Spain, the charge being based on letters published in The Mail and Express over my signature. Any person familiar with existing conditions in Cuba would know that the only enmity, if any, I've shown toward Spain has been in telling the truth without fear or prejudice.

"As an impartial observer sent to Cuba to study and inform myself and report the progress of events there, I unhesitatingly state that within three months the insurgents' cause would be triumphant if the United States government would grant the belligerency right and give the Cubans anything resembling a fighting opportunity.

"The Spanish are now on the defensive. Every battle fought in Cuba in the past 30 days has been invited by the rebels. They have more ammunition now than they ever had, and if they can maintain a source of supply there is not anything that can prevent them from winning.

Spain's Mistake.

"General Weyler has been Spain's greatest mistake to the war. His name and reputation carried an odium which attracted the attention of the world. The best evidence of his bad generalship is his complete failure to hold the insurgents' armies back after they had left the western provinces of Cuba.

"Maceo started his western campaign, which is now complete, with 15,000 men, one-third of whom had not a single arm to fight with. Those who had guns went into battles with one or two cartridges, and fought, knowing that unless they captured the enemy's ammunition they would have nothing to fight with the next day.

"They are coming back with the whole cargo from the steamer Bermuda, and General Weyler is withdrawing the Spanish defenses from at least one-half of the principal points of the island to bar their progress.

"This leaves Gomez with a larger army than Maceo, practically unrestricted to do as he pleases in three-quarters of Cuba, while the barrier which Weyler is attempting to place before Maceo is acknowledged by one of his own generals, with whom I talked just before my departure, to be but little stronger numerically than Maceo's army."

Valera's Buncombe.

MADRID, March 31.—El Liberal prints an article ascribed to Senor Valera, formerly Spanish minister at Washington, urging, in view of the attitude of the United States, which, he says, apparently aims at imposing on Spain a heavy and shameful yoke, that Spain should enter into an alliance with France, Great Britain and Holland respecting colonial affairs. He argues that these powers would willingly conclude treaties with Spain on the subject.

Under the Weyler Order.

HABANA, March 31.—The patriot leader, Enrique Aleman, a brother of the celebrated leader of the same name, was shot yesterday in the fortress of Cabanas. This is in accord with Weyler's policy of treating the insurgents as bandits.

A Discouraging Report.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., March 31.—The steamer Labrador arrived last night from the sealing grounds with a full cargo of 17,000 seals. She reports that the Neptune has taken 20,000, the Walrus 9000, the Kite 9000 and the Leopard 10,000 seals. There is little or no catch of fish among the remaining 10 steamers. The Windsor Lake was lost on Thursday, being crushed in an ice floe. The crew were saved and brought home by the Labrador. The Ranger was also nipped, but was kept afloat by constant pumping. The Hope had her main shaft broken and is sailing home. The Labrador's report covers the steamers' fares for the past week, and renders the prospect of a successful fishery almost hopeless.

Wife Shoulders All Blame.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—Frank and Mattie Angelier, husband and wife, were put on trial here yesterday, charged with the murder of Charles Parker, a travelling salesman from Massachusetts. The five little children of the accused were in court. The crime of which they are accused occurred on Jan. 11 in the little cigar store and poolroom kept by the couple. Parker had been in the habit of visiting the place frequently, and Angelier accused his wife of undue intimacy with the salesman. No one save the Angeliers witnessed the shooting of Parker, and the woman said she had done it in defense of her honor, and that her husband had no share in it.

The Raleigh's Good Work.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The official report on the speed trial of the Raleigh last week shows that the vessel made an average speed of 18.64 knots an hour for four hours, under unfavorable weather conditions, in a heavy, rolling sea, which rolled the ship from 10 to 15 degrees. The officers of the department profess entire satisfaction with the results of the trial of this navy-yard built boat.

Clyde Over Its Banks.

LYONS, N. Y., March 31.—The Clyde river is at its highest mark since 1865. Great damage is being done to the surrounding country. Communication, except by boats, is cut off with half a dozen streets.

Baltimore Strike Ended.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—The garment workers of this city, who have been out on strike for the past five weeks, declared the strike off last night and returned to work today.

CAN BE OVERCOME

Antis in Convention May Beat McKinley.

TOM REED HAS NUMEROUS ADMIRERS

Who Dispute Claims of Ohioan's Friends.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Another week opens with an intense interest in the presidential race. The New York Herald's estimate yesterday of the strength of the various candidates on the first ballot is generally regarded here as a fair statement of the case as it appears. Of course, the friends of various candidates are disappointed in turn, but it evidently is not inspired by a wish to boom any particular one.

According to it, McKinley will have 303 on the first ballot, Reed 152, Morton 99, Quay 63, Allison 38 and Cullom 36, with 163 doubtful. Unless some decided revulsion in sentiment takes place, this is about as good a showing as the anti-McKinleyites can hope for. Accordingly, their best plan is to work for the control of the organization, and by it the determination of contested delegations.

If the opponents of McKinley are in a clear and controllable majority, that they will unite on one of their number rather than go to the leader on the first ballot seems probably from the present temper of the friends of the other candidates.

Three hundred and seventy-six delegates to the St. Louis convention—about two-thirds of the full membership—have now been chosen, as shown in the following table:

Alabama	4	New York	62
Arkansas	16	Ohio	20
Florida	8	Pennsylvania	64
Georgia	18	South Carolina	4
Illinois	14	South Dakota	8
Indiana	26	Texas	26
Iowa	25	West Virginia	6
Kansas	10	Wisconsin	24
Louisiana	10	New Mexico	6
Massachusetts	6	District of Columbia	2
Minnesota	18		
Mississippi	10	Total	376
Missouri	18		

McKinley Figures.

The largest estimate of Mr. McKinley's managers distributes these as follows (omitting eight doubtfuls, two from Pennsylvania and six from New Mexico):

For McKinley	304	For Allison	80
For Morton	60	For Quay	19
For Reed	49	For Cullom	10

The efforts of the managers of the other candidates are now directed solely to keeping the McKinley column down, so as to preclude the possibility of his nomination on the first ballot. With that event averted the situation in the convention will be very similar to that in the convention which nominated Governor Hayes of Ohio 20 years ago, when Blaine was the leading candidate, just as McKinley is today.

In pursuance of this purpose the friends of these various candidates are decrying McKinley, saying that McKinley managers are following the old Blaine tactics of claiming everything in sight, and that all uninstructed delegates are put down in the McKinley column, with or without warrant.

When the above estimate was shown to Representative Aldrich of Chicago, who is a strong friend of Speaker Reed, he said:

Aldrich's Estimate.

"A correct summary of the situation would give of the delegates elected to date 154 for McKinley and 177 against him, with 36 whose right to seats has yet to be passed upon. The claims of the McKinley managers include all of these 36, who could just as legitimately be counted in the Reed column as in that of the Ohio man.

"McKinley's managers claim all of the 26 delegates from Indiana, although it is a notorious fact that among these there are both Reed and Allison men, the bulk of the delegation being held in reserve for the benefit of ex-President Harrison, whose name, without doubt, will be presented at the St. Louis convention.

"The fact is that Reed has already 53 votes, with 72 more from New England yet to be heard from. That will give the speaker at once 124 votes, to say nothing of probable accretions from the southern and western states.

"The McKinley strength is about at the crest of the wave. By careful arrangement of the McKinley managers his conventions have been held ahead of those of the other candidates, and yet he is still behind the combined opposition. Most of New England is yet to be heard from."

In the Old Dominion.

RICHMOND, March 31.—The Republican county conventions in this state, so far as heard from, have been instructed in favor of McKinley's nomination. The indications are that McKinley has swept the state, and will secure nearly all, if not every delegate to the national convention from this state. The opposition to McKinley in Virginia has not amounted to anything more than to arouse bitter antagonisms between Chairman Lamb of the state committee and the McKinley leaders.

Silverites' Claims Were False.

PHILADELPHIA, March 31.—The Manufacturers' club of this city held a special meeting last night, at which strong resolutions were adopted opposing the free and unlimited coinage of silver, and denouncing as false and misleading the impression that has gone throughout the country that the club is favorable to free silver as a return for increased protection.

Not After Vice Presidency.

MERIDEN, Conn., March 31.—Judge Platt, son of United States Senator Platt, in an interview regarding his father's attitude toward serving a fourth term in the senate, stated emphatically that his father would be a candidate to succeed himself, but that he would not be a candidate for vice president, as had been hinted in certain quarters.

Drug Clerk Seriously Injured.

PAWTUCKET, R. I., March 31.—Albert Brownell, a clerk in Kelly's drug store at Central Falls, was at work upon a soda generator when the machine burst, throwing him several feet. One of his legs sustained a compound fracture; the other was lacerated, and he received a severe scalp wound and probably internal injuries.

Old Fire Horse Dropped Dead.

NASHUA, N. H., March 31.—While on the way to a fire yesterday, Dick, the oldest horse in the department, dropped dead, after 17 years of service in the department.

TO THE YOUNG FACE
Pozzoni's Complexion Powder gives fresher charms, to the old renewed youth. Try it.

THE X RAY SPECTACLES

EDISON INVENTS A PORTABLE MACHINE FOR SURGEONS.

By Putting the Fluoroscope Over His Eyes the Doctor Will Be Able to See the Fractures or Bullet Which He May Desire to Reach.

A few weeks ago Thomas A. Edison abandoned fluorescent photography, and since then he has devoted his time in his laboratory at West Orange, N. J., to searching for means of making X rays assist the naked eye in seeing through solid flesh. He experimented with 1,800 chemicals and minerals until he discovered that tungstate of calcium was the material for his purpose. He found that by covering paper with crystals of the chemical he was enabled to see through the arm and eight inches of solid wood and that it was also possible to see through three feet of cork all with the naked eye applied to a roughly constructed apparatus called by him a fluoroscope.

After discovering that tungstate of calcium served as a potential for the X rays the inventor continued to experiment with that chemical, and the other afternoon he stated that he had contrived a portable X ray apparatus. The new apparatus can be constructed for little money. Mr. Edison intends to show it at an electrical exhibition to be given in New York soon.

The new machine will permit hospital surgeons and physicians to examine an injured limb and to see the interior of the arm or leg while using their instruments in operation, so that no unnecessary cutting or probing will be done.

The new machine consists of a double tube vacuum pump attached to a wooden upright, the exhaust mercury pipe running into a small wooden box alongside the pump, in which the tube is placed. The electric current is furnished from an ordinary battery and induction coil under the box or in any other convenient place, and the wires leading up through the bottom of the box make it impossible that the surgeon or patient receive a shock. The surgeon would turn on the current and place the part of the body to be operated on across the top of the box with the tube belonging to the apparatus. The fluoroscope would then be fastened over the surgeon's eyes. When placed over the eyes, the fluoroscope looks like a large pair of spectacles without lenses. The outer end of the apparatus is covered with paper coated with the tungstate of calcium crystals. The thin board cover of the box offers no effective resistance to the passage of the rays, and it would be possible for the attending surgeon to make an examination of the injured part at leisure, to ascertain the exact spot of the injury, and to use his instruments with precision in removing a foreign substance or in setting a broken bone.

The tungstate of calcium is made for Mr. Edison by an Orange firm of chemists, and when he secures a new supply of the chemical he will continue work on the large screen or fluoroscope, with which he hopes to be able to see easily through all parts of the head or body. Thus far Mr. Edison has perfected his tubes and fluoroscope to such an extent that it is possible for him to see through the tissue of the arm, leg or shoulder and locate every bone clearly.

Whether Mr. Edison will make any money out of his fluoroscope or not is a question. Since he began experimenting with the Roentgen rays he has worked on an average 20 hours a day and has spent thousands of dollars.—New York Sun.

TELEPHONES TO LIGHTSHIPS.

Europe Will Profit by an Invention the United States Fails to Adopt.

The success of experiments conducted by the lighthouse board for establishing telephonic communication between lightships and the shore has attracted the attention of European governments which failed to solve the problem after years of trial, but which now propose to take prompt advantage of the achievements of American ingenuity. The treasury department upon application has already furnished copies of the report to several foreign ministers in Washington, and the system perfected at Sandy Hook will soon be in operation abroad, while, through lack of funds and the failure of congress to make appropriation for the purpose, the United States service is prevented from enjoying the benefits of its own enterprise.

The principal advantage of communication with lightships anchored at sea being that of reporting incoming steamers and other maritime news which is not within the province of the lighthouse board, that organization has naturally deferred to those whose interests are more directly involved to urge legislative action, and they have so far neglected the opportunity. The board has suggested the advisability of establishing a floating telephone station at sea off Fire Island, upon which it would embrace the opportunity to display a light as an aid to navigation, but the news gathering part of such an enterprise would necessarily be under other auspices than those of the board, which has hitherto hesitated to take the initiative in the matter, though warmly indorsing the project.—Philadelphia Telegraph.

'Cause the Comet Didn't Strike.

The earth is still a-rollin,
Still a-rollin on through space,
The stars are still a-winkin,
And the moon still hides its face;
Old Sol is still a shinin
So bright and cheerful like,
And we all are, oh, so happy,
'Cause the comet didn't strike.

The merchant still is tradin,
Still a-chatin as of yore,
For he knows the time is comin
When he, too, must close the door.
And the preacher still is preachin
Sort of goody, goody like,
And we all are mighty thankful
That the comet didn't strike.

The teacher still is teachin,
And the scholars still are taught
The way to read an write an spell
An cultivate the thought,
And the workman still is workin
(If he isn't on the strike),
And the prophets all are busted
'Cause the comet didn't strike.

And Jonah still is livin
(If he isn't in the whale),
Ann Uncle Sam is still at home,
Still pulls the lion's tail.
The eagle screams and flutters,
The band plays "Irish Mike,"
And better times are comin
Since the comet didn't strike.

The clerk's still at the counter,
The farmer's on the farm,
And astronomers are thinkin
About the sin of false alarm.
And women still are talkin
With their bloomers on their bike,
And everything is merry
Since the comet didn't strike.

—Jud Parsons.

Defining His Contempt.

"Your honor," pleaded the attorney, who was charged with contempt of court, "it all depends upon whether I am charged with official contempt for this court or personal contempt for the judge. I must protest that I am not guilty of the first offense, but I would rather take a fine than plead to the other charge."

And then he felt that several old scores had been wiped out.—Chicago Post.

WANTED—RICH WIVES.

Two Anonymous "Noblemen" Make Known Their Wishes.

"Nobleman, prince, 30, oldest European aristocracy, very wealthy, seeks acquaintance (first through confidential correspondence) with equally wealthy, matrimonially inclined, congenial lady. Anonymous."

"Nobleman (baron, high connection), 29, desires acquaintance of lady of means; object matrimony. Baron."

The above advertisements appeared recently in the personal columns of a New York paper. Already 'is 'ighness the prince, whose address is given at a place on Broadway, has received some odd hundreds of special delivery letters. There was a constant stream of gray coated messenger boys tearing madly in and out of the number given all day the next day and far into the night. The prince, whoever he may be, has enough tender epistles to keep him in reading matter for a month.

Information as to the identity of 'is princelets was asked and was promptly refused. The baron, that other scion of nobility who fain would married be, was unkind enough to give no address; therefore a chance to even ask for his identity was denied the curious. There are several well known descendants of the peerage in New York now, however, who are out of a job. So it is possible that these advertisements were inserted by them.

As a matter of fact, there has been no prince of the blood to arrive in this country recently on a wife hunting expedition, though a conversation heard in a down town restaurant may throw some light on the identity of the mysterious "prince" and "baron."

"Sol, wot d' yer t'ink or dem French hickes wot shaves do beans down ter Tony's?" inquired one waiter of another. "Dem parley voo mugs, I mean."

"Ah, dey make mo teut' aik," was the response.

"Wot dey been doin?"

"Dey put some print in do pape terday, advertizin demselves as noble guys lookin for wives, jest as dey said dey'd do. Hully chee, wot d' yer t'ink er dat?"

"Noble, mo eye! Dey better keeper shovin beef if they wanter keep offen de island, dat's wot I tink."

It may be possible that this does not explain the advertisements, but it is given for what it is worth.

THE OLYLPIC GAMES.

Different Stories as to Their Origin Among the Greek Tribes.

Each tribe wished for itself the credit of having established the festival which drew to Olympia the strength, beauty and intelligence of all Greece. Some claimed that Zeus established the festival to commemorate his success in the contest with Cronus for the sovereignty of heaven, a myth which seems to point to a Pelasgic origin of the games.

The Achæans coveted the honor for their hero Atreus, and Strabo for the Etolians. More widely credited was the belief that the games were established by the Cretan Hercules, who in play challenged his brothers to run a race, and to crown the victor with a branch of wild olive. To the interest of the Dorians was the myth of Apollo outrunning Hermes and Ares.

But such myths do not necessarily imply a remote antiquity for the events to which they give a poetic coloring. It is more to the point that Homer describes several of the contests represented afterward in the great national games, and that some of them may even be found in Egyptian wall paintings of the second and third millennium before Christ.—"The Old Olympic Games," by Professor Allan Marquand, in Century.

FOOLED ON HORSE MEAT.

Kansas Farmer Gives His Neighbors a Practical Argument.

The people of Stockton, Kan., had a practical test of the use of horse meat as food. For many years John Wells, a prominent stockman of that section, has believed that horse meat is as good as beef.

Two months ago a young horse on his place was crippled for life. He fattened it and last week secretly called a butcher to slaughter and dress it for him. On Saturday he published that he would give away beef for Sunday dinner. Many called and were supplied with roasts and steaks until the carcass was all gone.

The generosity of the man was unexampled in that section and was the subject of comment from the pulpit on Sunday, and after his friends had eaten of his bounty many of them called at his house and thanked him for the excellent beef he had given them.

Then he told them that it was horse, not steer, they had eaten and in proof of his statement exhibited the head, the hide and the tail and hoofs of the animal he had slaughtered. He deceived even his own family and shared with them the horse roast which had adorned the Sunday dinner.

Fatal Faith In a Medicine Man.

A report comes from western Oklahoma that the various bands of the Pawnee Indian tribe are encamped on Black Bear creek and engaged in the wild dances and revels of the annual medicine making.

Crazy Horse, one of the medicine men, made a medicine which he declared to be a protection from bullets when applied to the body. His brother volunteered to pose as a target after rubbing the mixture upon his body. He fell dead at the first shot with a bullet through his heart. Crazy Horse barely escaped lynching, and, a council of chiefs being held, it was decided to dispossess him of all his property, including herds of horses and cattle.—St. Louis Republic.

St. Paul's Musical Sidewalk.

Any frosty day—morning, noon or night—when passing the southwest corner of Summit and Floral avenues, gently rub the sole of your shoe against the pavement leading from the curb to the sidewalk proper, and you will produce a vibration, musical and clear as the notes produced by rubbing the wetted finger over a wineglass rim.

I've tried it again and again and got the music every time, literally making music with my feet.—St. Paul Dispatch.

His Soft Snap.

The Prince of Monaco has granted an additional concession to the gambling establishment in his little sovereignty for 50 years, on condition that his annuity is increased to $400,000. As the profits of the business are about $2,000,000 a year the annuity looks cheap enough.—Boston Herald.

On Dangerous Ground.

Mr. Edison has succeeded in looking into the human heart perfectly with the naked eye, it is said. Mr. Edison may get himself disliked if he is not careful.—Chicago Tribune.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR PRESERVES THE Natural Color of the Hair

DEWARE'S PILLS

"Complete Manhood AND How to Attain It."

A Wonderful New Medical Book, written for Men Only. One copy may be had free on application.

ERIE MEDICAL CO. BUFFALO, N. Y.

Tim

Why

Should a five-cent cigar, composed of inferior tobacco, smoke as well as Tim? *Good* Havana, *good* Sumatra, *good* workship combine to make Tim.

Timothy Gay & Co., Boston.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine. Safe, always reliable. Ladies ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Sold by all Local Druggists. Philada., Pa.

LOWELL Trunk Manufactory

P. F. DEVINE, Proprietor.

70-72 Middlesex St. Old Wooden Building

A. G. POLLARD & CO.

Merrimack, Palmer, and Middle Streets.

Basement Dept.

WRAPPERS

NEW PRINT WRAPPERS AT A BARGAIN

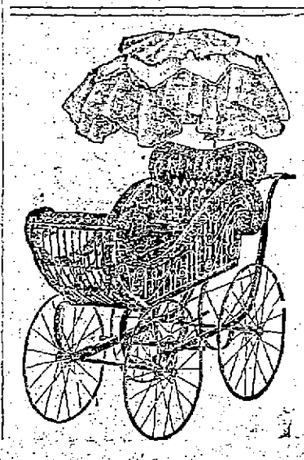
Just opened 60 dozen of new print wrappers in light colors, made to retail at 75c, but we want to run this lot off quickly so we have decided to sell them at

ONLY 49c. EACH.

We have all sizes well made of good print small figures and stripes, high sleeves and plait in the black and at such a low price it is needless for any woman to buy print and make a wrapper as it would cost her more than this, all ready made.

BASEMENT.

A. G. Pollard & Co.



HEYWOOD AND WAKEFIELD CARRIAGE

$3.98 TO $15.

Ask to see our $10 special.

ROBERTSON & CO.

CENTRAL STREET.

C. H. MOLLOY,

Undertaker and Funeral Director

Day and Night Calls Promptly Attended to.

No. 343 MARKET STREET

T. W. MOLLOY, Embalmer.

Telephone 598-3. Morgue connected with this establishment.

Manchester and Concord, N. H.

GENERAL

Express Forwarded

Successors to Post Gardner Express Co., J. E. ROBERTSON, Supt., Concord, N. H.

For Boston, New York and all connecting points South and West. Low rates and prompt service.

OFFICE..... 15 CENTRAL ST.

D. A. HILL, AGENT

Telephone 56-5.

Where is the Person

Man or woman, boy or girl, that does not like good, wholesome Bread? You may get along without many articles of food, but Bread you must always have, and when you stop and consider that the best costs no more than the poorest, why not get the best? You are always sure of the best in all kinds of Baking Supplies at

PETER WATSON'S

Bakeries, either at 52 to 60 Charles Street, or our new bakery, 465 Lawrence street.

Davis & Nickerson

TAILORS,

No. 9 CENTRAL STREET.

What Do You Think of This?

Mrs. Annie Higgins of No. Chelmsford

Cured of Dyspepsia of Over Seven Years' Standing.

This is what she says:—I have had dyspepsia for seven years and suffered terribly all the time. I have had those terrible dizzy headaches every morning, so you can imagine what I have gone through. I never felt well, and though I tried a great many preparations advertised to cure I received no benefit until finally my husband was persuaded to buy a bottle of Dr. Kingford's Red Clover and Sarsaparilla, which I tried and found benefit from the first bottle. I have now taken two bottles and feel fine, dyspepsia all gone, no more headaches, and I tell you I feel thankful and all I can say is, why did I not hear of this wonderful preparation beforehand thus have escaped these years of suffering. My husband works in the Hamilton Print works, and he and I will gladly answer all questions and recommend Dr. Kingford's preparation.

MRS. ANNIE HIGGINS, No. Chelmsford.

Dr. Kingford's Red Clover and Sarsaparilla sold for 75c a bottle at

GOODALE'S Drug Store

217 Central Street, FISKE'S BLOCK.

Boston and Maine Railroad

Winter Arrangement.

WESTERN DIVISION.

Corrected to October 20, 1895.

TRAINS LEAVE MIDDLESEX STREET DEPOT, LOWELL.

For Boston, at 6.00, 8.15, 9.25, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 12.45, 2.30, 3.20, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 4.15, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 8.26, 10.50 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Haverhill, 8.30, 9.25 a. m.; 12.05, 2.30, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10, 6.15, 7.00, 9.30 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.15 a. m., 12.05, 5.30, 7.25 p. m.

For Salem and Lynn, 2.00, 6.10 p. m.

For Newburyport and Amesbury, 12.05, 2.30, 4.05, 6.15 p. m.

For Exeter and Dover, 6.50, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 3.40, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Rochester and Alton Bay, 8.30 a. m.; 12.05, 4.05 p. m.

For Somersworth, N. H., Salmon Falls, Sanford and Portland, 6.50, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p.m.

For Augusta, Bath, Waterville, 8.30 a.m.; 12.05, 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For Lewiston, 8.30 a. m; 12.05, 4.05, 5.10 p. m.

For Bangor, Belfast, Skowhegan, Rockland, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. SUNDAYS, 5.30 p. m.

For St. John, N. B., Halifax, N. S., Montreal and Quebec, 8.30 a. m., 5.10 p. m. (5.10 does not run Saturdays); SUNDAY, 5.30 p. m.

For Eastport and St. John's (per steamer), on Mondays and Fridays at 12.05 p m.

For Cushing, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Bar Harbor, Jonesport and Machiasport (via stemer Frank Jones of Rockland), Tuesdays and Fridays at 5.10 p. m.

Southern Division.

On and After Oct. 20, 1895, Trains Leave Merrimack Street Depot, Lowell, as Follows:

For Boston, 5.45, 6.30, ¶6.50, ¶7.45, ¶8.50, ¶9.00, ¶9.40, 11.00 a. m.; 1.40, ¶3.00, 4.30, ¶5.33 p. m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m.

Trains Leave Middlesex Street Station, Lowell, as follows:

For Boston, 5.48, 6.34, ¶6.53, ¶7.01, ¶7.18, §¶7.27, ¶7.48, ¶8.37, 9.13, ¶9.50, 11.03, 11.45 a.m.; 12.18, 1.43, ¶3.03, ¶4.03, 4.33, 5.20, ¶5.30, 6.24, ¶7.02 p.m. SUNDAYS, §¶7.18, §¶7.27, 8.46, ¶9.16 a. m; ¶4.25, ¶5.08 p. m.

For Woburn, 6.30, ¶7.01, 7.45, 11.00 a.m.; 1.40, 4.30 p.m. SUNDAYS, 8.45 a. m., ¶4.25, ¶5.08 p.m.

¶Express. §Northern Depot Only. ‡Via Bedford.

For Lawrence, 6.30, 10.00 a. m; 3.15, 5.50 p. m

For Salem, and Way Stations, ¶7.38 a. m.; 1.25, 5.50 p. m.

☞Time given below is from Middlesex street station.

For Ayer Junction, and Way Stations, 7.15 a. m.; 12.00, 5.00 and 5.47 p. m. SUNDAYS 2.15 p. m.

For Amherst, Milford and Wilton, 9.14 a. m.; 1.00, 3.43, 6.42 p. m. SUNDAYS 2 p. m.

For Greenfield, Peterboro', Bennington, Hillsboro' and Keene, 9.14 a. m. and 3.43 p. m. SUNDAYS, to Greenfield, 2.00 p. m.

For Nashua, Manchester and Concord, 7.40 9.14 9.45 a.m; 12.11, 1.00, ‡ 42, 3.43, 5.42, 6.20, 8.13, 8.43 p.m. SUNDAYS 10.05 a. m. (to Nashua only) 3 a. m., 2.00, 6.02, 8.18, 8.43 p. m.

For Penacook, Franklin, Lebanon and White River Junction, 9.14, 9.45 a. m; 12.11, (‡.42 to Franklin and Bristol only), 5.42, ¶8.13 p. m.

For Warner, Bradford, Sunapee, Newport, (N. H.), Claremont and Claremont Junction—7.40 a. m; 1.42 p. m.

For St. Johnsbury and Lyndonville via Wells River—9.45 a.m; 1.42, ¶8.43 p. m.

For Montpelier, Montreal, Essex Junction, Burlington and St. Albans, via Central Vermont line—9.45 a. m.; 12.11, ¶8.13 p. m.

For Montreal and Quebec, via Montreal and Boston Air Line—9.45 a. m.; ¶8.43 p. m.

Quebec Express via White River Junction, 12.11, 8.13, a. m., daily except Sunday.

☞ ‡ Daily for Montreal.

D. J. FLANDERS, Gen. Passenger and Ticket Agent.

We are still doing business at the same old stand,

279 DUTTON STREET,

And anybody wishing to have piping, plumbing or steam work done in the best possible manner, just call on us and we will attend to it at short notice. We also keep

The Finest Line of Gas Fixtures

To be seen in this city. Prices always low at

D. H. WILSON'S

279 DUTTON STREET.

ROCHESTER

Also the R. B. Co's Food Beer.

BOCK

Also the R. B. Co's Food Beer.

AT

John M. Peveys,

NOS. 55—57 MIDDLE STREET.

IF YOU WANT A CASE

Of the Leading Brands of

LAGER, JONES' ALE, Or PORTER

TELEPHONE

J. H. RILEY,

Bottler, Nos. 96 and 102 Lakeview Avenue

Telephone Number 414.

NEW MUSIC HALL

W. H. BOODY, Manager.

THREE NIGHTS and Saturday Matinee, commencing Thursday, April 1,

THE QUADROON SENSATION CO.

Sweet Singers—30—Nimble Dancers

Repleto With Distinct Features.
The Gorgeous Quadroon Burlesque.
The Big Cake Walk.
Illustrated Songs of Sunny South.
Life on the Old Plantation.
10—Big Specialty Acts—10.
A Bevy of Quadroon Beauties.

Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday Evenings and Wednesday Matinee, April 6, 7, 8.

The Bright, Sparkling Musical Comedy,

HOBBIES,

By arrangement with Nat C. Goodwin. The company includes the well known comedian, Edd W. Emerson; the English barytone, M. Gittens Lonsdale; the Lowell favorite, Frank Edwards; Miss C. Blanche Rice; Lillian Burnham, Nilt, Thornton, Raymond and others. New songs and dances. Prices as usual.

SAVOY THEATRE

N. A. MORKILL, Manager.

TODAY AT 2.30. TONIGHT AT 8.00

Presented for the first time in Lowell the Kings of Musical Comedy.

Cunningham & Staley, in 20 minutes of music, comedy and screams. Murphy & McCoy, The Irish Ambassadors, in their funny creation, "Barnum in a Cyclone." Thomas J. Heffron, the World's greatest one-legged dancer. McLean & Hall, Novelty artists. Emery & Nodine, Late of the Emery Sisters, and the "Dazzler." Mayne & Nullion, Character Sketch Duo. William Roberts, America's Greatest Equilibrist. Minnie Cline, The rushing Serio-Comic. Miss Cline is the niece of the celebrated Maggie Cline.

NOTE CHANGE IN PRICES.

Evening: 10, 15, 25, 35c. Box seats 50c. Matinees: 10, 20, 25. Every seat reserved. Tickets may be secured 3 days in advance at theatre or at Leed's Ticket Agency, Rumsels Building. Entertainments daily at 2.30 and 8 p. m. Doors open at 1.45 and 7.15 p. m. Souvenirs for ladies at every Friday evening performance. Children admitted to all parts of the house at matinee for 10c. and presents will be given them every Saturday afternoon.

Wonderland Musee

AND PARLOR THEATRE.

Located on the Site of the Bijou Theatre, opposite City Hall.

The Ladies' and Children's Perfect Family Resort. The Birth of Supreme and Rare Features. Unequalled Elsewhere on Earth.

WEEK OF MARCH 30

In Our CURIO HALL: The World's Queen of Intrepidity, BETRA, and her Den of Monster Snakes.

The Most Wonderful Exhibition of Feminine Daring Ever Witnessed.

Prof. Frank Bubin, the Modern Master-Mind of Magic.

Arizona Jack, the King of the Rifle.

Queen Dona, the Peerless Sharp-shooter.

Thanna the Living Half-Lady; Washburn's Puppet Show; Dinna, the Fortunate Teller; the Shooting Gallery, Etc.

On the Stage in the Theatre.

Specially engaged for a series of endurance feats unlike any ever attempted by any human being living; using for the purpose a great glass aquarium containing 1000 gallons of water.

ENOCH, the Wonder of the World.

John B. Leonard, late of Leonard and Flynn.

Susie M. Fulton, of Comic Opera Fame.

Al. Tanner, Descriptive Character Vocalist.

Manuel Remnat, Instrumentalist.

Markham & Berry, eccentric Musical Comedians. Billie Moulton, Whistling Soloist; Phyllis Ruffell-Ordway, the "Vaudeville Pet." Julia Redmund, and Stock Company in a Laughable Farce Comedy.

The Best and Cleanest Vaudeville Establishment in the City.

Doors open at 1 and 6.30 p. m. Stage Performances commence at 2.30, 4, 8 and 9.30 p. m. Exhibition in Curio Hall one hour previous.

Admission 10 Cents.

EASTER SUGGESTIONS

NECKWEAR. New designs in dainty new fabrics, in all the various forms.

GLOVES. All the newest shades from the most popular makers.

HATS. Correct forms from all the greatest manufacturers. Satisfaction guaranteed.

ARTHUR J. CUMMISKEY,

69 Merrimack Street.

WET FEET

lead to Colds.
Colds develop into Pneumonia—the great harvester for Father Time!

Take a Dose Now and Then of

ROCK RYE and HONEY

THE GREAT FRENCH REMEDY

All first-class Druggists have it on sale.

3 Sizes. 3 Prices

ONE STANDARD GRADE.

ROCK, RYE AND HONEY

CURES.

CO TO CAVANAUGH & DISSAULT FOR Fine Custom Tailoring

42 CENTRAL STREET.

CHARLES H. FROST, 73 Central Street

Dealer in Watches, Diamonds, Jewelry, Musical Instruments, Violin, Guitar and Banjo Strings, Ammunition, Fire-arms, etc. Fine Watch repairing.

THE WEATHER.

ALMANAC FOR TUESDAY, MARCH 31.

SUN RISES..... 5 27 | MOON RISES .. 0 52 PM
SUN SETS..... 6 10 | HIGH WATER .. 12 30 AM
LENGTH OF DAY..12 43 | FULL SEA .. 1 00 PM

Forecast for New England—Generally fair, with diminishing cloudiness; warmer; southwesterly winds.

LOCAL NEWS.

The gentlemen's delight, Old Hundred.

T. C. Lee, fire insurance, Donovan bl'd.

M. J. Dumont left Sunday evening on a trip to Canada.

The Lowell Wall Paper Co.; all styles; all prices, 18 Church street.

Easter cards and Easter booklets at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets.

Remember that tomorrow will be April 1, and nearly everybody will be trying to play an April fool joke.

A pretty line of glass mounted pictures greatly reduced in prices can be found at Lawler's book store. Get one for Easter.

The dedication of the new Grace Universalist church will take place this evening. The exercises will commence at 7.30 o'clock.

Mrs. Joe V. Meigs of Myrtle street will give a five o'clock tea this afternoon in honor of Miss Edith Ames and Miss Hildreth Nesmith.

Peter Brunelle of this city has received a diploma from McGill college, Montreal, which permits him to practice medicine. Dr. Brunnelle's friends in this city will be pleased to learn of his success.

A select line of Episcopal and Catholic prayer books at Lawler's book store, 79 Merrimack and 15 John streets. Several new bindings will be found there especially adapted to the Easter season.

Cook, Taylor & Co., Central street, come to the front today with a special drive sale of nearly 75 doz. little children's, misses' and school girl's dresses. You will hardly be able to miss the adv. today. Easter kid gloves can be had at 61c., 79c., 98c., etc., upwards. Don't miss attending this sale.

Aurove Bauchemin Missing From Home.

Aurove Bauchemin is missing from the home of her parents, 23 Exeter street. She left home March 19 and nothing has been heard of her since. She is 13 years old and her parents are very much worried over her disappearance.

The "Old Sixth" Will Celebrate.

The thirty-fifth anniversary of the passing of the "Old Sixth" Massachusetts regiment through Baltimore (April 19, 1861) will be held in Groton, Mass., Monday, April 20.

The surviving members of the "Old Sixth" who reside in this city will attend the celebration.

'Tis Not the Alderman's Nephew.

Alderman Tryder is looking for the nephew who is reported to have been appointed janitor of a school. No doubt the alderman would not object to having a nephew and he would undoubtedly be pleased to see him janitor of a school. As yet, however, the alderman has not "scored" with Supt. Varnum and so it looks as though somebody is trying to joke at his expense.

Save a dollar from your wages and deposit in the Five Cent Savings Bank. Deposits begin to draw interest next Saturday.

IN CATHOLIC CHURCHES.

On Holy Thursday, Good Friday and Easter Saturday.

Tomorrow the church will commemorate the betrayal of Christ; the day is known as Spy Wednesday. The office of the tenebrae will commence in all the churches tomorrow evening.

Holy Thursday commemorates the institution of the Eucharistic sacrament and sacrifice, the night on which Christ partook of the "last supper" and was delivered over to the Jews. On this day all the churches are decorated with flowers, and the Blessed Sacrament is exposed, and the holy oils are blessed.

On Good Friday the church commemorates the Crucifixion, and this is a day of general mourning.

This is the only day in the year on which the sacrifice of the mass is not offered up.

An office of sorrow is read. The bells are not tolled or the organ used in the church from the Gloria on Thursday until the Gloria in the mass on Saturday morning.

On Easter Saturday the paschal candle and the holy water will be blessed.

On Wednesday, Thursday and Friday evenings sermons will be preached in all the churches.

BASE BALL.

"Billy" Gallagher the popular young ball player of this city, left this afternoon to join the Wilmington, Del., team of the Atlantic league.

The candidates for the High school base ball team will be ordered out for practice this week by Manager Murphy.

As good professional ball players are said to be scarce in the New England and other eastern leagues, it is probable that all the players in this city who are not yet under contract will find good positions when the season begins.

Offers are coming to Mike Mahoney thick and fast. Magnates want him to manage teams and managers want him as an umpire. Mr. Mahoney has received many fine offers, but as yet has considered none.

One of the quietest and most unassuming and yet one of the best ball players in this city is Dan Sweeney, formerly of the Nashville, Tenn., team, who leaves today for Rochester, N. Y. One never hears a word from Dan, while he always makes a big hit wherever he plays.

Fowler, the Bristol, N. H., pitcher, whom Mike Mahoney signed for Denny Long, broke his leg while practising a few days ago.

The many friends of Jack Donovan, the old Lowell catcher, who with "Roger" Connors, were once the crack battery of the town, will be pleased to hear that he is in town for a few days renewing old acquaintances. Some four or five years ago Jack went out to Elkhart, Ind., to play ball. He got "stuck" on the town and has lived there since. He is in great form and will be with a strong team this season in all probability.

Manager Watson of the Michigan state league has written to Mike Mahoney for players.

Teas.

Buy our high grade teas and coffees, they are the best. Dickson Bros., 68 Merrimack street.

Bowling, Billards, Pool.

Tournaments and prizes at Les Miserables, East Merrimack street.

Dr. Coburn DENTIST 81 MERK ST.

GRANITE STATE

Will Probably Declare Itself For Reed.

McKINLEY HAS MANY FRIENDS THERE.

A Great Republican Convention Held at Concord.

CONCORD, N. H., March 31.—There is a large number of delegates and prominent Republicans here in attendance at the state and Second congressional district conventions, Senators Chandler and Gallinger, Governor Busiel, G. A. Ramsdell of Nashua, who aspires to the nomination for governor, and many other notables being present.

In discussing the presidential candidates, the predominant sentiment favored Reed. The McKinley men are heard from frequently, however, and the strength disclosed for the Ohioan was a genuine surprise to many of the party leaders. Manchester delegates are especially enthusiastic for him. The name of Allison is also received with much favor.

A conference of delegates and members of the state committee was held at Phœnix hall. Senator Gallinger was loudly called for, and was given an enthusiastic reception. He spoke at length, his allusions to Reed, McKinley and Allison evoking hearty applause.

Hon. William E. Chandler of Concord presided over the convention today. S. S. Jewett of Laconia, Frank S. Streeter of Concord, Charles T. Means of Manchester and J. A. Wood of Acworth will probably be elected delegates-at-large. The delegates are to go unINSTRUCTED. It is understood that the state vote is a unit for Reed on the first ballot. After that some delegates will, it is said, go for McKinley and others for Allison.

Following is

Chairman Chandler's Address:

Republicans of the Convention—It is with no ordinary emotions that I am affected on this occasion. My whole active lifetime and the life of the Republican party have been coincident, and both, in this year 1896, have attained to a growth of 40 years. Up to the summer of 1856 there had been no Republican party organization in New Hampshire. The Democracy of the state had been broken down in 1855 by the American party, aided by the Whigs and Freesoilers. In the spring of 1856 the wave which had lifted to prominence the American party had somewhat receded, but by diminished majorities the state was carried in March by the same combination. The national convention at Philadelphia, on June 18, 1856, nominated John C. Fremont, and on June 19 the first organization of the Republican party in New Hampshire began at Depot hall in Concord, when Fremont club No. 1 was organized. Of the officers then chosen all are dead except those Freesoil veterans, Hon. Moses Humphrey and his honor Sylvester Dana, and myself.

The club voted to hold a grand ratification meeting on July 4. It was also voted "that all friends of liberty in this state be invited to form Fremont clubs in the several towns and to correspond with this club, and that all are invited to attend the meeting here on July 4." An adjourned meeting of the club was held on June 21, and the articles of association were adopted. A copy of these articles and the proceedings of the meeting are published in the New Hampshire Statesman of July 5, 1856, certified by me as secretary. Circulars were sent out from Fremont club No. 1 of Concord embodying copies of the constitution, and the work of forming Fremont clubs throughout the state went forward with great rapidity.

From these beginnings the Republican party organization of the state quickly took shape. All other party names were soon dropped and the party began its career of glory and honor. Fortunately are we that we have been permitted to take part in the great and glorious work which the Republican party has accomplished. Fortunate, also, are the young Republicans of today to whom we now commit the continuation of that work, because they may be inspired by the contemplation of the record of a political party, the grandeur of whose mission in behalf of human liberty and of the maintenance through war of the union of the United States of America has never been equalled by that of any other party organization ever known among men.

Consider for a moment this record of the Republican party. It was formed to prevent the extension by violence and fraud of the institution of human slavery into the free land of Kansas and the other territories of the Union. Its mission was successful, Kansas was saved to freedom, Democracy was overthrown and Abraham Lincoln made president. Then came the southern rebellion, and the Republican party became the party of the Union. Six thousand millions of dollars and 300,000 lives were expended.

When the contest was over, the Union was saved, slavery was abolished, the whole race of slaves was given the freemen's weapon of the ballot, and the victorious flag of the Union armies floated over a country everywhere and forever free. A long period of national power was before the Republican party. It had made Lincoln its leader and the emancipator of the slaves, and it made Grant and Garfield its soldiers and its presidents. Twenty-five years rolled around, and from the very lapse of time came reaction and reverses.

Under Democratic Rule.

In 1882 Cleveland was elected. He began an attack upon the protective tariff system under which the country had grown rich and prosperous. At once there came reaction the other way, and under the banner of protection Harrison was elected president. A new tariff bill was enacted which restored prosperity, yet, strangely enough, when the wealth of the country was greater and the wages of the wageearners were higher than had ever been the case before in this country or in any nation on the globe, a second reaction against the Republican party came to pass. Cleveland was again chosen president. What followed his election and inauguration? Let his own words, uttered on June 20, 1893, tell the story:

"The distrust and apprehension concerning the financial situation which pervade all business circles have already caused great loss and damage to our people, and threaten to cripple our merchants, stop the wheels of manufacture, bring distress and privation to our farmers, and withhold from our workingmen the wage of labor."

Nevertheless his administration madly pressed forward to make the conditions worse. The Wilson tariff bill of 1894 was passed. What is now the situation? Agriculture is prostrated; it is not profitable for the farmer to raise wool, yet the woolen mills are stopped because the markets are glutted by the outpourings from English woolen factories. President Harrison in four years reduced the national debt $268,537,636; President Cleveland in three years has increased the interest bearing bonded debt $262,032,245.

Therefore, the second reaction has set in against the men and the party that have done these things. In 1894 there was a Republican uprising which gave greater majorities against the Democracy than ever had been known since the organization of the Republican party, and today there is a settled determination in the minds of the American people to restore, in November of this year, the Republican party to more complete power in state and nation than it ever yet possessed; all this we hope and trust to be accomplished under the banner of our energetic, strong, positive and magnificent New England leader—Thomas B. Reed.

Looking now no longer to the past, but only before us to the future, to see what that has in store for us, we ask, what is our victory, when we accomplish it, to signify? First and foremost, I place proper recognition of the Union soldiers. It shall be made, so far as the Republican party can make it, the loftiest crown of renown for any man to wear—any sign of his service in the Union army against the slaveholders' rebellion.

Next, our victory will mean the reestablishment of protective duties. America is to be made by the Republican party again to prosper, a country of high wages, comfortable and happy homes, peaceful, intelligent and contented men, women and children—the bone and sinew of our beloved country. There is to be discrimination against foreign products and no discrimination among home products.

Our victory will also mean the settlement of the currency question. Precisely in what way it will be settled, I have no right positively to assert. This convention may utter its views; the national convention will lay down its platform; the president and congress to be elected will carry out the national principles.

For my own part I may be permitted to say that I am against the gold monometallism of President Cleveland, Secretary Carlisle and their faction of the Democratic party. I am also opposed to the other extreme, namely, the unlimited coinage at this time by the United States alone, of silver bullion, which would send gold to a premium and destroy that parity between the two metals to which the Republican party and the congress are solemnly pledged. I am in favor of that bimetallism to which all parties have been hitherto pledged, and to which the Republican party is especially pledged, and which means that silver shall be restored, at the proper ratio, to be the equal of gold for all purposes, to be with gold, upon the well-known system of bimetallism, the measure of the world's values.

Besides restoring prosperity at home, the coming Republican victory will give to the government a new foreign policy, based upon sound principles and upon considerations tending to the interest and honor of the nation. Under President Cleveland there has been vacillation from one extreme to another extreme very remote. Led by Blount of Georgia, the president determined and endeavored to restore the dusky queen of Hawaii to her lost throne in order that she might seize her subjects—Americans who had come to her island to make her people intelligent and prosperous—and put them to death by beheading them. On the other hand, under the lead of Olney of Massachusetts, the president nobly championed the cause of little Venezuela, defending her indisputable right to control the mouth of the great Orinoco river. Back again from this spasm of true Americanism he stands today as the obstacle to Cuban independence.

That kind of a foreign policy will come to an end March 4, 1897. Our next president and his congress will devote themselves, in all fitting ways and on all proper occasions, to aiding to maintain the safety and the happiness of the independent nations of the Western hemisphere outside our own borders.

Duties Before Republicans.

Two present duties are before us in this relation. Venezuela is in a contest with England in which we are bound to befriend the republic. This is a question whether or not, with no decent color of right, the mouth of the great Orinoco river—the key to all the commerce of Venezuela—shall be seized and controlled by the all-grasping, English-speaking nation of the Eastern hemisphere. Here is an opportunity which may not come again in half a century.

By a regard for the Monroe doctrine, which is a traditional principle of the American government, by a consideration, not so very remote, of what is due to our own safety and peace, and above all, by our just and reasonable duty to Venezuela herself, we are bound to espouse the proper cause of the little republic against the overgrown nation which threatens her, and to bind that republic, and all the other South American republics, to ourselves by ties of indissoluble obligation and gratitude.

Again, as to Cuba, what is our duty? We have waited 50 years for our opportunity properly and safely to aid in establishing Cuban independence. There lies the great island almost within sight of our coasts, in the hands of a European power, a perpetual menace to the United States. It has been for three-quarters of a century almost a universal American sentiment that whenever the right time came, we should see Cuba released from the cruel dominion of Spain. In 1873 Cuban independence would have been recognized had it not been for the pendency of our Alabama claims against England, which made General Grant and Secretary Fish act with conservatism.

Eighteen years more of misrule and oppression have brought on another insurrection. The whole island is in revolt, almost as one man; and Spain is resorting to atrocities forbidden by civilized warfare. We are not asked to do what I would gladly see done—to recognize and maintain the independence of Cuba; we are only asked to recognize Cuban belligerency, which, after a year of flagrant war, we are more entitled to do than Spain was to recognize the southern Confederacy early in 1861.

Upon that recognition by the United States all the other independent republics of Central and South America will also recognize belligerency, and the freedom of Cuba will be assured beyond the possibility of suppression. Now is the time and now the hour for action. The opportunity long waited for may not soon come again.

But it will be said to me and to others who feel like myself on this subject, that we are not acting coolly and with the restraint required by enlightened self-interest; that we are governed by sentiment merely, and a sentiment to which we ought not to give way. Yet I admit that in the case of Cuba we are not acting from a regard for self-interest only, but in accordance with the impulses of strong sentiment. Thank God, we are a nation of sentiment!

What is all we see about us of riches and grandeur in this country, worth to us or to our children if we are to live as a nation wholly according to the principles of selfishness, and are to turn a deaf ear to the Macedonian cry, "come over and help us," from the little republic of Venezuela, and pay no heed to the moans and groans of dying Cuban patriots?

What are the memories worth of the New Hampshire men of the Revolution and of the brave spirits that went out from us and gave their lives on the battlefield in the great pro-slavery rebellion if they do not teach us, now that we are the wealthiest and one of the most powerful nations on the globe, to be guided in our conduct at home and in our policies abroad, not merely by self interest, but as well by the highest and the holiest sentiments of which the human heart is capable, sympathy for the weak and the down-trodden and affection for the slaves and victims of oppression and wrong everywhere on the face of the globe, but especially when they cry to us from the near islands of our own seas and from the feeble republics of this western world.

Score of Murderers Interested.

GUTHRIE, O. T., March 31.—The supreme court yesterday refused to recognize Greer county, just added to Oklahoma by the United States supreme court, as a county, and attached it to Oklahoma county, 200 miles away, for judicial purposes. This leaves the new county as an organized territory, with 20 murderers applying for writs of habeas corpus. Great confusion must naturally result.

Sixty Walked Out.

WALTHAM, Mass., March 31. — Sixty weavers left their looms at the Boston Manufacturing company here yesterday because of the low price offered on a new line of mixed goods. The strikers appointed a committee to confer with the superintendent.

It Is Oliver Pinke's Body.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Conclusive proof has been adduced that the body of the man found in the box recently, sold for unclaimed freight, is that of Oliver Pinke of Stellacoom, Wash., and the murder mystery is in a fair way to being solved.

Arrested For Murder.

AKRON, O., March 31.—Anson B. Strong was arrested yesterday at Ravenna, charged with the murder of Mr. and Mrs. Alvin N. Stone at Tallmadge on Saturday night. The evidence on which the charge is based is largely circumstantial.

Cashier Allen Disappears.

BATH, N. Y., March 31.—W. W. Allen, who, until a couple of weeks ago, was cashier of the First National bank here, failed to appear on a court order relating to the Look estate of $35,000, of which he was executor, and of which but $5500 can be found by the heirs. Allen has not been seen here in several days, and circumstances indicate that he has left the country.

HE MAY RESIGN

Embassador Bayard Contemplates Leaving.

REPORT TO THAT EFFECT FROM WASHINGTON.

His Friends Will Give No Particulars.

WILMINGTON, Del., March 31.—There is a strong supposition here that Ambassador Bayard is contemplating resigning from his post. While his friends refuse to give any definite particulars, they hint that Mr. Bayard is dissatisfied with the action of congress, and also that the drain on his private purse necessary to keep up the dignity of his diplomatic position has reached such a point that he can no longer maintain it.

When Mr. Bayard took his family to England two years ago he rented his house at Clayton and Sycamore streets to Howard Pyle, the artist, and it was then generally understood that the lease was to extend to the time of Mr. Bayard's return to his residence here. In obedience to a notification received last week, Mr. Pyle is preparing to leave the premises, and certain local contractors have been ordered to at once begin the work of renovation and repair.

Schaefer Starts Out Well.

NEW YORK, March 31.—All the billiard players hereabouts were gathered last night at the Madison Square Concert hall to witness the opening of the tournament in which Frank Ives, Jake Schaefer and Albert Garnier are to contest for a purse of $5000, offered by Maurice Daly. The championship game for the past five years has been at 14 inches, but as Ives became so strong at this style Daly decided to equalize matters this year by making the game on 18-inch balk line. This being a new style to the players, the experts contesting are all on the same level. Schaefer won last night, rolling up 600 points to Garnier's 197.

Everhardt Whipped Leeds.

MASPETH, L. I., March 31.—Jack Everhardt and Horace Leeds, the lightweights who were to have been a feature of Dan Stuart's fistic carnival down south, met last night at the Empire Athletic club here. They were scheduled for a 25-round contest. Devotees of the ring came from all points of the country to see the sport. They crowded the arena till more than 3000 spectators were watching the contests. Everhardt was somewhat the favorite in the betting, although Leeds had lots of friends. Everhardt won the bout in the 15th round.

Bondholders Ready to Open Batteries.

MERIDEN, Conn., March 31.—At a meeting of the stockholders of the Meriden, Waterbury and Connecticut River Railroad company here, a demand was made by the bondholders for the interest on the $450,000 first mortgage bonds. No money was ready to pay the interest, and the bondholders will at once begin proceedings to foreclose. The bonds were issued in 1888, and are to run until 1925. They are now held by the New England road.

"General" Fitzgerald Locked Up.

LYNN, Mass., March 31.—"General" M. D. Fitzgerald of Coxey army fame is again in trouble. Last evening he was arrested in West Lynn, charged with being drunk and disorderly. The "general" persisted in expounding socialistic doctrines on the highway, to the evident discomfort of passers-by, after having been warned to desist by the officer, and, on his refusing, he was sent to the police station.

Gained Little by Striking.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The 500 lithographers in this city who struck for concessions seven weeks ago were yesterday told that they could return to work pending the decision of the committee on arbitration. It was said that little or no concessions had been gained by the strikers, many of whom are glad to return to work on the conditions complained of.

Grand Army Raised Objections.

CHELSEA, Mass., March 31.—The board of aldermen last night voted to request the school committee to remove from the public schools of this city Montgomery's History of the United States. Though the history has been extensively opposed by the Grand Army, it is thought the Chelsea government is the first to take a decisive action.

Three Boys Found a Body.

MANCHESTER, N. H., March 31.—Three boys made a ghastly discovery near the pine grove cemetery yesterday. They stopped at an old barn just north of the cemetery, on the Calif road, and found lying on the floor, rigid in death, the partly decomposed body of an old man. The body was but partially dressed, and the presumption is that death resulted from freezing. The body was that of Ludwick Grimm, a mysterious character, who lived in the woods. He had evidently been dead over a month. On the body was found considerable money and a ticket for Germany.

All Caused by a Bad Indian.

PERRY, O. T., March 31.—At Horse Shoe Bend schoolhouse a drunken Osage Indian rode his horse into the building during a dance. Several young ladies fainted, and were badly hurt in the stampede which followed. An all-round fight occurred when a half dozen young men attempted to eject the Indian, who sat on his horse in the center of the room. Four men and two women were hurt in the fray. The Indian was kicked and beaten into insensibility. One young lady was fatally hurt by the horse running over her.

No More Concessions.

CAPE TOWN, March 31.—Cecil Rhodes, in the course of a speech delivered at Umtali, said that he appreciated the difficulties that settlers had to face, but he knew that things would come right in 25 years. The company, in time past, he said, being pressed for money, had granted concessions, but no more would be granted.

Wholesome, pure and full of fruit. NONE SUCH MINCE MEAT is a luxury, but within the means of all. Accept no substitutes. Send name and address for booklet, "Mrs. Popkin's Thanksgiving." Merrell-Soule Co., Syracuse, N. Y.

AYER'S PILLS THE PILL THAT WILL CURE HEADACHE DYSPEPSIA CONSTIPATION

TELEGRAPHIC BRIEFS.

The Southmayd block at Middletown, Conn., was badly damaged by fire. Loss about $10,000.

A receiver for the property in New York of the Granite State Provident association has been appointed.

Five in the brick block 120-122 Fulton street, Boston, occupied as a rag storehouse, did $15,000 damage.

The Mexican government is said to regard any alliance with Spain against the United States as preposterous.

The Knights of Pythias of Massachusetts have decided to hold a state encampment during the summer, the date and place to be decided upon later.

Bids for building the new public library at Fall River, Mass., were opened yesterday. William L. Rutan of Boston was lowest, with a bid of $133,900.

Two large stock barns owned by the Ershaw estate in North Bridgeport, Conn., were destroyed by fire. Sixteen valuable cattle were burned. Loss, $10,000.

The nine Brown university juniors, who were recently suspended for "cribbing," have been restored to their classes, their sentences having been revoked.

The Smith, Wilson & Sears Paper company of Holyoke, Mass., will probably pay 50 cents on the dollar. The creditors have decided to take charge of the business.

The South Atlantic and Ohio railroad depot at Gare City, Va., was destroyed by lightning, and two women were drowned. The flood has done great damage to property.

The Maryland legislature, which has been in session at Annapolis for the past 90 days, and one branch of which was Republican for the first time in 30 years, has adjourned sine die.

At the boxing exhibition given by the Capitol Wheel club at Hartford, Stephen Mahoney of Boston, so-called 126-pound champion of New England, knocked out Young Kemp of New Jersey in the second round.

Miss F. Jennie Duty, formerly general secretary of the National Non-Partisan W. C. T. U., died at Cleveland. Miss Duty had been ailing for a year, as a result of a paralytic stroke. She was 45 years of age.

BOWLING NEWS.

The Spindle City Wheelmen defeated the Ippos last evening on the Olympic alleys. The score:

S. C. W.—Peabody 415, Harris 403, Stevens 456, Caldwell 479, Dorr 489; total 2247.

Ippos—Shepard 460, Hindle 302, Meiklejohn 363, Hodgman 434, Crosby 453; total 2124.

The Lowell Reform club scored a victory over the Burkes on Les Miserables alleys, last evening, by the following scores:

Reform club—Williams 449, Crouin 416, Davis 442, McGrail 499, Fullerton 525; total 2331.

B. T. L.—Wing 499, O'Hare 408, Winn 388, Fee 479, Flynn 397; total 2171.

The water board team was beaten by the Jamaicas last night on the Highland alleys, 2424 to 2287.

The Y.M.C.L.S., won a game from the Prescotts last evening, the totals being 2047 to 1965.

Lowell Cemetery Annual.

The adjourned meeting of the proprietors of the Lowell cemetery was held in the rooms of the Middlesex Trust company last evening, Pres. H. H. Wilder in the chair. Treasurer Knapp made a statement of the finances of the corporation for the information of lot owners. Four trustees elected for three-year terms were Francis Jewett, August Fels, Ethan A. Smith, Charles A. Stott. The bylaws were so amended as to make five instead of seven of the trustees a quorum. Other matters were referred to the trustees with authority.

The board of trustees also met for organization and H. H. Wilder was unanimously re-elected president; Charles L. Knapp, treasurer; and R. H. Mulno, superintendent.

Cloth From Georgia.

The first cut of cloth made by the Massachusetts mills in Georgia has been sent to Lowell, to be preserved as a curiosity, perhaps. It is export sheeting, and as good as anybody can make. It was woven last week by Mrs. Stackpole, wife of the well known Massachusetts overseer.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results, easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Young Men

Ask Your Dealer for the

"D. R. SPECIAL,"

The New Spring Derby.

All up to date. Retailers keep it. See that "D. R. Special is stamped on sweats.

$1.50, $2.00, $3.00

BUNKER HILL WRITING PAPER, 25c A POUND,

Envelopes to match. Crepe Tissue paper, all colors, 25c per roll. Pictures framed to order at lowest prices.

Merrimack House Block CAMBRIDGE, City Hall Square.

BAY STATE LEGISLATURE

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATION FOR CITY LABORERS.

House Rejected Bill to Prevent Women Doing Night Work in Printing Offices—Appropriations Cut Down.

BOSTON, March 31.—The senate ordered to a third reading the bill to apply civil service rules to the employment of city laborers in the state. The house rejected the bill to prevent women from doing night work in printing establishments. The bill to compel contractors on state work to employ their help but nine hours was defeated. The senate cut down the appropriation for the publication of the province laws on the understanding that some other arrangement is to be made for carrying on the work.

Commodore Liable to Forfeiture.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The treasury department has evidence tending to show that the steamship Commodore, which recently cleared from the port of Charleston with arms and ammunition, did not lose her cargo in a storm at sea, as reported by her captain, but landed it on the coast of Cuba. In case it is proven to be true, the vessel, it is said at the department, is liable to forfeiture to the government for violation of the navigation laws relating to clearance papers.

Concerning Hawaiian Cable.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Hawaiian Consul Wilder states that, under the treaty between Hawaii and the United States, the Hawaiian government can grant no concession, cede any territory or grant permission to any foreigner to land a cable without the permission of the United States. Any cable company securing permission from the United States would also have to secure permission from the Hawaiian government.

A Wife's Vengeance.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—As John Martin, driver of a patrol wagon, was sitting in his wagon in front of police headquarters yesterday, his wife came up behind him and shot him three times with a pistol. One bullet passed through Martin's body, and he will probably die. Mrs. Martin said that Martin had not been home for several nights, and had been drinking hard. She added she was tired of his neglect.

Thirteen Thousand May Go Out.

CHICAGO, March 31.—What may develop into a strike which will paralyze the building industry of this city for a long period was begun yesterday. So far only about 300 carpenters are out, but the trouble is expected to spread until every one of the 13,000 carpenters here will have ceased work. The trouble is about an eight-hour day agreement between bosses and carpenters.

Harvard TONIC PILLS

A Positive Cure For All Nervous and Kidney Diseases

EASTER OFFERINGS.

The approach of Easter compels you to think of new attire for spring. We've done a deal of thinking for you in advance and have ready for your inspection a matchless collection of new spring ideas in every department, up-to-date styles and up-to-date prices await your coming.

ELEGANT EASTER CLOTHING FOR GENTLEMEN.

We are the mighty in the clothing world because right makes might, and we are right in everything that pertains to clothing merchandise. Right in buying from the foremost makers. Right because the clothing we show is the best production of skilled artists, and last, but not least, our prices are right. If they are not lower than elsew here, your money back for the asking.

Business suits $5 to $18, right a style and right in price.

Dress Suits, $10 to $25, right in style and right in price.

Spring Overcoats, $5 to $20, right in style and right in price.

EASTER NOVELTIES for BOYS.
EASTER NECKWEAR.
EASTER HATS.

J. L. Chalifoux

Central and Middle Streets.

The Lowell Electric Light Corporation

LIGHT and POWER AT LOW RATES.

GEO. W. FIFIELD, President.
WM. A. INGHAM, Vice-President.
WM. H. BENT, Treasurer.
LUCIUS A. DERBY, Elec. Engineer.

Mr. Derby has recently become connected with the company, and is authorized to make contracts and adjustments connected with light or power.

Office, 42 Church Street. Telephone Call, 329.

Our Annual Opening OF Spring and Summer MILLINERY

Will take place Friday afternoon and evening, and Saturday, day and evening. Everybody invited.

ABBIE M. SMITH

175 MERRIMACK STREET.
Mrs. M. E. Dudley, Assistant.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder ABSOLUTELY PURE

TEST VOTE PROBABLE.

Senate Will Soon Tackle the Bond Issue Investigation.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The senate is to have a revival of financial and bond discussion as a result of an animated debate shortly before the session closed yesterday. Mr. Peffer's resolution for the appointment of a special committee of five senators to investigate recent bond issues had been relegated to the calendar, owing to the opposition of Mr. Hill, but it was reached in the regular order yesterday.

Mr. Hill sought to have the resolution go over, but he was met by energetic protests, not only from Mr. Peffer, but also from Mr. Wolcott and Mr. Teller. The latter gave notice that further delay would be resisted, and Mr. Peffer followed with notice that he would move to proceed with his bond inquiry resolution as soon as Mr. George concludes a speech on the Dupont case today. This promises to bring a test vote, unless dilatory tactics postpone the measure.

The house took up the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill, and disposed of 15 of the 100 pages before adjourning.

Who does your printing? THE SUN job print would do it well and save you money.

If You Have Taste You Can Find Color and Design IN OUR WALL HANGINGS TO EXPRESS IT. A. L. Kittredge & Co., 208 Central St.

Wages Increased.

Every person working for a living is always anxious for an increase of their Wages. The way to get it is to visit the Union Market where you will save enough on your weekly purchases to add ONE DOLLAR to your income. Don't forget this and give us a trial, you will be more satisfied.

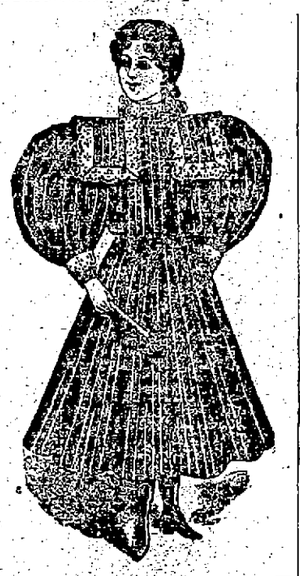
THE ONLY **Union Market,** Middlesex St. Foot of South

DON'T DELAY!

Easter Goods Are Now on Sale

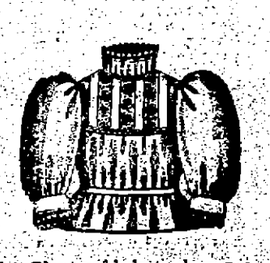
And Friday and Saturday may be as stormy as last Sunday was. Easter Kid Gloves, extra good quality, with 4 large buttons at 61c. Some ask 69c for one no better. For 77c a pair, we sell a fine quality, 5 Foster Hook. Also with large pearl buttons and 5 and 7 Foster Hooks, we offer you Kid Gloves, the best that the money will buy, 98c, $1.19, $1.39, etc. We are building up a large kid glove trade, simply because we keep no trash, but sell good gloves at from 10 to 25c a pair below all competitors.

New Beaded Dress Trimmings in black jet, spangle, and all fancy braids, pearl and all fancy colors. Also, Mourning goods, fancy braids, pearl and all other fancy buttons. Our prices are fully 25 per cent. below others, and every article shown is entirely new, as this is the first season that we have kept a full and complete stock. New dotted veilings, with butter colored lace edging, 5 different styles, at 19c a yard, worth 38c. Full line dotted mulene, double width, only 25c a yard. Dainty handkerchiefs from 12 1-2c to 50c each.



All the novelties in Lace Collars can be seen in this stock, at from 50c to $5 each. Special drive sale of Wash Dresses and Guimps. Today we show nearly 75 dozen New Things in Little Children's, Misses and School Girls' Ready-to-Wear Percale, Lawn and Gingham Dresses, ages 2 years to 14 years.

The highest in style, best in make and fit, and the lowest in price. The whole state does not equal us in this vast stock. Every lady that buys a child's dress of us today—above 50c.—will get a present of a nice doll FREE.



Extra good dresses from 25c to $2 each. Plenty of help to show you.

Cook, Taylor & Co.

BILLY SMITH WINS.

The "Mysterious" Defeats Billy Husbands Easily in London.

LONDON, March 31.—Pugilists Tracey and Williams fought here last night. Tracey, with both hands, landed on either side of his opponent's chin. Williams dropped flat on his back, and failed to rise. Tracey was proclaimed the winner in 35 seconds. Billy Smith of Boston defeated Billy Husbands of this city for £100.

Hammond Under $100,000 Bail.

PRETORIA, March 31.—J. H. Hammond, the American under trial here, has gone to Cape Town on account of his health, but his bail has been increased to $100,000. The other reform prisoners are under guard here.

Whisky Trust's Charter Lost.

CHICAGO, March 31.—The supreme court of Illinois has affirmed the decision of Judge Gibbons, declaring the American Distilling and Cattle Feeding company to be a trust and annulling its charter.

Allard Held For Perjury.

FALL RIVER, Mass., March 31.—Rev. Mr. Allard and his female companion were each sentenced to three months in the house of correction, and each was held in bonds of $2000 on charges of perjury, made by Judge McDonough from the bench.